

NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY  
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN

# THE JEWISH CRITERION

THE LEADING NATIONAL WEEKLY DEVOTED TO JEWISH INTERESTS

ONE-HALF  
MILLION

FOR THE  
PITTSBURGH



M W  
H H  
A A

BUILDING  
CAMPAIGN

October 4<sup>th</sup> to 12<sup>th</sup>

NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY  
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN

# SAMPLE SUIT SALE

*Four of New York's Big Manufacturers Have Just Released 250 of Their Finest Sample Suits and We Received Them In Time to Offer Them In This Famous Event For Monday . . .*

**T**HE SAMPLE SUITS we have been selling every day at \$38 are the talk of the city. And when we tell you that the 250 SUITS received for **MONDAY** selling are **FINER THAN ANY YET** displayed in this sale you will realize that you are offered an opportunity to buy a suit for \$38 unequalled in the past five or six years at that price.

# \$38



We Especially Invite the Fashionable Women of This City—Those Who Are Accustomed to Paying Exorbitant Prices in Specialty Shops For An Exclusive Suits—We Urge Them to Come Here Monday and See With Their Own Eyes Suits at \$38—Finer Than They Ever Dreamed Possible at Such a Price—

- |                        |                             |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| —Velour de Laine Suits | —Suits With Fur Collars     |
| —Suede Velour Suits    | —Suits With Borders of Fur  |
| —Fine Tricotine Suits  | —Handsome Embroid. Suits    |
| —Goldtone Suits        | —Richly Braided Suits       |
| —Smart Tweed Suits     | —Smart Plain Tailored Suits |

**SIZES!** Almost as many models as garments! If you cannot find your size in a sample suit (16, 18, 36 or 38) we will offer you choice of several hundred higher priced suits in all sizes (38, 40, 42, 44 and 46)—taken from regular stocks at the same sale price, \$38.

*Joseph L. Lurie*      *Joseph M. Lurie*

## Lurie-Haiman & Co.

303-305-307-309 Smithfield St.  
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED

# Monster Rally Planned for "Y" Drive

All eyes will be turned to Memorial Hall, Sunday evening, September 26, when the combined membership of the Pittsburgh Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. will gather for what is planned to be the most momentous meeting in the history of the "Y" movement in Pennsylvania. Fully two thousand young men and women and their friends are expected on this occasion to voice their determination to make a success of the drive for a half-million dollars for the contemplated "Y" building. Every member of both organizations is fully confident that the rank and file will, on this occasion, prove to the rest of the community that the old time enthusiasm and spirit which have been characteristic in "Y" activities, have not been diminished. Kaufmann's Band and orches-

trations will be turned to Memorial Hall, Sunday evening, September 26, when the combined membership of the Pittsburgh Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. will gather for what is planned to be the most momentous meeting in the history of the "Y" movement in Pennsylvania. Fully two thousand young men and women and their friends are expected on this occasion to voice their determination to make a success of the drive for a half-million dollars for the contemplated "Y" building. Every member of both organizations is fully confident that the rank and file will, on this occasion, prove to the rest of the community that the old time enthusiasm and spirit which have been characteristic in "Y" activities, have not been diminished. Kaufmann's Band and orches-

trations will be turned to Memorial Hall, Sunday evening, September 26, when the combined membership of the Pittsburgh Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. will gather for what is planned to be the most momentous meeting in the history of the "Y" movement in Pennsylvania. Fully two thousand young men and women and their friends are expected on this occasion to voice their determination to make a success of the drive for a half-million dollars for the contemplated "Y" building. Every member of both organizations is fully confident that the rank and file will, on this occasion, prove to the rest of the community that the old time enthusiasm and spirit which have been characteristic in "Y" activities, have not been diminished. Kaufmann's Band and orches-

trations will be turned to Memorial Hall, Sunday evening, September 26, when the combined membership of the Pittsburgh Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. will gather for what is planned to be the most momentous meeting in the history of the "Y" movement in Pennsylvania. Fully two thousand young men and women and their friends are expected on this occasion to voice their determination to make a success of the drive for a half-million dollars for the contemplated "Y" building. Every member of both organizations is fully confident that the rank and file will, on this occasion, prove to the rest of the community that the old time enthusiasm and spirit which have been characteristic in "Y" activities, have not been diminished. Kaufmann's Band and orches-

trations will be turned to Memorial Hall, Sunday evening, September 26, when the combined membership of the Pittsburgh Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. will gather for what is planned to be the most momentous meeting in the history of the "Y" movement in Pennsylvania. Fully two thousand young men and women and their friends are expected on this occasion to voice their determination to make a success of the drive for a half-million dollars for the contemplated "Y" building. Every member of both organizations is fully confident that the rank and file will, on this occasion, prove to the rest of the community that the old time enthusiasm and spirit which have been characteristic in "Y" activities, have not been diminished. Kaufmann's Band and orches-

trations will be turned to Memorial Hall, Sunday evening, September 26, when the combined membership of the Pittsburgh Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. will gather for what is planned to be the most momentous meeting in the history of the "Y" movement in Pennsylvania. Fully two thousand young men and women and their friends are expected on this occasion to voice their determination to make a success of the drive for a half-million dollars for the contemplated "Y" building. Every member of both organizations is fully confident that the rank and file will, on this occasion, prove to the rest of the community that the old time enthusiasm and spirit which have been characteristic in "Y" activities, have not been diminished. Kaufmann's Band and orches-

let's celebrate  
like this!  
Every body's comin'



The Y'S TRIUMPHANT HOUR HAS ARRIVED!



an' this!!



an' this!!!

tra have been procured for the function and Mrs. Rebecca Hepner will render several selections. Campaign chairman Mr. I. F. Lehman, President Aaron Olbum of the Y. M. H. A., President Sallie Mazer of the Y. W. H. A., Harry J. Applestein, Chairman of the Y. M. H. A. Teams, and Dr. S. H. Goldenson will speak. The committee has arranged to serve refreshments.

The rally on Sunday evening is the culmination of many previous parlor meetings, especially one very enthusiastic parlor meeting held last Sunday evening at the Fort Pitt Hotel. This gathering will really mark the keystone of the campaign, for the whole Jewish community, fully acquainted with the sincere idealism of the "Y" members, will undoubtedly reflect the spirit which is expected to result from the greatest rally in the history of Pittsburgh.

**"Y" Campaign Chairman Names Committees**

Mr. Irvin F. Lehman, chairman of Y. M. and Y. W. H. A. building fund campaign, has announced the committees which will direct the activities of the drive for a new "Y" building, to be conducted in Greater Pittsburgh during the week of October 4th, 1920. The personnel has been chosen from men and women who have been active in affairs of the Jewish community and from the membership of the Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. Associated with Mr. Lehman as officers are Mr. Maurice Falk and Louis Gordon, Jr., vice chairmen; J. Lewis Paley, secretary; Leon Wertheimer, treasurer; and Mr. Jacob Roth, associate treasurer. These men will plan the numerous details of the drive which will extend to every part of the city. Campaign chairman Lehman lays emphasis upon the cosmopolitan appeal of the new "Y" building with its tendency to include every phase of Jewish life in Pittsburgh and looks for the active participation of all fraternal, civic, religious, and communal organizations in the Pittsburgh Jewish community, all of which are being organized for the drive by Mr. L. S. Levin. Following are the members of the finance

committee, which have drawn the plans for the solicitation of funds: Marcus Aaron, Aaron Cohen, Charles Dreifus, Leon Falk, L. B. Foster, I. W. Frank, Edgar J. Kaufmann, Theodore Kaufmann, W. B. Klee, A. C. Lehman, Marcus Rauh, Sol Rosenbloom, Max Rothschild, I. Seder, Max Solomon, A. J. Sunstein. To spread the purposes and aims of the "Y" movement throughout that portion of the city, not yet fully acquainted with them, a special committee of men's teams has been appointed, of which A. C. Lehman is chairman and Aaron Cohen is vice chairman. Mrs. Theodore Kaufmann is the chairman of the special women's teams, Miss Diana Igel, is vice chairman, and Miss Sallie Mazer, president of the Y. W. H. A.,

is in charge of the district canvass in the city limits. Mrs. A. H. Vixman is looking after special cards and groups. The ground work used in the various War Drives will serve as the skeleton of organization during the active hunt for funds. Mr. Peter Glick, chairman of the committee which is conducting the canvass in the boroughs and outlying districts, is assisted by Mr. Leo Foster and Mr. Jacob I. Simon. As the result of the splendid support of the Pittsburgh Rabbis and religious leaders, one of the most spirited branches of the work has been initiated in the synagogues through a committee directed by Mr. Louis Gordon, Jr. Appeals for co-operation were made during the Rosh-Hashanna and Yom-Kippur observances in all synagogues, while leaflets in English and in Hebrew, announcing the drive and urging the assistance of all citizens were given wide distribution. Quite a new idea in community drives has been formulated by the committee on meetings, the chairman of which is State President I. A. Bernstein. This consists of parlor meetings held in homes and convenient centers throughout the city where plans are made for boosting the drive in the particular section affected. Jacob Seligsahn, who is chairman of speakers bureau, will be grateful for volunteers.

publicly appointed to introduce an appeal for funds in the Sabbath Schools of Allegheny County. Miss Helen Rauh is in charge of the information bureau at headquarters. The balance of the committee will be announced next week and with so thorough an organization it is hoped that the erection of the "Y" building is assured.


**Widespread Plans for Publicity in "Y" Drive**

Mr. Charles H. Joseph, director of publicity for the half million dollar building fund drive, for a new "Y" building, is determined to surpass any previous attempt to spread education and propaganda among the people of Pittsburgh. Mr. Joseph is assisted by Leo Robbins, B. Lencher and I. A. Melnick, and has joined his activities with that of Mr. Leo Lehman, advertising director for the campaign. Hundreds of leaflets, written in English and in Hebrew, have already been distributed, and thousands of pamphlets will be spread broadcast among the various centers of communal life in Pittsburgh. Throughout the drive, window cards and posters, bearing the emblem of the combined "Y's", will appear throughout the city. Every moving picture theater will flash slides advertising the campaign and billboards at advan-

**ANNUAL MEETING AT HEBREW INSTITUTE**

To the casual disinterested observer the attendance at the annual meeting of members of the Hebrew Institute Sunday night might have been satisfactory, but to the men and women who believe that the Hebrew school of learning is one of the most successful achievements of their life, the presence of that capacity representative crowd reflected sincere, genuine optimism, satisfaction and hope, and was an undisputed, definite proof that their efforts of the past decade have not been in vain. Enthusiasm, not forced by talented emotional orators, but rooted in the pure thought that they helped in the construction and are assisting in the maintenance of the beautiful building, was apparent throughout that gathering of Jewish folk. That assemblage wanted the world to know that they stood between ancient Judaism and its complete extermination; that they believed in perpetuating the superhuman wisdom of the Jewish prophets of old, and that its application to present-day problems, and as a part of Jewish progress, was an absolute granted necessity. These facts, in substance, compose the basic results of the annual meeting Sunday night, aside from the more material achievements. And they are admittedly what the exponents of the study of Hebrew principally desire, for when the Jews of today are once interested in their message, their higher fundamental ambition will be effectively realized.

Meetings of the kind have been held before. Some were meant to help an orphan tot; others were to benefit the unfortunate aged, and still others expounded the need of assisting the sick and dying, and even dead. Sunday



**The Red Seal Motor**

Authorized Distributors of

## CONTINENTAL MOTOR PARTS

*Borg and Beck Clutch Parts*  
*Oakes Cooling Fans and Parts*

### SUPERIOR MOTOR PARTS CO.

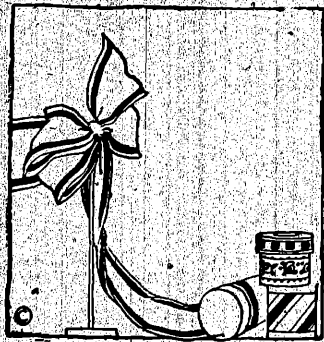
5904 Penn Avenue (near Beatty St.)      Hiland 4636

PITTSBURGH, PA.

If you drive a Continental Motored car, and thru accident or any other cause need new parts, you can easily secure the genuine parts made by the Continental Motors Corp. for Continental Red Seal Motors.

We carry a complete stock of genuine Continental parts and your garage or repairman can get immediate service by calling or telephoning us.

B&B



**RIBBONS**  
for your every need

*Fashion has certainly continued to smile on ribbon trims—and why not—can you think of any trimming that is more truly feminine than ribbon? A dress or blouse may be severely tailored or quite simple—add the ribbon touch—a gay bit of ribbon at the neck or cuff or waist—how it boosts up the dullness of ordinary winter clothing.*

—the ribbon department at this store is able to satisfy your every need. Ribbon of quality reasonable—that is the aim. The manufacturer's most recent offerings in novelty and fashionable ribbon—a complete line of staple goods—all colors—widths and qualities as well as imports from both Paris and the Orient—these embrace the large stocks.

—when you visit the ribbon section take note of the ribbon novelties that are offered to show you the hundreds of beautiful gifts that may be made of ribbon. Get your ideas for Christmas, etc.

Ribbon Priced 25c to \$12.50 the yard

**Boggs & Buhl**

**Give Them all the Milk They'll Drink**

Children need plenty of pure, fresh, clean milk with their meals and in-between-times. No other article of food can take its place in supplying the nutriment required to promote health and sturdy growth.

But, be sure its pure and safe—

**Rieck-McJunkin Milk**

You can give this delicious nourishing milk to the youngest member of your family with perfect safety—secure in the knowledge that it is of absolute dependable quality—pure, clean, wholesome. For we make it our business to get good milk in the first place and in the second place, we make it our business to keep it good until it reaches your home.

There's Health In Every Drop

**RIECK-McJUNKIN DAIRY CO.**

RIECK PLANT  
Forker and Stinson  
Bell, Grant 2900  
P. & A. Main 2900

{Phones}

McJUNKIN PLANT  
3091 Liberty Avenue  
Bell, Grant 4452  
P. & A. Lawrence 11

night's meeting was meant to offer the Jewish children of today the opportunity to study the precious prophetic words of Isaiah and Jeremiah, to revive in Jewish breasts the love and admiration of the great founders of their faith, to learn and seek the beauty of Hebraic ideals and thought, to give them courage to withstand the enemies of God's chosen people, and lastly to abide by these unequalled expressions in their every-day life, so as to be ever a source of pride for their race, and an example of righteousness and truth to all mankind. What philanthropic endeavor reaches a higher plane of worthiness, and merits greater assistance than this—the rescue of Judaism itself from the brink of everlasting death?

All this, in brief addresses, Rabbis A. M. Ashinsky, B. L. Lichter and M. M. Mazure stressed in no uncertain terms. Marcus Aaron, vice president of the Pittsburgh Board of Public Education, also spoke. Maurice L. Avner president, and Peter Glick introduced the chairman. President Sol. Rosenbloom, Prof. Israel A. Abrams, principal, Mrs. Sol. Rosenbloom of the Ladies' Auxiliary, and Auditor Marcus Newman presented their respective reports. The auditor's report covered the financial end of the Institute from 1911 to the present day. According to his statement, the income during 1919, including Max Solomon's endowment contribution was \$70,000. Disbursements totalled \$72,274.00. It was announced that L. B. Foster and brothers had opened an endowment fund in memory of their father, Aaron I. Foster.

The following ten directors were elected to the board: L. B. Foster, Edwin Rauh, Dillinger Livingston, Louis Gordon, Jr., Charles Davis, Charles Levin, Harry Mottsmann, Frank Weinstein, Rudolph Solomon and Joseph Bennett.

Pupils of the school presented a musical program in connection with the meeting, and a memorial service in memory of Louis I. Aaron and his wife, Mina Lippman Aaron, was held.

A touching oration replete with praise for the Institute and the purpose for which it stands was delivered in Hebrew by Yetta Chotiner, a pupil of the advanced class in the school, at the annual meeting. Rounds of applause greeted the close of the address, which is printed here for the edification of those who unfortunately could not be present at the meeting. It follows:

Greetings to the Audience at the Hebrew Institute Annual Meeting, by Yetta Chotiner, a Pupil of the Most Advanced Class in the School

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In the name of my comrades, I am here to greet you and wish you success in the good work which you have undertaken. As one of the pupils who has been attending the school for the past two years, I take the liberty to state to you in a few words what I have accomplished. I hope that this will be sufficient for you to realize that your efforts were not in vain.

During the two years I have acquired a fair understanding of the Hebrew language. Although I am aware of the fact that it is only the beginning, I feel happy to be able to understand what I read. Above all I have learned to love my people, its Torah, and its Prophets. In these days of universal strife when many of our young men have shed their blood on the battlefield; in these dreadful days when famine threatens thousands of our people and their sufferings are so great that when I read the words of the Prophets, I begin to appreciate their greatness and their value. I am proud to know that I am a daughter of the people who have given Prophets to the world; the Prophets who stood for justice and righteousness and raised their voice in behalf of the

widow and orphan; the Prophets who preached universal peace when brother will cease to fight brother and nations will break their swords into plows and their spears into pruning knives. About three thousand years have passed since these prophecies were proclaimed to the world, yet the world did not reach that stage of civilization. But the words of the Prophets will triumph and the time will come when the whole world will recognize these truths.

You are engaged in this great work of promoting the knowledge of our Torah, the teachings of the Prophets, and you are providing the opportunity for us to study our people in all periods of their history, both in their own land and in Diaspora. I hope that in time the school will graduate boys and girls who will have received a thorough Hebrew training, young men and women who will be proud of their people and who will contribute their share to Judaism. Half of the way has already been reached and with your help we may easily reach the other half.

Contributors to the Scholarship Fund of the Hebrew Institute are as follows:

L. B. Foster, Charles I. Aaron, Walter Rosenbaum, Jacob Roth, Meyer Jonasson, Leon Falk, Morris Falk, Kahn Bros., I. P. Lehman, D. Livingston, I. W. Frank, Israel Simon, Aaron Cohen, M. Landay, A. L. Rauh, Marcus Rauh, A. J. Sunstein, Nathan Spear, Bennie Neiman, Edgar Kaufmann, Wm. Klee, J. A. Williams, A. C. Stein, Hugo Seidenberg, Oscar Oppenheimer, Alfred Oppenheimer, L. A. Green, Lou Behr, I. Seder, Robert Lewin, Stanley Kann, Edgar Lewin, W. K. Frank, Isaac Kaufmann, Peter Glick, Theodore Kaufmann, Max Rothschild, Jesse Bamberger, Isaac Weinstein, Louis Gordon, Dr. J. Wolf, Abe DeRoy, Henry Bash, Abe Goldbloom, Lester Aaron, Fannie Aaron, M. Smit, Sam Landau, Wm. Wimmer, Louis Friedberg, Mona Lesser, Louis Caplan, Dr. I. K. Sines, M. Landau & Sons, Rudolph Half, Horn & Freed, Abels & Ress, Oscar Simon, J. Stamlin, George Wolk, N. Ravich, Simon Berkman, D. Rosenthal, M. Osseroff, Sam'l Osgood, Herman Kamlin, A. Ladinsky, Yen F. Busley, Joseph D. Mazur, Charles Sacks, Hymann Goldenson, Louis Joseph, Chester Lehman, W. L. Kann, Morris Robbins, Henry Hirsch, S. S. Neumann, Simon Perelstein, Hugo Lewin, D. L. Wilkoff, Joseph Reich, Dr. E. Mayer, C. Teplitz, Max Perlman, Sam Reichbloom, Gootin & Shapiro, I. Jackson, Leon M. Levi, A. J. Wertheimer, Dr. Sam'l Goldenson, Joseph Rubin, Lee Bachman, Dr. N. A. Fisher, Louis DeRoy, Meyer N. Jacobs, Harry Miller, Morris Spear, J. H. Frank, Lee Lehman, H. London, Robert Zugsmith, Sam Galling, M. Fisher, Edwin Zugsmith, Sam J. Hovovitz, M. J. Kornblum, Louis J. Marks, Max Azen, A. Weil, M. K. Frank, A. Goldberg, A. L. Marks, Wm. Richter, Wm. Freedland, S. Goldin, Morris Kingsbacher, R. Balter, W. Goldbloom, Nettie Freedman, E. N. Finkelhor, Mrs. Sol. Rosenbloom, Frank Caplan, H. Miller & Sons, Ralph Morgentern, Morris Einstein, C. Reizenstein, Abe I. DeRoy, R. J. DeRoy, S. S. Klein, Hattie Hamburger, Charles Davis, Ben Krauss, Sam Weinhaus, Edward Frohman, Allan Davis, Dr. S. Blumberg, Barney Dreyfus, Philip Stein, David Grossman, Finkelhor, Setrin, Schulberg & Bart, Max Friedberg, Max Zeff, A. M. Hauer, Seder Bros., Gordon & Landay, A. Hamburger, B. Raphael, Heller & Perlin, J. Neumann, A. A. Wolk, Sam En-

**DAVIDSON & KLING CO.**

Manufacturing  
Prescription  
Opticians

JENKINS ARCADE  
SEVENTH FLOOR

Opposite Elevator

Phone Smithfield 297 Pittsburgh, Pa.

## THE JEWISH CRITERION

gelman, Philip Ginsburg, Jacob Bibro, J. Winters, A. Huben, J. Gelder, Lieberman, Roman DeLynn, A. M. Hart, M. A. Berman, Simon Davis, S. Kingabacher, E. Davis, E. Kaun, Finkler & Deainger, Tauber Bros., H. Steinberg, Escoviz, Bros., Nathan G. Bazran, Wm. Levy, A. H. Vitman, Louis Beigel, N. Ostrow, Adolph Beigel, Louis Goldsmith, S. Lowenstein, S. Mallin, B. White, Leon Wertheimer, B. Strauburger, A. M. Simon, Maurice M. Landau, Louis Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Cohen, Simon Berelstine, A. Goldberg, H. Balter, S. Wolf.

### ADDRESS AT ANNUAL MEETING OF HEBREW INSTITUTE

By Marcus Aaron

The educational world may be divided roughly into two classes of thinkers. The one see value only in the practical and the material and declaim against the inclusion in the curriculum of the classics, of the study of Latin and Greek and the so-called cultural branches; while the other, unmoved by the clamor for the immediately useful and strong in the belief that where there is no vision, the people perish, lay great emphasis upon the enrichment of mind and the spiritual breadth that come from intimate contact with the great men of past ages, who spoke in tongue and language now dead.

And so, too, among us, when this institution was first talked of, there were those—and they were the vast majority—who could see no virtue in the establishment of a school for the teaching of Hebrew. "Why take the time of the child for the study of a language which, in this country at least, is dead beyond resurrection? Why not let the children study the English branches?" they asked of those to whom the vision first came of the Institute and its possibilities—as though it had ever been the intention of the founders of this institution to substitute Hebrew for English learning. They were speaking—they thought—in behalf of Americanism; but they did not understand what America means. It is only an enemy of this country who would not preserve the noble hereditary strains that enrich the blood of every inhabitant. We, each of us—Jew and non-Jew alike—have inherited something that is particularly and peculiarly ours because of the life, the religion and the traditions of our ancestors. It is our business to see that that something is preserved. The particular something that we Jews must preserve—the thing that distinguishes us from our fellow-Americans of other faiths—is our religion. If we are to be true Americans, we must know and we must live that religion. That has been our particular contribution to the world, and we can best serve our country by making available for every Jewish boy and girl through the medium of the literature with which that religion is inseparably connected, that rich store-house of learning, so full of precept and example, which contains the imperishable record of the experience of his people. To a very large part of this store-house the Hebrew language is the key. True, much of it may be had in satisfactory translations; but how much more likely is it to grow into the consciousness of the student who is familiar with the speech and language in which the thought was originally clothed. For Hebrew is not a dead tongue. "No language is dead which perfectly conveys thoughts that are alive and are as full of energy now as they ever were. An idea or a feeling grandly expressed lives forever, and gives immortality to the words that enshrine it." "All literature that has lasted has this claim upon us—that it is not dead; but we cannot be quite so sure of any as we are of the ancient literature that still lives, because none has lived so long."

It was in recognition of this claim which the sacred language of our fathers has upon us that Rabbi Ashinsky and those associated with him in the founding of this institution sought to create a school in which our ancient and holy tongue might be taught amid modern conditions and with modern methods. They had no idea of establishing a parochial school. The school seemed parochial only to those whose loose thinking confounded intensive instruction outside of school hours with separate day-schools in which the pupils would be segregated from the other children of the community. The men who founded this institution were earnestly solicitous for the welfare of the public schools and for their place in the economy of our daily life. They aimed to strengthen them by sending to them pupils with religion and character developed.

Religious teaching has—very properly—been excluded from the public schools. That does not mean that the public has no interest in the religious training of the children of the community. It means simply that this very necessary activity has been left to the home and to the various religious groups. The home does not always make good, and the Church—including the Synagogue—has generally fallen down in its task. The unchurched and the unsynagogued have fallen entirely by the wayside. The short time each week that the Church and the Synagogue have been able to give to religious instruction has been, and is, necessarily insufficient. The Catholic Church has done its job more thoroughly; but it has done it through its parochial schools—a means which we would not care to employ. In my own congregation—the leader among the Jewish Reform Congregations in the country—those in authority feel that however excellent the work may be that is accomplished, it might be improved tenfold if we had the children more frequently for more intensive work. And we who are active in the work of the public schools have come to realize that some agency or agencies for the development of character—call it religion, or whatever you like—must be found for co-operation with the school.

I am sure that the way will some day be found for some co-operation between State and Church and Synagogue that will make for morality, clean living and clean thinking in the youth of the nation without in any way violating the spirit of our institutions that properly insists on the separation of Church and State. But meanwhile I know of no section of the community where the situation is so thoroughly met as right here in this Institute. You are directly supplementing the work of the public schools and are furnishing an example in religious training that may well be emulated generally. You have the co-operation of the parents who see to it that enough time is given to you so that your work is not done in loose, haphazard fashion. Happily the larger Jewish community has now recognized with financial assistance the value of your contribution to its life; and fortunately it has recognized it with support so generous as to enable Mr. Abrams hereafter to devote all his time to the work in which he is an enthusiastic, capable, and efficient master.

That the work here done will stand the test of time I have no doubt, and that as a result of the training here given a body of men and women will be developed with noble character and high ideals—to the glory of the Institute and the enrichment of the life of the community and as living witnesses to the foresight of those to whom the vision first came.

# Willys

## Keep the Motor Running and Stop Running Up Bills

At the end of 2,000 or 3,000 miles, is your motor exhausted or refreshed? Run down or tuned up? Eager for the Repair Shop or road? All in or all ready?

The principal involved in the design of the *Willys* KNIGHT motor is so mechanically perfect that very little principal is involved in its maintenance.

## PAINTER-DUNN COMPANY

Center and Millvale Avenues, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Bell Telephone 3290 Schenley  
P. & A. Telephone 140 Park

## SAUL CANTOR

Smoked and Wholesale Dealer of  
Smoked and Fresh Fish

1500 CENTRE AVENUE

We receive fish daily in car load lots shipped direct from the lake, after which it is smoked by our own process, under the most sanitary conditions.

It is worth while climbing the hill to purchase your fish when you are assured that it is FRESH and of the BEST quality.

Our long list of steady patrons is our recommendation.

Among the stores who handle our line are the following:

LOGAN ST.	CENTRE AVE.	WYLIE AVE.
A. Reichbaum	H. C. Davidson	M. Podolsky
A. Minsky	Peter Young	J. Rivkees
I. Ruben	G. Katz	
Adler & Epelberg		EAST END
Mrs. Miller		Benj. Lefkolsky
	FIFTH AVENUE	
	Hymen Steinberg	

Telephone Orders Given Prompt and Careful Attention  
Phones: Bell, Grant 9051; P. & A. Main 726

HERZL ZIONIST LEAGUE

A highly interesting and varied program has been arranged by the literary committee of the Herzl Zionist League for the meeting of the organization on Sunday evening, September 26th. The literary part of the program will bear a holiday aspect, and will be appropriate for the Succoth festival, which commences that evening. The features thus far decided upon include: the rendering of several Jewish national airs on the piano, a violin solo, a recitation and reading on some subject related to Succoth and Zionism, and a talk on the present-day significance of the Succoth festival. The retiring president of the organization, Isidor Epstein, is also expected to address a few remarks on some topic of Jewish national interest. As a dessert to the literary numbers of the evening, refreshments will be served. In view of the promising program, a record-breaking attendance is anticipated for that evening.

Installation of the officers elected on Sunday, September 5, took place at last Sunday's meeting. Before handing over the duties of office to the new president, Isidor Epstein, the retiring chairman, delivered an impressive talk, in which he summarized the activities of the Herzl League during his tenure of office. He voiced the opinion that the administration going out of office deserves no thanks for what it had achieved on behalf of the League, and the cause of Zionism, and that they had merely done their duty to the best of their ability. He also took occasion to express his heartfelt thanks to all the members for their staunch co-operation with the officers in furthering the progress and welfare of the organization. A resume of the social activities of the season was rendered by the chairman of the social committee, Miss Tillie Udman, who at-

tributed the thorough success of the lawn fete, picnic, and other social events, to the eager response of the membership to all calls for support. Brief reports were also made by the treasurer and a few of the other officers.

Joseph Levitt, president-elect of the Herzl League, in his "maiden speech" in that capacity before the organization, outlined the scope of activities and policies contemplated by the new administration. Reduction as far as possible of routine business procedure by the organization, extension of literary and social activities, and closer co-operation with the Pittsburgh Zionist District, were among the policies proposed by the speaker. The attainment of a politically secured and legally established Jewish homeland in Palestine, was given as the essence of the aims of the organization by Mr. Levitt. The following committees were named by the new president to carry on the executive work of the organization in harmony with the officers: Membership committee, Benjamin Rosenberg, Jacob Ashkevitz, Herman Shapiro, Rose Shechter, and Isidor Epstein, chairman; Literary committee, Leonard Sobol, Tillie Udman, Rose Ginsburg, Samuel Solomon, and Julian Stein, chairman; Social committee, Samuel Reiner, Osdar Rabinovitz, Julius Goldstock, Anna Sunshine, Frieda Rabinovitz, Ida Keller, and Joseph Shaffer, chairman. Samuel Solomon and Julian Stein were elected as representatives of the Herzl League on the Pittsburgh District Board.

The meeting next Sunday, as well as all future meetings, will commence promptly at 8:30, and end no later than 11 o'clock.

Julian J. Stein,  
Publicity Director.

**The Pittsburgh Dry Goods  
Company**  
PITTSBURGH

*Dependable Merchandise  
Unexcelled Service*

*Wholesale Exclusively*

**FACTORIES**  
**NEW KENSINGTON and LATROBE**  
**PENNSYLVANIA**

**McKenna Brass and  
Manufacturing Company, Inc.**

PITTSBURGH, PA.



Brass Foundry  
Jobbers in  
Brass and  
Copper  
Rod  
Sheet  
Tubing  
Pipe  
Etc.

Window Display  
Fixtures and  
Costume Forms

First Avenue and  
Ross Street  
Telephone Court 637  
Salesman will call

Manufacturers  
Brass Railings  
Hand Elevators  
Special Parts  
and  
Appliances  
to order



**BEAUTIFUL  
BASKETS**

*of*  
**Artificial Flowers**

For Re-sale and Decorative  
Purposes

\$1.00—\$1.25—\$1.50

**The McCallum Company**

137 Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Felix Haff & Brother**

Wholesale Distributors

**Furniture, Rugs, Carpets, Linoleum,  
Refrigerators and Baby Carriages.**

Century Building, 130 Seventh Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Special Rug Sale Now On**

A Good Assortment of Patterns in All Grades

It will be to your advantage to visit our Show Rooms.

# THE TENT OF ISRAEL

## A SUCCOTH STORY

BY ELMA EHRLICH LEVINGER

(Copyright, 1920, by Elma Ehrlich Levinger. All rights reserved.)

He had come home from a foreign prison camp and for a moment the returned soldier imagined that he was still sleeping beside the road and dreaming dreams of his boyhood. More than once during the autumns of those endless centuries of war, he had allowed himself for a little space to picture the place of his birth and the simple, lovely festivals of the fall seasons. Oftenest of all he had dreamed of Succoth with the booths for every family, the fruits glowing amid the green leaves, the white cloth, the festal lights. He had heard again the hymns of joy and gratitude of the God of Israel. Who even in the darkest hours had granted a tent of refuge to His people. But during the last leaden summer months, his sufferings had wiped away all recollections of the place he had once called his home.

Now Simeon stood once more in the place where he had grown to manhood. He had found the spot after hundreds of miles of painful travel, following an unseen trail as surely as a wounded animal that crawls back to its lair to die. He had expected to find a wilderness—and his fears were realized. The Jewish quarter of the city which was his birthplace had been crossed and recrossed by hostile armies, by war-maddened neighbors till it lay all upturned and broken like a plowed field in the springtime. The house where he had kissed his mother goodbye and whispered farewell to a girl he now shuddered to remember (for why should she have been spared?) lay a heap of huddled stones. He wondered dully, but without suffering, for his tired brain and soul no longer quivered beneath the lash, where the two women rested after the want and terror of the long, hard years. And he was glad, very glad that his old father had died before the war began. He, at least, had escaped the agony which had torn the world asunder.

Simeon stumbled on in the early autumn twilight, wandering aimlessly for he felt that there was nothing left to seek in the whole world. Here and there a pile of stones or household goods scattered and horrible in their decay. Simeon, who had learned to look unmoved on the red ruins of a battlefield, shuddered at the shattered remains of what had once been a cradle; his hand trembled as he picked up from the ground a piece of metal corroded and trampled out of all semblance to a candlestick for the Sabbath. To his broken mind it seemed a horrible thing that these inanimate objects, torn from their old sanctuaries, should suffer the fate of their masters.

Suddenly he stopped, listened perplexed and passed his hand across his forehead as a man troubled with a dream. Had he again fallen by the wayside to dream of Succoth in a land untroubled by war? Or did he indeed hear the old hymns of praise and thanksgiving that had haunted him in his exile?

He pressed on feverishly, breathing with difficulty as he saw huddled against a shell-shattered wall a little booth made of branches. It was unadorned; no fruit glowed among the green leaves, no festal lights shone forth in gladness. Standing before the low door Simeon saw a little group of Jews, ragged, pale, emaciated. With difficulty he recognized his old neighbors—his uncle's wife whom he had left a comely young woman, now wharf of feature, with vacant eyes; little Benjamin, her son, a half-grown boy, who kept gazing furtively behind

him like a frightened animal; several women; Moses, the carpenter; Reb Abraham, the blind old scholar, his long beard sweeping his sunken breast. Simeon gazed on them with fear-widened eyes. They seemed, these old neighbors of his, like horrible figures in a horrible dream. And yet he knew they were alive and that he must speak to them.

"Shalom Aleichem," he said hoarsely, and took a step forward.

The others turned, shrinking together in their dreadful, habitual terror. Then Moses the carpenter came forward and drew him into the hut.

"You are the first of our soldiers to come back," he greeted Simeon tonelessly.

Simeon clutched his old neighbor's ragged shoulder, struggling for speech. "My mother?" he asked at last, although he knew the answer.

"Dead—hunger. What would you have? She was an old woman."

Simeon turned his eyes away. There was one more question he must ask, although he feared Moses' answer more than at first. "And the daughter of Reb Judah?"

"Reb Judah's bride maiden? There were soldiers—she flung herself in the river afterwards. So did the other maidens."

A long silence. The soldier was about to take a vacant place at the bare board that served as a table when Moses the carpenter drew him from the hut. "He," pointing to Reb Abraham, "is spared much since he walks in darkness. We have lied to him, for why should he suffer more? Do not deceive him. And be ready to run with us at the first alarm. Meetings are forbidden and if the Gentiles find us here—" with a hopeless shrug he drew Simeon into the Succah.

"Here is Simeon, son of Reb Asher, the memory of the righteous for a blessing," he told the blind old man at the head of the table. "Just returned from the war."

"Sholem aleichem," greeted the host, indicating a place at his right hand. "You have come back to sit in our Succah. Last year we dared not raise one, but this year, the Holy One, blessed be He, has granted us our tent of refuge. We have no wine, but—" he waved his claw-like hand across the empty board, "but we have a little food." And Simeon saw that at the old man's place alone lay several crusts of coarse bread. "And all the rest is as perfect as in old days. The lamp which hung in my father's father's Succah," and he pointed to the bare ceiling, "the fruit which a brother in Eretz Yisroel sent Reb Moses and which arrived here safely—by a miracle." His face glowed with joy. "The Holy One, blessed be He, hath not forgotten His people."

"Hush," warned one of the women, "if they should hear us—"

The old man smiled serenely. "We are in His tent of refuge," he answered confidently. "And no harm can come to us. For eight days will we eat and rejoice in our Succah as our fathers did in happier days. For we have again come into our heritage."

Suddenly one of the older women burst into hysterical sobbing. "My son," she moaned, "He went away with you—and he did not return. And my daughter—my bride maiden!"

"Hush!" said the old man almost sternly. "On this night we are forbidden to weep." His face, white and shrunken, suddenly softened with a great pity. "Do not weep at all for them," he counseled gently, "for it is well for those who died for His holy name. As surely as our fathers who

in days of old passed through the flames to proclaim His unity."

But a younger woman, a child in her arms, would not be silenced. "Must we suffer forever?" she cried passionately. "My husband will never return. This child he left a rosy baby will never walk or run about and play. He is not sick; he does not need medicine, only food. Must we wait forever?" Her words died away in a dreary wailing.

"I heard that soon Jews from America will come with food and clothes for all of us," said the boy Benjamin timidly, his eyes ever fastened fearfully upon the low door.

"America is only another name for God," commented Simeon, and no one checked his blasphemy.

"Come—come," the old blind man raised his hand authoritatively. "Let us go on."

"But sing more softly," cautioned the carpenter. "If we are discovered—"

The boy Benjamin sprang up trembling. "See," he whispered, "over there beyond the wall. They are coming with lanterns—"

Moses helped the old man to his feet. "Let us go home for tonight, Reb Abraham," he whispered. "Perhaps tomorrow night—" and despite the old man's protests began to guide him to the comparative safety of his own cellar. "And come with us," he invited Simeon.

But Simeon did not answer. In a moment the others had faded into the night, but he remained standing before the low door of the deserted Succah. His old neighbors had grown so used to the drab wretchedness of their lives they no longer had the courage to wish to die, he reflected. But for him—a mad look in his eyes, he waited for the group of hoodlums who bore down upon him.

The Succah lay in ruins and Simeon rested upon the trampled branches, no longer plagued with dreams. But in his damp cellar the soul of Reb Abraham burned with hope.

"Tomorrow will we eat in our Succah," he chanted with something of the sing-song glee of a little child. "Ah, the Holy One, blessed be He, hath not deserted us, but hath raised for us a tent of refuge even in the wilderness."

"YOUR Car is OUR Car" when parked or stored at

### CENTRAL GARAGE

David H. Hecht, Pres. & Gen. Mgr.

COURTESY CONVENIENCE SERVICE

618-20-22 WYLIE AVENUE

Just off Lincoln Highway - One Block from Court House

Grant 9893

Capacity 250 Cars - Double Elevator Service - 5 Floors

Grant 7171

SHIP BY TRUCK

## Farmers Motor Express Company

For we guarantee you service day and night, within a radius of 40 miles of Pittsburgh. Give us a trial, regardless of how small or how large your shipment may be, we shall appreciate it very much.

WE DO MOVING ALSO

For "SERVICE" Call (Bell Phone, Cedar 5332) (P. & A. Phone, North 41)

TERMINAL AND GENERAL OFFICES  
1007 Constance St., N. S., Pittsburgh.

4th, Grant 1016

### JACOB WEISBERG

P. & A. 833 Main

WHOLESALE

LADIES' SUITS, COATS, SHIRTS, WAISTS ETC.

"IF WE HAVEN'T GOT IT, YOU CAN'T GET IT."

1016 6TH AVE.

PITTSBURGH, PA.



Manufacturers of  
Suit Cases, Bags, Telescopes and Trunks  
SAMPLE WORK AND REPAIRING  
Office and Factory 642-44 FIFTH AVE. PITTSBURGH, PA.

BELL PHONE  
GRANT 3184

## HARRY NEWBERG

Wholesale Dealer in

Cotton Piece Goods

Ladies' and Gent's Furnishings

1106 WYLIE AVE.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

### AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE

is no longer considered a luxury, but an absolute necessity. Did you ever stop to consider that a \$50 liability policy may eliminate a Law Suit, or a \$15 property damage premium save you a small fortune?

We write fire, theft, collision property damage and public liability in the best and strongest companies. Let us explain these classes of insurance and quote you rates.

### ADOLPH KLEIN

Prompt and Fair  
Adjustments

Insurance in All Its Branches

BERGER BUILDING

Phones  
Court 2327  
Pitt 491

## THE "MORNING POST" AND THE JEWISH PERIL

(From the Church Times, London, July 30, 1929)

In the Middle Ages, when a plague, usually the result of bad sanitation, decimates the countryside, the cry arose that the Jews had poisoned the wells, and a massacre followed. It is probable that the persons who made these charges were subjectly honest, but fanaticism had robbed them of their reasoning powers. We have no doubt that the author of the strange articles which have lately appeared in the "Morning Post" on the cause of world unrest is perfectly honest. He has only, we believe, sought the explanation of our troubles in a wrong quarter. The cause lies, we think, rather in the unchristian spirit that has governed the world for the last three centuries than in any Jewish or Masonic plots. However, he has thought differently, and has given to the world a strange and fantastic history. It begins with the Knights Templar. Somehow, he thinks, they got mixed up with the Jews and were rightly condemned. Their survivors and certain Jews have since that date been mixed up with certain Masonic lodges, particularly one of the Scottish Rite, and after remaining quiet for many centuries began their policy of vengeance by arranging the French Revolution. Since this great achievement they have been struggling to destroy kings and nobles and to bring the world to anarchy, and have lately brought off a big coup in Russia. In preparation for further horrors they are at present starting strikes in England and organizing Sinn Fein murders in Ireland. Later on they will be setting up a King of the House of David. Meanwhile there are a vast number of good Jews who hold such tricks in abhorrence, and we may add

subscribe to the funds of the Unionist party, and also a vast number of good Masons in whose lodges nothing worse is arranged than perhaps a Curragh camp mutiny.

The picture is fantastic, and we feel sure that if the mob took our contemporary seriously it would not draw much distinction between the good and the bad Jew and the good and the bad Mason; but as some of our readers may have been disturbed by the gruesome picture, we shall try and show him or her that there is little foundation for our contemporary's wild history.

To reply to the history of our contemporary would require a volume. The few facts which we shall mention may, however, suffice to show our readers how very doubtful is the history on the subject which this newspaper's authority presents.

1. As to the Templars. It is extremely probable that they were innocent of the charges brought against them by Philip, the Fair. If guilty, they were guilty not of apostasy to Judaism but of idolatry. They can therefore have had no connection with the Jews.

2. Whatever may have been the origin of the Scottish Masonic rite, the Scottish Masons were in the early eighteenth century warm supporters of the Jacobite cause. Scottish Masonry cannot therefore represent an ancient conspiracy against throne and altar.

3. The Jews played hardly any part in the French Revolution.

(a) The "Illuminati," of whom the *Morning Post* says so much, were not connected with the Jews. Their

founder, Weishaupt, of Ingolstadt in Bavaria, a pupil and enemy of the Jesuits and a man of loose character, founded an order to spread revolutionary ideas. His order was modelled in point of organization on the Jesuit system, and he assumed the name of Spartacus. His teaching was a kind of philosophic anarchy, but had nothing in common with Socialism or Bolshevism. Every head of a family was to be a domestic king and priest. The foundation of the idea can be traced to Rousseau's theory of nature, and its ideal would seem to be a life like that described in St. Pierre's "Paul and Virginia." Weishaupt admitted to his friend Knill that the higher grades of his order only existed in his imagination. On Knill's advice he connected it with Masonry. In 1785 it was suppressed by the Elector of Bavaria. The order was eagerly run after for a time by fashionable people, but was unconnected either with Judaism or Socialism.

(b) The *Morning Post's* writer dwells on Mirabeau's visits to Berlin, and his attitude to the Jews. If any connection between the French Revolution and the Jews can be made out it must be through the tribune of the people, Mirabeau. Berlin before the Revolution was one of the few places where Jews were really in society. A Jewess, Henriette Herz, kept a salon there, which Mirabeau visited. We learn, however, from Henriette Herz's Memoirs that, while she and her circle were Liberal, they turned against the French Revolution after the arrest of Louis XVI. at Varennes, and that they would never have supported the French democrats if they had foreseen the consequences. Here is proof positive that the one group of really influential Jews on the Continent had no enmity to the Bourbons, no sympathy with the Jacobins.

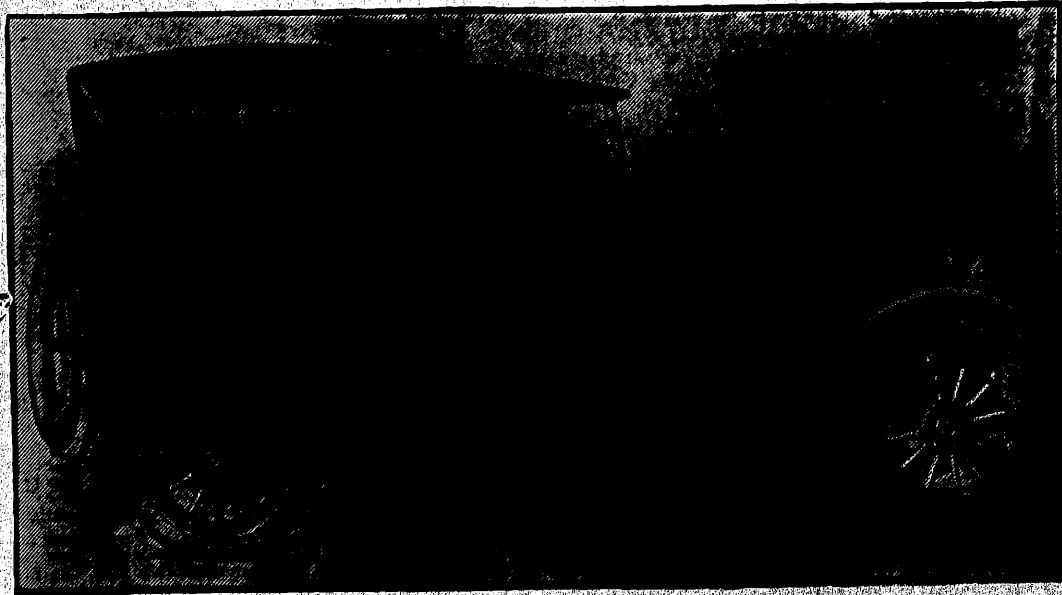
(c) The *Morning Post's* writer lays great stress on a book called "Memoirs Illustrating the History of

Jacobinism," of which an English translation appeared in 1798. The Abbe says nothing about the Jews, and traces the origin of the revolution to Voltaire, Weishaupt, the Masons, and the Illuminati. His prejudice was such that he attributes Polish resistance to Russian aggression to Masonic influence. If we accept his view that Voltaire was the real author of the French Revolution, we entirely acquit the Jews. No man has held up the Jews to greater ridicule than the author of "Saul," who in some measure was the true founder of anti-Semitism. The *Morning Post's* authority tells us that some years after the book was published the Abbe received a letter from Italy, which he handed to his superiors, telling him that the Jews were behind the Mason in the Revolution. He, however, never altered his book.

There is, in fact, no evidence that the Jews had any serious connection with the French Revolution, and with this view, it may be added, Mr. Hilaire Belloc, who cannot be regarded as an enemy of anti-Semitism, substantially agrees. (See Belloc's French Revolution, Home University Library, p. 231.)

4. It is true that the Jews since the general emancipation have generally identified themselves with Liberalism, as they hold that it is to Liberalism that they owe their emancipation. Some Jews did take part in the 1848 Revolutions, but they did not originate them. It is true that many Jews sympathized with the Carbonari and the Young Italy movement in Italy; so did most Englishmen.

5. It is incorrect to attribute the work of Karl Marx, the Socialistic writer, to Jewish inspiration. Marx came of a Jewish stock, but his father was a nominal Christian. Marx lived for many years in London in great penury, and was not supported by the Jewish community.



The Pleasure cars, pullman riding qualities and ease of control in congested traffic or on country highways make it a pleasure to drive. Rough pavement or bad road conditions can be disregarded by the driver and the passengers travel in comfort, for there is sufficient body and elbow room for five adults to ride with actual luxurious comfort over especially constructed velvety spring suspension which also reduces the usual strain on tires and adds miles to their usefulness.

DISTRIBUTORS FOR WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

# DILWORTH MOTOR COMPANY

707-9 COLLINS AVENUE P. O. A. PHONE 151X EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.

# ORIENTAL RUGS

## The KAUFMANN & BAER Store

long recognized as Pittsburgh's foremost floor covering store, presents a precious stock of rare Chinese and Oriental Rugs.

Real gems of rug-weaving from the Far East. A collection unapproached and unrivalled—ranging from small "scatter-about" mats to large carpet-size rugs.

### \$85,000 Worth for \$55,000

—a saving of such proportions that it will appeal forcibly to all those who have longed to have an Oriental in their homes.

#### Antique Dagestan Rugs

Average size 18 3/6 ft. by 5 ft. **\$25.00**  
\$45.00 values

#### Fine Kazaks

Average size 4 6/7 feet to 6x9 feet **\$150.00**  
\$225 values

#### Lelihan Rugs

Average in size 5 ft. by 6 ft. 6 in. **\$165.00**  
\$250 values

#### Mosul and Cabestan Rugs

Average size 18 3/6 ft. by 6 ft. **\$39.50**  
\$60.00 values

#### Anatolian Mats

Average size 1 9 by 3 ft. Just 20 rugs **\$17.50**  
\$25.00 values

#### Silky Mozuls

Sizes 8 1/2 by 5 1/2 ft. to 5 1/2 by 7 1/2 ft. **\$97.50**  
\$150 values

#### Chinese, Mahal and Serapi

Rugs 8 by 10 to 9 ft. by 12 ft. sizes **\$265.00**  
\$385 to \$425 values

#### Small Kazaks

Average size 3x4 1/2 ft. to 4x5 1/2 ft. **\$55.00**  
\$90.00 values

#### Antique Shirvan and Cabistans

Range in size from 3x5 to 4 1/2 x 7 feet **\$49.50 to \$75.00**  
\$75 to \$115 values

#### Kermanshah Rugs

Sizes from 9x11 1/2 to 9x13 1/2 ft. **\$550.00**  
\$850 values

#### Small Beloochistans

Average size 3x5 ft. to 3 1/2 by 6 ft. **\$59.50**  
\$75.00 values

#### Marvelous Stock of Guendjes Rugs

Range in size from 4x6 to 5x9 feet **\$69.00 to \$115.00**  
\$90 to \$165 values

#### KERMANSHAH RUGS

\$850.00	14 1/2 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$545.00
\$875.00	13 7/8 x 10	Rugs	\$550.00
\$975.00	12 8 x 8 1/2	Rugs	\$595.00
\$975.00	9 10 x 13 1/2	Rugs	\$575.00
\$750.00	8 1 x 12 1/2	Rugs	\$580.00

#### MAHAL RUGS

\$ 180.00	12 1/2 x 8 1/2	Rugs	\$150.00
\$1,050.00	14 8 x 10 7/8	Rugs	\$775.00
\$ 585.00	10 8 x 8 1/2	Rugs	\$450.00
\$ 675.00	12 8 x 9	Rugs	\$500.00
\$ 435.00	10 1/2 x 6 1/2	Rugs	\$350.00
\$ 825.00	13 1 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$600.00
\$ 480.00	10 3 x 7	Rugs	\$345.00
\$1,100.00	13 10 x 10 1/2	Rugs	\$775.00
\$ 975.00	12 1 x 9	Rugs	\$750.00

#### GOROVAN RUGS

\$625.00	11 1/2 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$450.00
\$195.00	9 5/8 x 8 3/8	Rugs	\$175.00
\$675.00	13 1 x 10	Rugs	\$475.00
\$645.00	14 1/2 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$465.00
\$950.00	14 1/2 x 10 1/2	Rugs	\$650.00

#### SERAPI RUGS

\$ 600.00	12 2 x 9	Rugs	\$410.00
\$ 500.00	12 3 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$355.00
\$ 550.00	11 1 x 9 1/4	Rugs	\$415.00
\$ 400.00	8 7 x 7 7/8	Rugs	\$285.00
\$ 475.00	10 2 x 7 1/2	Rugs	\$330.00
\$ 750.00	13 9 x 9 1/4	Rugs	\$550.00
\$ 625.00	14 3 x 7 1/4	Rugs	\$475.00
\$1,200.00	18 10 x 10 9	Rugs	\$950.00
\$ 725.00	13 1 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$525.00
\$ 465.00	9 8 x 7 7/8	Rugs	\$315.00

#### SAROUK RUGS

\$1,300.00	10 3 x 7	Rugs	\$ 950.00
\$1,700.00	12 1 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$1,200.00
\$1,775.00	11 10 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$1,250.00
\$1,350.00	10 10 x 6 1/2	Rugs	\$1,000.00
\$1,950.00	12 7 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$1,500.00
\$1,875.00	9 x 12	Rugs	\$1,400.00
\$1,650.00	9 1 x 12	Rugs	\$1,250.00
\$1,200.00	7 x 10 3/8	Rugs	\$ 950.00

#### CHINESE RUGS

\$ 750.00	12 8 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$545.00
\$ 825.00	14 8 x 11	Rugs	\$650.00
\$ 745.00	12 2 x 9	Rugs	\$545.00
\$1,100.00	12 10 x 9 1/2	Rugs	\$750.00
\$ 625.00	10 8 x 8	Rugs	\$465.00
\$1,050.00	13 1 x 10 1/2	Rugs	\$700.00
\$ 875.00	12 8 x 9	Rugs	\$650.00
\$ 695.00	12 8 x 9	Rugs	\$550.00
\$ 575.00	10 8 x 8	Rugs	\$450.00
\$ 800.00	11 6 x 8 1/2	Rugs	\$580.00
\$ 800.00	12 8 x 9	Rugs	\$575.00

We Give United Profit-Sharing Coupons FREE  
They're your extra saving on every purchase. Redeemable in merchandise or premiums.

**KAUFMANN & BAER**  
PITTSBURGH'S GREATEST STORE  
SIXTH AVE. At Smithfield St



Enough, we trust, has been written to show that the Jews cannot be fairly accused of being the instigators of the Revolutions of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. The one piece of our contemporary's evidence which strikes us as impressive is the wild statement of Disraeli in "Coningsby." One need not, however, take the wild statements there on the Jews more seriously than Disraeli's affected admiration for the High Church party in the same book. The chapters in question were doubtless written to convince English aristocrats that Rothschild, who appears under the name of Sidonia, was a gentleman born. If, however, the statements be accepted as true, they do not help the *Morning Post's* contributor's contention, for we are informed that the "Jews are ever anxious to see the religious system of the countries in which they live flourish."

It is true that in modern times cosmopolitan Hebrew finance has become an anxiety, and that the influence of the Jews in the Press and in politics and Masonry has often been used in favor of anti-Catholic movements. It is true also that many Jews, like Disraeli in the last generation and Mr. Montagu in our own, have shown a sympathy with Mohammedanism which has had disastrous consequences in Turkey. However, as the *Morning Post* supporter Disraeli and never attempted to restore St. Sophia to Christianity, it must share the responsibility. Jews would do well, in such questions as Poland and St. Sophia, to pay more regard than they do to genuine Christian and Catholic senti-

ment. To put it on no higher grounds, they would find it good business. Generally, we must add that on most political questions in this country Jews vote and think much like Englishmen, and in war time are not less patriotic.

It is true, however, that in the countries along the Russian marshes a different feeling exists. Here Jewish bigotry, stimulated perhaps by the oppression of the past, is far deeper than in Western lands. Education seems to have made it worse, and in this fact we may find an explanation not only of some of the horrors of the Russian Revolution, but of the extraordinary pamphlet of "Sergius Nilus," of which the *Morning Post* makes so much, assuming, of course, that the pamphlet was not the concoction of the Tsarist police. This Russian Hebraism needs watching, though probably its worst features will vanish with liberty and education. They are, however, only a fraction of Judaism.

Our conclusion, therefore, on the recent revelations is that they do not prove much which was not known before, and that much in them is absurd. In any case, it is the duty of the Christian, while not shutting his eyes to a possible Jewish peril, to protect the Jew from unjust and unfair charges.

#### ITALIANS MOURN LOSS OF JEWISH COMMANDER

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
London—The Rome correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" reports that throughout Italy the loss of the Jewish commander Bianchini is being mourned. Bianchini, who was a mem-

ber of the first Zionist commission, was recently murdered when a band of Bedouins attacked a train near Damascus.

#### LONDON "TIMES" INSISTS THAT CZAR'S EXECUTORS WERE JEWS

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
London—Continuing its story about the execution of the Russian Imperial family, the "Times" today has a special chapter in which an effort is made to prove that Goloshekin, Syromolotov, Safarov, Voikov and Kurovsky, all Jews, participated in the execution of the Czar. Sverdlov, also a Jew, the writer claims, planned the execution of the Imperial family.

#### POLISH SOCIALISTS PROTEST AGAINST ILL-TREATMENT OF JEWISH PEOPLE

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
London—The Central Committee of the Polish Socialists has sent the government a resolution of protest at the suppression of the press and the persecution of the civil population. The resolution declares that the internment of Jewish soldiers seriously damages the interests of the state and calls upon the government to punish those officials guilty of these acts of persecution.

The "Now! Dzienek," a Polish publication in Warsaw, gave publicity to the report of Deputy Hartglas about the pogroms in Siedlice.

#### MORE JEWS BEING COURT-MARTIALED IN POLAND—POGROM IN GLIANIANKY TO BE INVESTIGATED—DEFENSE COMMITTEE APPEALS TO JEWS TO CONTINUE THEIR SACRIFICES

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
London—In Serotzk, 27 Jews have been arrested and are awaiting court-martial charged with having aided the Bolsheviks.

General Wlozinsky has promised some of the Jewish deputies that the Jewish Seim Club will be permitted to make an official investigation into the pogrom reported to have been made by the Poles at Glianianky.

In Oswiezin an organization of Jewish women for the study of Hebrew and Polish literature, has been suppressed.

The Jewish Defense Committee has issued an appeal to all Jews in Poland to continue making every possible sacrifice to help the country despite all persecutions. A considerable portion of the quarters occupied by workers in Warsaw has been requisitioned by the authorities. The government has refused to admit into the country "Esrogln," claiming that at this critical moment it cannot allow money to leave the country in exchange for unimportant articles.

John L. Bernstein, president of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, has reached Warsaw, while Paris dispatches say that Dr. D. Bogen has left that city for the Polish capital.

#### JEWISH BOY FIRST VICTIM OF BROOKLYN STRIKE

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
New York—Fred Friedman, 17, was the first victim to die as a result of the strike on the part of employes of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. Friedman was on a train run by strikebreakers and was hit by some stones when the train was attacked by a party of strikers. He died in a hospital after an effort was made to save his life. Ten men were arrested as a result of this attack upon the train and District Attorney Lewis says he will press for indictments for murder in the first degree. The strikers are still out.

#### SAMUEL UNTERMAYER WILL HELP TO RE-ELECT OUSTED SOCIALISTS

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
New York—Stating that he was not a Socialist and did not believe in the organization's principles, Mr. Samuel Untermeyer, the noted lawyer of this city, sent a contribution of \$200.00 to the Campaign Fund established for the re-election of the five Socialists ousted from the New York Assembly some time ago. In his letter Mr. Untermeyer writes that he hoped the five Socialist Assemblymen will be re-elected as "a vindication of the crime against representative government."

#### KOVNO CROWDED WITH REFUGEES

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
Kovno—Fearing the possible invasion of Lithuanian territory by the Poles, thousands of Jews from the provinces are crowding this city in an effort to save themselves.

#### POLISH PAPER SAYS JEWS FOUGHT THE BOLSHEVIKI

(*Jewish Correspondence Bureau*)  
London—According to a report appearing in the "Kurier Warszawy" three hundred Jews of the city of Wisokomasewitz formed a group and valiantly fought the Bolshevik forces, driving them out of the town. At the same time the Polish Socialists of the town co-operated with the Bolsheviks. In the fighting a number of Jews lost their lives. Later on a horde of Cossacks returned and captured 267 Jews of the fighting group.

**Ford**  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

TO the business man, retail or wholesale, to the manufacturer; to the commission man; to the trucking company, the Ford Model T One Ton Truck makes an irresistible appeal because it has in its chassis all the merits of the original Ford car; the wonderful Ford Model T Motor, the dependable Vanadium steel chassis, and the manganese bronze worm-drive. A strongly built truck that serves satisfactorily and lasts in service. If these statements were not true, the demand for Ford Trucks wouldn't be so constantly on the increase. We will be pleased to take your order for one or more Ford Trucks, will see that you get reasonably prompt delivery, and will give you an after service that insures the constant service of the Truck. But don't wait too long. Get your order in promptly.

<b>KUHN-MUTCHLER CO.,</b> 428 Penn Avenue Franklin 563 Wilkensburg, Pa.	<b>B. F. STOUT,</b> Forbes Field Schenley 3154 Pittsburgh, Pa.
<b>DIXON MOTOR CO.,</b> 100-11 Montgomery Avenue Cedar 2891 N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.	<b>ARSENAL MOTOR CO.,</b> Butler Street at Thirty-seventh Flak 1592
<b>THE VALFORD COMPANY,</b> 6117 Broad Street Hiland 7660 E. E. Pittsburgh, Pa.	<b>BOYER MOTOR CO.,</b> Warrington Ave. and Estella St. Hill 2000 S. S. Pittsburgh, Pa.
<b>POINT MOTOR CO.,</b> 36 Penn Avenue Court 617 Pittsburgh, Pa.	

Insist on Genuine Ford Parts Only

OUR BLACK BOOK

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

London.—Under the above heading the last issue of the "Jewish Chronicle" contains the following editorial: "We have already referred to the Jewish World Relief Conference at Carlsbad. But some of the facts concerning Jewish suffering and distress given to the Conference are so appalling that we are afraid the full extent of the Jewish martyrdom is but remotely realized. Quite apart from the terrible plight of the middle and upper class Jews in Russia—brought about, be it noted, by the so-called "Jewish Bolshevik" movement—the figures regarding the murdered Jews and the general depredations reveal a tragedy of colossal magnitude. According to Engineer Temkin, of Kieff, for instance, no fewer than 138,000 Jews in 563 towns of the Ukraine, have been done to death—a total, it should be added, which is still further swelled by some unknown and terrible figure, owing to the sixty-nine pogroms organized in the wake of General Denikin's army. Here, indeed, is a veritable calamity. But the world, which is so busy imputing political crime to individual Jews, seems wholly ignorant of, or indifferent to, the wholesale Jewish massacres which have reddened the soil of Russia. Mr. Temkin calculates that 1,200,000 Jews have been totally ruined, and 130,000 to 150,000 orphans left stranded and destitute. A report, setting out in something like true and adequate perspective the Jewish suffering caused by the war, is about to appear in a Black Book. It is to be published in five languages, including English. Perhaps thus the truth may trickle into the hardened public mind. But the more urgent tasks today are to prevent the aggravation of Jewish and non-Jewish suffering by new wars, and to reconstruct the devastated Jewries of Eastern Europe. The latter is a tremendous work. Mr. Leo Motzkin, the General Secretary of the Committee of Jewish Delegations at the Peace Conference, told the Carlsbad meeting that one-third of the Jews in the whole of Russia and the Ukraine are in need of assistance, and that the economic restoration of Ukraine alone would necessitate the huge sum of 400 million dollars. Such is the plight of the "rich" Jewish people who "made the war!" But is the restoration possible? So gigantic a burden points to an utterly desperate situation, while the alternative is too horrible even for contemplation."

ZIONISTS PLEASSED WITH BRITISH-EGYPTIAN AGREEMENT

London.—We are informed by men of the highest authority on Near East problems, that the British-Egyptian agreements effected by Lord Millner's commission is of the greatest importance to the future of Palestine. These men suggest that since Britain will be able to garrison only the Suez, she will be compelled to make Palestine the center of her military reserves. Leading Zionists questioned on the subject expressed themselves as very pleased with the greater measure of self-government accorded the Egyptians and pointed out the fact that Zaghul Pasha, the head of the Egyptian mission, is an old pro-Zionist and attended the recent meeting at the Royal Albert Hall. The "Manchester Guardian," commenting on this new development in the Near East, says that Palestine must not be expected to bear the expense of the entire British army there, since a portion of the troops will be for the protection of Egypt and the Suez Canal.

BOLSHEVİK COMMITTEES ARE COURT-MARTIALED BY POLES

London.—The Warsaw correspondent of the "Daily Express" cables that the Polish capital is again assuming its normal aspect. Ambassadors, consuls and refugees have all returned to the city and the various industries are again in motion. There is no scarcity of food. The revolutionary committees captured by the Polish forces in centers occupied by the Bolsheviks are all being court-martialed.

SAVINKOV RECOGNIZES GENERAL WRANGEL AND RENDERS HIM MILITARY AID

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau) Paris.—According to information received here from Warsaw, Savinkov, the noted anti-Bolshevist leader, has tendered his support to General Wrangel, whom he is giving complete recognition. The dispatch adds that two Russian divisions which were fighting with the Poles are to join Wrangel's forces and be subject to his command. Savinkov is an old Russian Revolutionary Socialist who was prominently identified with Ker-

ensky's regime, but whom he later forsook for General Kornikov. More recently Savinkov has been in this city agitating against the Bolsheviks.

DR. NOSIG AS AN INTERMEDIARY BETWEEN THE JEWS AND THE POLES

The "Jewish Morning Journal" of New York takes note of a correspondence from Warsaw which appeared in the London Hebrew weekly "Haolem," in which the writer describes the important role which Dr. Alfred Nosig played in the negotiations between the Jews and Poles in an effort to reach a better understanding. In its issue of August 31st "The Morning Journal" says editorially:

"Momentarily we are not at all interested in the details given in that correspondence, for we have more recent information on the subject. What does interest us is the personality of the mediator. Alfred Nosig is a remarkable individual of whom but little has been heard of late years. He studied law and medicine and is an artist and sculptor of note. He has earned a reputation as a Jewish statistician, has written German poetry, dramas and opera librettos, and it is

already more than thirty years since his "An Attempt to Solve the Jewish Problem" appeared.

"Such variety and many-sidedness leads to a distinct division of spiritual forces which prevents one from attaining greatness in any one direction. But on the other hand such capacities and abilities help one to obtain an influence in higher society where politics and diplomacy are well mixed with entertainment and an interest in art, literature and science. Nosig, born in Lemberg, possesses the spiritual requisites for European diplomacy and it is natural that he should devote himself to Jewish politics, those politics most accessible to him."

JEWS QUICKLY SETTLING IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau) London.—Hundreds of Jews are weekly arriving in Palestine and find no difficulty in locating themselves on Jewish farms and finding employment on road construction, etc., according to a Jerusalem dispatch to the "Times." The authorities, the dispatch adds, have ordered all official announcements to be made in Hebrew, Arabic and English.

## Is the Doctor Responsible If He Kills?



A doctor, for 20 years a practitioner, was convicted of manslaughter because an operation upon a patient resulted fatally.

### Where Does the Doctor Stand in Relation to His Patients?

An Interesting Special Page Will Tell. Next Sunday in The

# PITTSBURGH SUNDAY POST



# The Jewish Criterion

LEADING JEWISH HOME PAPER

BELL. Grant 7237 and 7238

D. ALTER, Publisher and Manager

P. & A. 623 Main

PUBLISHED BY THE JEWISH CRITERION, 802 OLIVER BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PA.



Vol. 55

Subscription Price: \$3.00 per year. Single copies, 10 cents.  
Entered as second-class matter, at the Post Office at Pittsburgh, Pa.

September 24, 1920

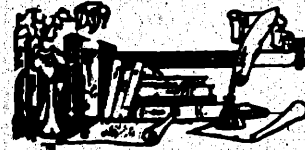
If a subscriber wishes his paper discontinued at the expiration of his subscription notice to that effect should be sent. Otherwise it is assumed continuation is desired

No. 5



## EDITORIAL

CHARLES H. JOSEPH



### FORD'S PROFITS

Henry must have been making those excess profits, otherwise he couldn't make such radical price reductions, maintain the same scale of wages and yet make profits on his Flivver Family. Probably some of the excess went to finance the anti-Semitic propaganda and to take the public mind off the idea of Henry's quite respectable fortune, which seems rather peculiar in view of his attempt to make out that the Jews are the financial power in the country. That is a favorite trick of men who want to keep the public from thinking too much about their too much money, just get the people to think of other people and other things. Rather stale, Henry, but there are some who continue to take that sort of pap and enjoy it.

### THE "Y" ON THE MOVE

The "Y" is on the move; it's getting up power to reach the goal of five hundred thousand. When an army of young men and young women unite for such a purpose it is sure to bring victory to the cause. Headquarters are now open; teams are being organized; workers are becoming enthused and everything is set to start off the campaign the early part of October. But we must not delude ourselves that it is all so easy as these lines would indicate; it means united effort; and a thorough educational campaign to bring home to every person the need of a "Y" for young men and young women and to awaken them to a realization of their duties in the premises. The spirit present is splendid; there seems to be a desire on the part of the community to do its duty by the young people and if signs count for much, the amount of money that will be obtained will prove a surprise even to veteran campaigners for funds. The moderate "givers" will undoubtedly be very much in evidence in this drive because the appeal is such an universal one. And with the young women working for a cause that is close to their hearts, it will materially aid in rolling up the total.

### TIME FOR GEORGIA TO WAKE UP

When Georgia sends such men as "Tom" Watson to the Senate it is pretty hard up for raw material. Watson has always been a demagogue inciting race hatreds and generally making trouble and inviting feuds. His opponent was Mr. Dorsey, of the Leo Frank fame; he finally worked himself as high as the Governor's chair, helped unquestionably by the notoriety of the Frank trial. Georgia needs to wake up and not depend upon "mob" selection of its representatives. There is too much mob spirit in Georgia at all times.

### MORE PLEASANT (?) NEWS

A correspondent of the "Nation" writes that "the candidate of the Quai d'Orsay, the Russian 'emigres' and the Vatican is M. Dmowski (for the "power" in Poland)—"hex is a reaction ary clerical and anti-Semite; his policy would be one of pogroms and a White Terror at home and continued war to restore reaction in Russia." So we can see what splendid prospects there are for the Jews of Poland—and please do not let us forget that "Quai d'Orsay" means in plain every day English that the French Government wants to do the dictating, which has been her policy ever since she has furnished Poland with soldiers, officers and military supplies. From what we recall General Pilsudski, the man the French intriguers are trying to undermine, was the one of the very few Polish leaders who took the stand against attacking the Jews and who warned soldiers that if they were found engaged in that sort of business they would be severely punished.

### RABBI WISE LEAVES ZIONIST ORGANIZATION

Rabbi Stephen Wise has tendered his resignation as vice-president of the Zionist organization of America because he says that he was slighted in being omitted from the membership of the Actions Committee of the World Zionist Organization. Dr. Wise believed that his work of late years with the Zionists entitled him to highest honors. We think so too. No man surely has ever done more to promote the interests of Zionism in this country than has Dr. Wise and it seems strange that the group from whom he has the right to expect every consideration should have committed such a tactical error as to have ignored his right to the position in question. Judge Mack states however that Dr. Wise's resignation has not been accepted and intimates that Dr. Wise will probably continue in office or the time being at least. Just now harmony is essential especially when there is so much work cut out for the Zionist. We are interested while on the subject of Zionism to note that two British officers in Jerusalem caused some trouble by not rising when the "Hatikvah" hymn was being sung. Now Sir Herbert Samuel has issued an order that everybody should rise when the Hatikvah is being rendered, but it should however be rendered only at purely Jewish gatherings. Nothing like starting to mark off the lines rigidly at the beginning even if they are likely to make trouble later on.

### THE HEBREW INSTITUTE

Mr. Marcus Aaron's address at the Hebrew Institute, which appears elsewhere in this issue, is worthy of careful perusal. No one in this city is better equipped to discuss educational matters than Mr. Aaron and his interest in and thorough going endorsement of the Institute as an important fact in the Hebrew education of the Jewish child is worthy of respect. For a time there was some question as to whether or not the Hebrew Institute had a tendency to be parochial in character and unnecessary in relation to our public school system. But this charge has been entirely done away with because careful examination of the facts have absolutely disapproved everything that could by the widest stretch of imagination be construed as parochial. On the contrary the closest co-operation is evidenced between the public school and the Hebrew Institute. The ever increasing interest in the work of the Institute and the wider support gained for it among all elements in the community indicate a growing appreciation as an educational and cultural factor.

### A WORTH-WHILE JEW

Col. Harry Cutler, whose death occurred recently in London, was a Jew who knew the meaning of the word "Service". He was one of the most public spirited of American Jews and during the war his remarkable record as head of the Jewish Welfare Board will go down in history as one of the vital factors in maintaining the morals of the Jewish boys in the service. He had always evinced a lively interest in all Jewish national and international problems and his time was always at the service of his country and of his people. Col. Cutler had paid several visits to our community and he was recognized as a real leader. In his death Jewry throughout the country has lost a valuable leader and friend.

## CONGREGATIONAL NOTES

### RODEF SHALOM TEMPLE

Special Succoth services for the children will be held Sunday at 5:00 P. M. The regular Succoth services will be held Monday morning, ten o'clock.

### TREE OF LIFE CONGREGATION

The regular Sabbath services will be held at 9 o'clock. Rabbi Maurice M. Mazure will preach the sermon.

The services of the Feast of Booths will begin Sunday evening at 7:00 o'clock and Monday and Tuesday mornings at 9:00 o'clock. Rabbi Mazure will preach both days. The Succah will be erected as usual.

### TREE OF LIFE SUCCOTH

The members of the Tree of Life Synagogue and also of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Tree of Life are kindly requested to send their donations for the Succoth for the Tree of Life Synagogue either on Sunday, September 28th, or not later than Monday noon, September 27th.

### RABBI MAZURE ADVOCATES NEW JEWISH HOSPITAL

Preaching to a capacity audience on Wednesday morning in his Day of Atonement sermon, the subject of which was "Loyalty to Judaism," Rabbi Maurice M. Mazure, of the Tree of Life Congregation, advocated the building of a new Jewish Hospital in Pittsburgh. He said in part: "We need a new Jewish Hospital in our city. All honor and glory is due to the faithful men and women who built up the Montefiore Hospital. But now it has become a together too inadequate for our needs. When I say Jewish I do not mean that it should be for Jews only. I would never advocate the restriction of philanthropy within denominational lines as this would be contrary to the spirit of our faith, for the Talmud says that the poor even of idol worshippers should be provided for as well as the poor of Israel. The hospital should be free and open to all, regardless of creed, color or denomination. But what I mean by a 'Jewish' hospital is that the Jews should contribute the money required for the building of it and endow its maintenance. Cities with lesser population of Jews than Pittsburgh have beautiful hospitals and the city of Pittsburgh, with its large and wealthy Jewish population, should not be behind in this matter. It would be a monument to the Jews of Pittsburgh and promote the welfare of our great city. I hope that it will not be very long before this project will be carried out."

### CONGREGATION B'NAI ISRAEL, EAST END

Very impressive services were held at the Rittenhouse on Yom Kippur Eve and Day. On Kol Nidre night Rabbi Lichter made an appeal for funds for the Jewish Center which the congregation will build this year, and close to \$50,000 was pledged. The response was ready and generous and many young people were among the contributors. The Center will contain a synagogue, a Religious School and an annex for social purposes, a well equipped gymnasium and swimming pool. It is expected that the building will cost over \$300,000. On Kippur Day over a thousand people filled the auditorium and the Adams Room of the Rittenhouse. The services were read by Mr. J. H. Lichter, father of the Rabbi; Rev. A. Levin and Mr. A. J. Levin. Rabbi Lichter preached in the morning on "The Simple Satisfaction of Life." An impressive children's service was conducted by the Rabbi in the afternoon and he preached a sermonette on "Our Little Sins." Preparations are being made for the Festival of Succos. Services will

be held at the Collins Avenue Synagogue on Sunday and Monday evenings, September 28th and 27th, at 8:00 o'clock, and on Monday and Tuesday mornings, September 27th and 28th, at 8:45. A succah will be erected on the grounds of the Center, corner Highland Avenue and Rippey Street, and the congregation will assemble in the Succah after the evening and morning services. A special children's service will be held in the Succah on Monday afternoon, September 27th, at 4:00 o'clock. The members of the Ladies' Auxiliary and friends are requested to send in contributions of money or fruit for the Succah at the Center building. Master David Barton, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Barton, will be Bar Mitzvah on the first day of Succos.

Registration for the Sunday School will take place on Sunday morning, September 28th, from 10:00 to 12:00. Special Kindergarten classes will be formed for children from four to six years old.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the B'nai Israel Congregation will hold its first regular meeting of the season at the Center, Highland Avenue and Rippey Street, on Tuesday evening, September 28th, at 8:00 o'clock. Rabbi Lichter will be the speaker of the evening. Mrs. Ida Levin, pianist, and Master Abraham Sokolsky, violinist, will entertain with musical numbers. Mrs. Sokolsky will be hostess of the occasion. Members and friends are requested to come.

### AGUDATH ACHIM SYNAGOGUE OF BRADDOCK

The Sunday School Department of the Agudath Achim Synagogue of Braddock, under the direction of the Evod Club, began the year 1920-1921 by an enrollment of the children on Sunday, September 19. The enrollment was large and it is hoped that several hundred children will be in regular attendance throughout the year. The Evod Club respectfully requests all the children of Braddock to attend the Sunday School and this opportunity is being taken to inform those who have not yet been informed of the opening of school. The second regular meeting of the Sunday School will fall on Sunday, September 26, and children may come to be enrolled at 10:00 A. M. on that day.

### DIED

#### Marks Browarsky

Marks Browarsky, aged 77, died at his late residence, 447 South Atlantic Avenue, on Monday morning, September 20th, after a lingering illness. Mr. Browarsky was a resident of Pittsburgh for more than half a cen-

### HARRIS GORBACK

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Bel. Phone, Canal 3755 104 Fullerton St.

### I. WILLISON & SON

Funeral Directors  
600-602 Cedar Avenue  
N. E., Pittsburgh, Pa.

### FOR ALL STYLES OF MONUMENTS

and Stone Burial Vaults See  
W. Storch's Sons  
Opposite South Side Cemetery  
Corrick Boro., Pittsburgh, Pa.



MARKS BROWARSKY

tury, during which time he was engaged in the wholesale liquor business. He was identified with all the principal philanthropic societies and institutions in the city and gave them liberal support. Thanks to the generosity of Mr. Browarsky and his wife the Annex to the Home for the Aged was erected. In addition they paid for the equipment of the chapel of the Home. He was Honorary Vice President and a member of the Board of Directors of the institution. He was also one of the charter members of the Beth Hamedrash Hagodal Congregation and one of its most faithful supporters. He was honorary member of the Board of Trustees of the Tree of Life Synagogue and recently built the chapel at the Tree of Life Cemetery. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the Montefiore Hospital; a member of the B'nai B'rith; of the Hebrew Free Loan Society, Hebrew Institute and Orphanage at Erie.

He is survived by his beloved wife, Rosa Browarsky. Funeral services were held Thursday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock at his late residence. Rabbis Rudolph I. Coffee and Marcus M. Mazure officiating. Interment was in Tree of Life Cemetery.

#### Morris Berger

Morris Berger, aged 28, formerly of 220 Dunwoith Street, Oakland, beloved husband of Mrs. Anna Lampert Berger, died at the Mt. Sinai Hospital, New York, on Saturday, September 18th, 1920.

Besides his widow, Mr. Berger is survived by one infant son; three sisters, Mrs. William Feldman, of 1416 Epiphany Street, this city; Mrs. Pearl



MORRIS BERGER

Schaffel, of Braddock, Pa., and Mrs. Helen Wise, of Detroit, Michigan.

Funeral services were held at the home of his sister, Mrs. Feldman, on Monday afternoon of this week.

### YEAR GREETINGS TO AMERICAN BRETHREN

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—Morris Engelman, of this city, who has just returned from a trip to Hungary, where he went in behalf of the Joint Distribution Committee, brought back the following message from Hungarian Jews to their brethren in America:

"The glorious people of America have brought light into the darkness of our lives and have brought succor to us with their understanding, prompted by their great desire to give aid to the unfortunate. We are happy

in the thought that our co-religionists and countrymen who have become part of the body of the great people of America are with heart and soul co-operating in the task of affording relief to our stricken country; and that we, who never until now knew what it meant to beg, are given the opportunity through their help to establish a new and a free life. We express our heartfelt gratitude and send to you at the inception of the new religious year our greetings and best wishes, extended in the name of our religion to all those who are so fortunate as to be the generous sons and daughters of liberty-loving America."

## Serving the Jewish Immigrants

What the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America Stands For

Interview With Mr. Albert Rosenblatt

The resumption of Jewish immigration and the coming of Jewish immigrants in large numbers naturally evokes the question, What is being done for these Jewish immigrants?

In order to secure the answer to this question the press representative interviewed Mr. Albert Rosenblatt, of New York, Chairman of the Membership Committee and the Building Fund Committee of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, at 229 East Broadway. To the query, What is the "Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America," Mr. Rosenblatt replied:

"The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America is a National Society organized some thirty years ago to represent the Jews of America in all matters relating to immigration, and for that purpose has headquarters at 229 East Broadway, an office at Ellis Island, and branches at Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Chicago, San Francisco and Seattle.

"American Jews will appreciate the importance of having one organization to represent the Jews of America in this work. It is highly advisable that the work for immigrants be centralized, that the Jews of America have one policy in connection with this very important matter, and that there should be no conflict in the different parts of the country. And such an organization we have in the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, which since its inception has been of service to tens of thousands of Jewish immigrants coming through all ports in the United States from all over the world and destined to every section of the country."

"Who supports the Society?" was the next question.

"The Jews of America," was Mr. Rosenblatt's reply. And continuing, he said:

"I cannot quote any higher testimony as to the excellent manner in which the Society has done its work than to point to the fact that the Membership Committee of the Society, of which I happen to be the Chairman, at the last annual meeting, at which Mr. Jacob H. Schiff, Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor, and Senator King spoke, reported that the Society has members distributed in all parts of the country, and representative of every element in American Jewry.

"The Society stands unique in American philanthropy and I know of no other organization, Jewish or Gentile, that has so many supporters. Time and again prominent individuals and large organizations like the American Red Cross and high government officials have praised for the Society and what it does."

Speaking of the work in greater detail, Mr. Rosenblatt explained: "The Society does not confine its efforts to the United States. A few years ago, during the height of the war, when thousands of Jewish refugees were stranded in the Far East on their way from Russia to America, the State Department called our attention to the matter and asked us whether we would undertake to be of help to the unfortunates in Japan and Siberia. Within a few hours after the receipt of the information a special Board meeting was called and a representative was immediately sent to Japan, with the result that a Home was established in Yokohama, and since that time thousands of refugees, chiefly women and children,

have come to this country to join their husbands and fathers.

"During the recent Great War and for a short time thereafter, immigration was greatly reduced. Thousands of persons in this country who have near and dear relatives on the other side came to us week in and week out for advice and assistance to bring over their own. At the opportune time our Society sent a Commission to Europe to see what could be done to reunite the tens of thousands of women and children in Europe, who could not come during the war period, with their husbands and fathers in America, and I am very proud to tell you that while up to a few months ago immigration to the United States was practically at a standstill, since our Commission commenced active operation over 20,000 Jews, chiefly women and children, have joined their husbands and fathers in this country, and more are to come. We were able to accomplish this because of our long experience in immigration work. Our Commission abroad, once it reached Europe, immediately saw to it that the governments abroad gave the immigrants passports, which are still a war-time necessity, and made arrangements with American officials to give them visas, which enabled them to proceed to America. It saw to it that trains were placed at the disposal of immigrants to go to port cities, and made arrangements that they should obtain steamship accommodations. It was not a question of money with the refugees, because the relatives in America had carried and saved sufficient all these years to bring them over and provide them with homes. It was advice, help and expert facilities that the unfortunates on the other side needed, and this I am glad to say we were ready to give.

"This does not mean that the problem is over. The surface only has been scratched. Thousands upon thousands are still to come. They have no other place to go. Their supporters and near and dear ones are in America. I wish it were possible for you to listen to the tragic reports of the immigrants who come to us from Europe and of our representatives, and I am sure that you would undertake to help us to a greater extent than you already have in mind to do. The plight of those in Europe who want to come to America is sad indeed, and only with the efforts of Americans and the organizations that represent them can such help be given to them. I wish too it were possible for you to see the immigrants who come to us daily, after the suffering they have undergone to reach America, and listen to their words of praise of the help that has been given them by our Society?"

What do you do for the immigrants when they come here?

"When they come here we welcome them in the name of American Jewry, we stretch out to them the hand of brotherhood. Our representatives met all steamers at the docks and our Ellis Island office looks after the interests of all immigrants who must pass through that island and who may be detained there. It appeals to Washington for all those who are ordered deported and has prevented the deportation of numbers of unfortunates. The immigrants who are brought to our Home are discharged to their relatives as quickly as they are located. Those whose relatives we cannot locate, or who have no relatives, stay with us until such time as we connect them with their near and dear ones or until we secure for

them proper employment to become self supporting."

As to the needs of the future, Mr. Rosenblatt said:

"Our present home is inadequate to enable us to properly carry on our work of receiving, in a manner befitting the Jews in this country, the immigrants who come to us. Our Board of Directors knew what to expect with the resumption of immigration, and decided upon plans for a New Home, and accordingly purchased the historic Astor Library, which, as I told you, we are now in the course of remodeling. It is to

pay for the Home and the necessary alterations that we are straining every effort to raise at least one-half million dollars. To me has been given the task and the duty of raising this sum, and I am doing everything in my power, and hope that we shall be successful."

"Nothing would give me greater pleasure, and in fact it would be to me a New Year wish fulfilled," Mr. Rosenblatt concluded, "if American Jewry would respond liberally to the appeal that is being made on behalf of the Society."

## DR. ALFRED NOSIG ON HENRY MORGENTHAU'S MEMOIRS

In its issue of July 30th, the "Moment," a leading Jewish daily in Warsaw, publishes an article from the pen of Dr. Alfred Nosig, under the head of "Morgenthau's Memoirs." We quote the article in full:

"During the past year Mr. Morgenthau, the late American Ambassador in Constantinople, has made public his 'Memoirs,' which have only just reached me.

"I read these Memoirs with considerable curiosity for two reasons. In the first place I visited Constantinople a number of times during the period that Morgenthau was there as Ambassador and thoroughly familiarized myself with his activities, as well as with the general political atmosphere of the Turkish capital.

"In the second place these Memoirs were handed to me with the remark that the Ambassador had condescended to devote a few pages of his work to myself.

"The brief career of Dr. Morgenthau on the Bosphorus may well be characterized in this fashion: He was entrusted with a mission to maintain in so far as possible the very best relations with the Turkish government in order to support the commercial and political interests of the United States.

"Included in the various interests which came under the sphere of American influence were the protection of the Armenians and the support of Jewish aspirations in Palestine. Mr. Morgenthau did not completely carry out these tasks for the simple reason that he failed to win the sympathy and confidence of Turkish circles. A "greenhorn" in the field of diplomacy, he did not understand how to adapt himself to the Turkish psychology. Striving to effect his purposes, particularly in the question of Armenia, Morgenthau, in his peculiar form of negotiating, he deeply insulted and hurt the national pride of the Turks. Apart from that, he was accused of disloyalty to Turkey even before America entered the war.

"This resulted in the fact that he not only failed to accomplish his purposes but distinctly aggravated the situation. He represented a most powerful state, one for which Turkey had great respect. His position was such that he might really have accomplished very much and yet he failed to check the terrible slaughter of the Armenians. The Turkish government's dislike for the unsuitable American Ambassador reached a point where America found itself compelled to recall Mr. Morgenthau from Constantinople at the imperative and repeated demands of the Turks.

"His career came to an end with a severe diplomatic defeat, the details and developments of which were well known in political circles in Constantinople.

"How can distinct failure be converted into success in the eyes of public opinion?"

"Mr. Morgenthau found the means for such a transformation: he issued Memoirs in which he changed the decorations, the roles and the perspective

on the political stage and illuminated his own individuality with particular lights.

"Among the others I too was destined to have the honor of serving as a part of the made-up background for the splendid self-illumination of Mr. Morgenthau.

"The Ambassador, as he puts it, 'soon noticed' that I came to Constantinople as a political agent of Germany, my mission being to interfere with his efforts in behalf of the Armenians and to hinder the accomplishment of these efforts by various threats.

"The matter would not worry me quite so much had his error with regard to myself also proven to be the result of his failure to understand the situation. Unfortunately I have no doubt that with regard to myself, Mr. Morgenthau was quite well informed and did not as a matter of fact believe in that which he wrote. He knew only too well that I remained in Constantinople only as the representative of the Jewish Colonization Association (ICA), with the desire to actively aid Jewish aspirations in Palestine. In other words, a matter to which I have devoted my entire life. He also knew that if I was in a position to accomplish anything in the direction I desired it was not as the result of any help I was obtaining from a foreign power but exclusively through my own efforts and because of my excellent relations with those most influential in the Turkish government of that period. He was further aware that these relations were the result of the principle I maintained in dealing with people, the very simple principle that one does not have to abuse those from whom one desires to obtain something, a principle which was just the opposite of the one which apparently underlay Morgenthau's method.

"If Morgenthau was really ignorant of all these facts and truly believed that I was a German agent, he would not have invited me to breakfast in an intimate circle in the company of his wife, and would not have closeted himself with me in his cabinet to conduct long and confidential conversations regarding various Jewish questions and all pertaining to them.

"I therefore declare that Mr. Morgenthau consciously parted company with the truth when he relates that in one of our conversations I, as the German representative, made an effort to influence him and to prevail upon him not to concern himself with the Armenian question; that I threatened him with the possibility of being recalled, and that he told me to take the matter up with the German Ambassador, which I did.

"I never suggested to Morgenthau that he should cease intervening in behalf of the Armenians. I could not do so, not alone from humanitarian motives, but because I knew that this intervention was a part of his duties as the American representative. I merely advised him to change his

provoking tactics in the whole matter.

"It is by no means a pleasant thing to draw the attention of an Ambassador to his inabilities. When I finally decided to do so I was prompted by the interests of the matter about which we were commonly concerned and with regard to which I was in a position to speak with perfect freedom, that was the Palestine question.

"America sent to Constantinople three successive Jewish Ambassadors. To have a Jew as an American Ambassador was a matter which in those days of Jewish hardships in Palestine was of great importance. Morgenthau weakened this important position and through him the entire Jewish Palestine question was endangered. I knew, not through German circles but by virtue of information given me by the Grand Vizier, that Morgenthau's position was undermined. I conveyed this fact to him confidentially with the idea of influencing him to change his tactics even at the last moment, that tactic which made every step of his, both with regard to Armenia and the Jewish question, vain and useless.

"It is the utmost absurdity to suggest that he advised me 'to turn regarding the matter to (the German) Ambassador Vangenhelm,' when as a matter of fact Vangenheim knew nothing of the whole matter.

"Unfortunately, Morgenthau failed to understand that by his tactics he aggravated the tragic situation of the Armenians and incidentally made harder the lot of the Jews. He was concerned only with his personal attitude and already then he came to consider his failure, which was throughout of his own making, as something of which he could be proud.

"That this and no other is the history of Mr. Morgenthau in Constantinople is perhaps best proven by the destiny of his immediate successor, Mr. Elikus, who is also a Jew. He too was depended upon to protect Armenians and to support Jewish aspirations. But no one could reproach Mr. Elikus with being disloyal or that he works against the interests of Turkey and insults her honor. On the contrary, he gained the sympathy of the Turkish government to such an extent that even after America declared itself at war with Turkey he remained for many months in Constantinople (under cover of being convalescent) and served the interests of America splendidly even then, while his official residence was filled with hiding Armenians.

"I retained the friendliest relations with Elikus. I never had occasion to warn him in any direction nor did he find it necessary to invent stories and accusations against me.

"One can forgive human folly but Mr. Morgenthau had no right to carve for his own stage of acts portions from another's reputation so that he may withdraw from the stage in the pose of a melodramatic hero.

"This lack of loyalty on the part of Mr. Morgenthau, this tendency on his part to make public conversations of his own invention, was demonstrated in other directions. On his return to New York he felt that he must throw favorable light upon his activities with regard to the Palestine question. Receiving a group of reporters, he declared that he had prevailed upon Talat and Enver that they should give the Jews great domestic and political concessions in Palestine. Entering into details, he said that among other things they would let the Jews build the ports of Jaffa and Haifa. The Hahambashi Rabbi Nahum was mentioned as the mediator in these negotiations.

"This statement caused the Turkish government as well as Rabbi Nahum a great deal of trouble. They cabled to Washington and when the Ex-Ambassador found himself unable to explain the matter he issued a new

version of the affair, stating that this political victory of his was merely a joke which had been passed off over a cup of black coffee.

"Is, perhaps, his attempt to shift his failure in the Armenian question on to me, also 'a joke passed off over a cup of black coffee?'"

**WARSAW JEWS DARE NOT ADMIT THEIR NATIONALITY**

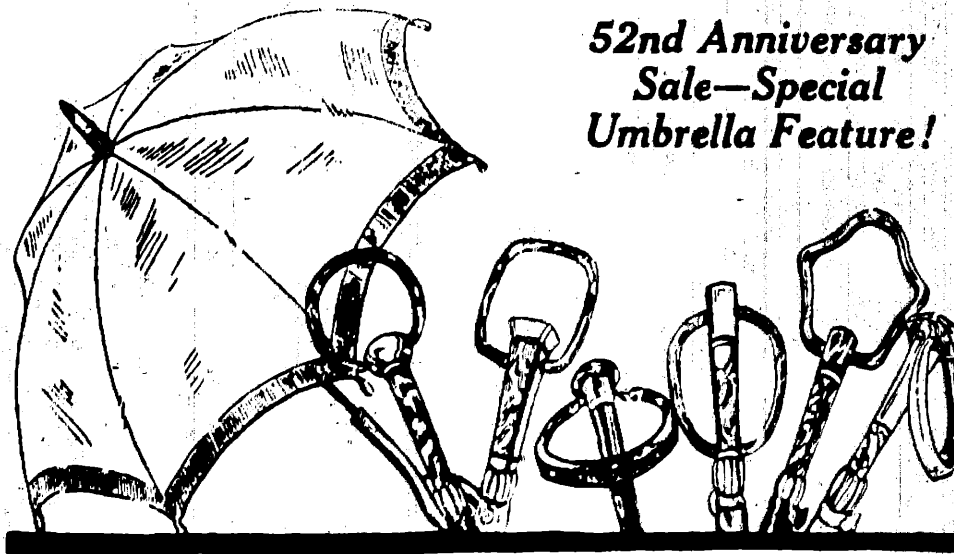
SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

London.—According to reports appearing in the Jewish press of Warsaw the government has arranged to have a census taken in the Polish cap-

ital. Under the present conditions of prevailing terror, the papers add, a large number of Jews fear to admit their Jewish nationality.

Accused of belonging to the party of the "United Socialists," Kruk, Szulman, Kastelanski, Pinef and Gaist have been placed on trial.

**THE ROSENBAUM CO.**



**52nd Anniversary Sale—Special Umbrella Feature!**

**Three Anniversary Specials!**

**Women's Umbrellas**

**5.65**

Made of good grade Cotton Gloria—white claw tips—colored Pyralin handles with ring arm swing. Price includes tax.

**Men's Umbrellas—Also women's—made of silk and lisle—wide tape edge. Price, including tax 7.85**

**Men's and Women's Umbrellas—fine quality silk and lisle—choice of beautiful handles. Price, including tax 9.50**

**Highest Grade Umbrellas**

**Extra Heavy Colored Taffeta Silk Umbrellas—Beautiful handles, claw tips and stub ends. Twenty-five inch size—eight ribs. Price, including tax 21.60**

**Are You Ready for the Autumnal Rains?**

You may see here all the Fall ideas in umbrellas for every member of the family.

You will have no difficulty in finding the smart new umbrella that you are looking for—our stocks are full and offer a remarkable variety of cotton, silk and lisle, union and all silk umbrellas for men, woman and children.

Autumn brings new colored silk umbrellas for women—There have been times when umbrellas were only for utilitarian purposes—now they play an important part in every woman's costume. The rich handles of bakelite and pyralin are in new and charming colors which harmonize with the colors of the silk. Some of the umbrellas are edged with broad Ottoman bands in self color. The colors are purple, navy, blue, green and brown.

Umbrellas are no longer a burden—Designers and craftsmen have made them so attractive, so convenient, that one rather enjoys carrying them. They are a charming addition to one's costume.

**Black Umbrellas for Men, Women and Children—Price includes tax—3.75, 4.00, 5.10, 5.65, 6.20, 7.25, 7.85, 9.50, 10.60, 12.80 to 30.00**

—The Rosenbaum Umbrella Store, Street Floor—

## Council of Jewish Women

PITTSBURGH SECTION ACTIVE IN COMMUNITY WORK

The Council of Jewish Women, Pittsburgh Section, will officially resume its activities on September 8th when the president, Mrs. Enoch Rauh, will call to order the first board meeting of the season of 1920-1921. In the meantime the work of the organization will be going forward in its chosen fields of work.

Committee meetings are being called. Arrangements are being completed for an unusually interesting series of meetings. Every member is alert to make this year of Council effort one of incalculable aid in fostering civic, religious and philanthropic work. The committee on Plan and Scope, Mrs. Edwin Zugemith, chairman, is intensely interested in getting the new departmentalization of committee work under way.

Mrs. Rauh, in her usual co-operative spirit, at the last minute, in meeting with the committees on Plan and Scope and Citizenship, decided to abandon the plan of holding a class in Parliamentary Law for the Council members. Instead the members have been urged and advised to devote this time in attending the series of lectures given under the auspices of the Allegheny County League of Women Voters. Cards have been sent out to this effect, notifying each member of the Council of her opportunity to cooperate in this effort of a newly enfranchised group.

The course will be on Women and Citizenship, given by Mrs. Raymond Brown, of New York City. There will be a series of lectures at 11:00 A. M. on Thursdays and Fridays for three consecutive weeks: September 23, 24; September 30 and October 1; October 7 and 8, at Moose Temple, 628 Penn Avenue. There will also be an evening series for business and professional

women at 8:00 P. M. on the same dates at Schenley High School. Morning Lecture Course will be \$2.00; single lecture, 50 cents. Evening Lecture Course, \$1.00; single lecture, 25 cents. Tickets may be purchased at the entrance of Moose Temple and Schenley High School immediately preceding the lectures.

This course will take the place of the Parliamentary Law Class as outlined by the Committee on Organization, Miss Lorine Friedman, chairman. The committee, however, hopes to hold the class in Parliamentary Law early next year, or whenever the best opportunity for all presents itself. Mrs. Edwin Rauh, Chairman of Citizenship, will receive all fees for the class in Citizenship and will be very glad to give any desired information on the course of lectures now in progress. For all information call Hazel 2287.

### Important Notes

Opening Board Meeting for 1920-1921: September 30th, at 1:30 P. M. sharp at Pittsburgh Workshop for the Blind, 424 Second Avenue, near Grant.

First Open Meeting, October 28th—an evening meeting. If you have a date for that time, cancel it; it not, reserve that evening for this meeting. A big surprise in store for all members of the Council of Jewish Women and their friends. Watch for next number of The Jewish Criterion and you will understand why we speak with such authority and assurance.

First number of the Council Bulletin promised for October by the Editor, Mrs. Charles Igel.

Attend the course on "Women and Citizenship" at the Moose Temple every Thursday and Friday at 11 A. M.

C. F. K.

### HUNGARIAN JEWS CONVEY NEW JEWISH BAKERS WILL NOT WORK ON THE SABBATH

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—As a result of the efforts of the Jewish Sabbath Alliance of America, of which the Rev. Dr. Bernard Drachman is president, Jewish bakers will suspend all activities on the Sabbath. This decision was arrived at by representatives of the Baker Drivers, Baker Workers and Master Bakers of New York, who met at a conference specially called to consider this question.

### JEWISH HERO DECORATED

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—Formal presentation of the Distinguished Service Cross to Corporal Seltzer, late of Company M, Sixteenth U. S. Infantry, First Division, was made today in the office of Col. B. W. Atkinson, recruiting officer, New York district.

Seltzer's citation reads: "For extraordinary heroism in action near Fleville, France, Oct. 4, 1918. In the attack launched along the Aire river, Corporal Seltzer, single-handed, silenced an enemy machine gun that was causing casualties in his company. He was severely wounded on October 9 while leading his squad in an attack on an enemy strong point."

### OTTO H. KAHN, MUSIC PATRON

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—In its issue of September 14th, the "New York Globe" announced the opening concert in these terms:

"You may have thought that Otto H. Kahn is the chairman of the board of directors at the Metropolitan Opera House and the foremost patron of art in America. He is. You may have thought he is one of the greatest international figures in banking. He is.

"But also, and what is most important for the moment, he is the honorary chairman of the Globe Music Club, and as such he will speak at the opening meeting and concert of the fifth anniversary year of Globe musical activities tomorrow night at the free-to-the-public meeting at De Witt Clinton Hall, Fifty-ninth street at Tenth avenue.

"Otto H. Kahn, has been in more ways than one a friend to the people in this new epoch-making channel of the Globe free concerts and allied activities. Unfortunately, Mr. Kahn refuses to have publicity given to his good work, but he has often said that the Globe musical movement is a big thing in the world today, which is aiding in the democratizing of art. Mr. Kahn believes in the work of the Globe and its musical leader, whose theories and practice have been expressed in the 1,105 concerts which have been given in the last four years."

### JEWS ARE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR POLISH-LITHUANIAN DISPUTE

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

London.—In its efforts to accuse the Jews of some new crime, "Dwa Grosha," the anti-Semitic organ of the Polish capital, now claims that the Jews are responsible for the dispute which has arisen between the Poles and the Lithuanians, according to a dispatch received here from Warsaw.

### WELL FITTING CLOTHES PROVE VALUABLE ASSET

"Did you ever stop to think that a suit of clothes made to your order and for your individual wear reflected to a marked degree your personality and character?"

This is a question asked by the manager of the Glasgow Woolen Mills company.

"The selection of the cloth employed, the style of cut selected and the many small details that enter into the making of a suit," he continued, "all reflect the wearer's tastes, his capabilities of selection and give a pretty fair gauge by which a critical eye can tell what may be expected of him in things other than clothes. Thus a man can never tell how far-reaching in its benefits his appearance may be.

"More particularly to the employed man are his clothes his biggest asset and the most inexpensive thing he can put his money into. By way of illustration let us suppose that the head of a large concern wishes to employ a secretary and goes to his office one morning to find a half-dozen applicants awaiting him. He casts his eye over the bunch and the man he picks for his first interview is the one who is well and tastefully dressed, because he impresses him with the fact that his character and ability are reflected by his appearance. If such an applicant did not have some ability he would not have the necessary money to properly clothe himself. There may be a college professor waiting in that bunch, but his clothes are shabby and ill-fitting, consequently he does not favorably impress the eye, though his education may far exceed that of any present.

"Right here is where a word can be well put in as to the selection of a tailor, for the knowing man will select a tailor whose reputation stands for all that a good, sound, reputable merchant with years of successful business behind him could stand for. His success attests his ability to assist his patrons in making proper selection, proper for him individually, and then tailoring the cloths in such a manner that they will become as much as is possible a part of the wearer.

"In just this way the reputation and vast business of the Glasgow Woolen Mills company, of 509 Smithfield Street, has been built. For 25 years the company has been in the Park building, making friends by making clothes, a truly happy combination."

**WANTED**—Efficient teachers for daily Hebrew School of Congregation B'nai Israel, East End. Must know Hebrew language well and be good disciplinarians. Also teachers for Sunday mornings who have had experience in teaching Biblical history and the Jewish religion. Apply in person or write to Rabbi B. A. Liehter, corner Highland and Rippey Streets, nine to eleven A. M., or phone Hilland 3870 or 7305.

**FOR SALE**—Pompein brick, modern center-hall house, 11 rooms, two baths. Best location in Squirrel Hill. One block from carline. Bargain to quick buyer. Phone Hazel 1527 for appointment.

**WANTED**—Salesman who is acquainted with this city and suburban towns. Must have references. Splendid opportunity for right man. Write C. D. Criterion.

**WANTED**—Jewish girl, student, desires room and board with nice Jewish family; Schenley or Oakland districts preferred. Address E. S., Criterion.

**WANTED**—Saleslady for ready-to-wear store. Apply S. L. Goldston, 1406 Carson Street, South Side.

**LOST**—On Tuesday evening, in vicinity of Rodeph Shalom Temple, solid gold wrist watch. Initials E. M. L. Reward. Call Braddock 237-W, P. & A. phone.

**WANTED**—One or two young ladies for room and board; Friendship Park district. Call Fisk 1558-J.

**WANTED**—Young man desires room and board with private family in East End, Squirrel Hill or Oakland. Best reference. Answer must state location, rate and give telephone number. Address "T," Criterion.

## CLASSIFIED

**WANTED**—Professional young man wishes nicely furnished room and breakfast with refined Jewish family in East End District, near Roup Station. Write "P. P." Criterion.

**WANTED**—First class salesman; live wire; one well experienced preferred; opportunity for money making. Apply 200 Smithfield Street.

**FOR SALE**—Farm, suitable for summer home, containing 18½ acres, eight room house and bath, electric light and gas, gardener's cottage, barn, garage and other necessary buildings. Large orchard of all kinds of fruit. Improved road. On hills above Verona. Twenty-five minutes drive from East Liberty. Price \$15,000. Room 328 Frick Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

*The margin of profit on New Year's Greetings is so small that we cannot afford the expense of a collector to look after such accounts. We shall appreciate very much therefore, if all those who have not paid, will do so at once.*

# The Jewish New Year in the Greater City

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—The observance of the Jewish New Year in this city appeared to be more marked than in previous years. Temples, synagogues and improvised "Minyonim" were everywhere well filled. The celebration of Rosh Hashonah was also evidenced in every part of the city by the closing of factories, shops and stores.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise, addressing members and guests of the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall, made an eloquent plea to Christians to protest against the falsehoods which were made current about Jews, and asked Jews to forgive the Christians.

In the course of his address, Dr. Wise said:

"The 'Jewish Peril' is the cry of every group in Europe today which desires the restoration of the old pre-war order, whether in militarist Germany or in czarist Russia. It is a brazen attempt to find some scapegoat, an excuse for a return to the order that was. While mobs may be diverted for an hour from pursuing their purposes, the cry of the 'Jewish Peril' is no solution of the problem which has created world-wide unrest. Polish mobs may forget about the crimes of Polish imperialism while committing unspeakable crimes against Jewish men, women and children, but this solves no problems.

"Europe cannot remain unharmed by the treatment of the Jew in which

European lands indulge today—by the virtual exile of the world's greatest scientist, Einstein, from the academic halls of Germany; by Hungary's barbarous treatment of its Jewish citizenry; by Poland's ghastly excesses against its Jewish men, women and children; by the Ukrainians' hellish dealing with its Jewish victims. Our Bernard Cantor, my beloved young friend and colleague, was only one of tens of thousands of the victims of Ukrainian butchery. Cantor, differing from the others only—but oh, what a difference—in that they could not escape and he chose to go to his brothers to share their life and to die as many of them needs must die.

"Though a Jew, I am gravely concerned about the self-debasement of the Christian world, which is turning the life of Israel of Eastern Europe into a tale of shambles. And the lead in bringing this awful chapter to an end must not and cannot be taken by Jews, but by Christians. It is the body of the Jew that is hurt; it is the soul of Christendom that may doom itself.

"And if it should come to pass that Christendom forbear not, though we walk in the valley of the shadow of death we must not fear evil done us, but only such evil as we may be tempted to do. We must keep our heads unbowed, though bloody. The one thing we may not, dare not do, is

to justify the baseness of our oppressors, so to live as to give substance to the lies of them that defame us.

"It is we who now more than ever in the centuries of our tragic story have reason to turn and pray, 'Father, forgive them though they know not what they do.'

"The world we must learn to forgive, though ourselves we shall never be able to forgive if we forget the injunction laid upon our fathers, 'Be a blessing; bless them that curse thee.'

"It is the special share of Christendom in America today that that issue of lies and forgeries known as the 'Protocols of the Jewish Peril' is being given circulation by a confessedly illiterate multi-millionaire, who has taken upon himself the onus of filing the gravest charges that have ever been uttered against Jews in this or any land. In America is it not enough for Christians to say that they have no part therein, that they place no credence in the charge?

"It is their business, and above all in their Christian churches it is their duty, to cry out against these hideous falsehoods uttered against a whole nation. This is the time to protest before it is too late, before the disease shall have taken root throughout the land and become endemic and fatal to our moral well-being."

## CHICKEN DEALERS TOOK ADVANTAGE OF THE HOLIDAYS

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—According to a statement issued by Commissioner of Markets E. J. O'Malley, Jewish housewives in Greater New York over-

paid for their holiday poultry no less than \$340,000 in illegitimate profits which unscrupulous dealers made them pay. Commissioner O'Malley promised that he would take all necessary steps to insure that such an outrage did not recur.

## NEW YORK TIMES REPORTS POLISH POGROMS

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—In its issue of September 14th, the "New York Times" had the following special cable from its Berlin correspondent:

"BERLIN, Sept. 12.—Under the headline, 'A Polish Hell,' the Freiheit publishes an account of Polish atrocities said to have been committed against Jews. It is sent by a special correspondent, who says he is neither a Jew nor a Bolshevik.

"He says that, now that the Polish armies are advancing into a country thickly populated by Jews, the roads in their rear are blocked with Jews who have been driven from their homes and robbed of nearly everything. Many thousands, he says, have been killed by the Polish troops in sheer lust for blood, and many are dying by the wayside from hunger and exhaustion.

"The Freiheit's correspondent admits that most of the Jews rejoiced when the Russians drove the Polish army back upon Warsaw and aided the Russians in every way possible; but he remarks that that does not justify the Poles in inflicting the most frightful suffering upon the whole Jewish population.

"He asserts that pogroms have occurred in Suwalki and other places. In Grodno, he says, hundreds of Jews whom the Poles arrested have disappeared.

"A Jew from America, he says, arrived in Grodno, with large amounts collected in the United States for the relief of Polish Jews, just as the Poles were about to evacuate the town. They entered his house and, not finding him, assaulted and killed his sister and also killed her younger brother, who tried to defend her. This American Jew, says the correspondent, is now collecting evidence to send to America.

"The correspondent also charges that fifteen Jews were found murdered near Grodno, their bodies having been mutilated in the most horrible manner, and that 800 Jewish houses were burned in Grodno."

## MARCUS LOEW AND HIS ENTERPRISES

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

New York.—A loan of \$2,500,000 negotiated some time ago was closed yesterday by the Metropolitan Insurance Company to Marcus Loew on his theater and office building structure in course of erection in Seventh avenue and Forty-fifth street. This immense show house, with a sixteen-story office building, is but one of twenty-seven similar building enterprises that Mr. Loew now has in course of construction throughout the country. Mr. Loew reports that he is having no trouble on the score of materials and labor, and that he finds a tendency in the building material market to return to lower levels.

## GERMAN ZIONISTS IMPOSE TEN PER CENT. TAX FOR PALESTINE

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

Berlin.—The Central Zionist Committee of Germany has resolved to impose a tax of ten per cent. upon its members and sympathizers for the "Kerem Hayesod," the fund which will be used for the rebuilding of Palestine.

# BLACKSTONE THEATRE

Isaac Gluckheimer, proprietor of the Blackstone Theater, found that the engagement of "Humoresque," Fannie Hurst's great story of New York's Ghetto, inspired by Dvorak's "Humoresque," was altogether inadequate to accommodate the thousands who wished to see the picture, so he has been forced by the desire of the public to extend the engagement another week. The various holidays during the past

harmony and beauty of his accomplishment. It will prevail this week, consisting of an augmented symphony orchestra, M. E. Rocereto, conductor, F. Rosenfeld, presiding at the handsome new Mikren-Lane organ, and with the popular vocalist, Mrs. Aznes Vogel Roberts, as soloist. "Humoresque" has taken such a hold upon the public of Pittsburgh because it is the finest interpretation extant of the deep mystery and

ferred to the screen with rare sympathy and understanding. Starting with the boyhood of a youngster in New York's Ghetto, born with masterful passion in his breast-love for his mother and love for music—the photoplay shows the child later as a youthful genius of the violin, entertaining royalty and giving a huge concert in New York for his own people. Then comes the great sorrow that seems to forbid



ALMA RUBENS and GASTON GLASS in the Cosmopolitan Production "HUMORESQUE" A PARAMOUNT AIRCRAFT PICTURE

week interfered with great throngs of people who were anxious to witness on the screen the development of this marvellous Jewish story. The musical embellishment that accompanied the exhibition of "Humoresque" at the Blackstone won unstinted praise for the

pathos that lie in Dvorak's immortal melody. Fannie Hurst, who wrote the story upon which the play is based, took mother love for her theme. She developed her story with all her full knowledge of human beings of the ordinary mould. The novel has been trans-

him ever playing again. But in a strange manner the "silver lining" comes and he and his faithful mother are made happy. Vera London, Alma Rubens, Gaston Glass, Bobby Connelly, Dora Davidson and other popular players appear in the cast.

## CONGRESSMAN SIEGEL SAYS ONLY THIRTEEN JEWS WERE DEPORTED

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

New York—In today's issue of the New York "Globe" the following letter is published:

"Two letters signed by George C. Kaley and Charles M. Kady appearing in last night's Globe contain statements which are so absolutely incorrect and untrue that I deem it my duty to immediately call your attention to the misstatements.

"Under the Siegel Resolution passed by the House of Representatives last November authority was given to the House Committee on Immigration and Naturalization to investigate immigration and naturalization problems in the United States. A most thorough investigation took place at Ellis Island. As the ranking Republican member of that committee I was present at the entire investigation and also interviewed the persons who were deported on the Buford.

"Messrs. Kaley and Kady are absolutely wrong when they say 'The undesirable that were deported to free Russia were Jews.' Of the 249 who were deported there were only thirteen who claimed to have been either Jews by religion or race or of Jewish descent. The balance were real Russians and Poles. The same gentlemen are very much mistaken when they state that the leaders of the Bolshevik movement are Jews. The mere fact that there happen to be one or two among the Bolshevik leaders who are Jews in no reason for the constant misstatements regarding this fact being made.

"Once for all, it may be of interest to these gentlemen and others who are continuously and constantly anywhere and everywhere trying to create race prejudice in this country to remind them that over 4 per cent of the American army and navy of the recent war were of the Jewish faith, although making up about 3 per cent of the country's population. More than one-half of the men of the Jewish faith who served in the late war were in the infantry. The 'lost battalion of the Seventy-seventh Division consisted mainly of those who lived on the East Side of New York. The death rate among those of the Jewish faith was over 5 per cent of the entire death rate, when for the entire country at large it was only 3 1/2 per cent.

"Let them also be reminded that 213,000 aliens who could have claimed exemption waived that exemption and entered the army of the United States and fought most gallantly. Those who are speaking constantly about Americanism must learn first to be real Americans in the fullest sense of the term, which means to recognize the best that is in the individual regardless of his place of birth, race, color, or creed or religion. The true American patriot does this. The man who refuses to do it is not and never can be a real American citizen.

"Isaac Siegel,  
"House of Representatives,  
"Washington, D. C."

## The EMIR FEISAL AND ZIONISM

London.—In its last issue, just out, "Palestine" has the following editorial under the above head:

"It would appear that, despite reports that he was going to Hedjaz, the Emir Feisal has left for England on the express invitation of Mr. Lloyd George. The Emir has made the very interesting declaration to an Arab newspaper that the opposition of the pan-Arab extremists to the Zionist policy of England was responsible for the defeat of his government in Damascus, and he expresses the hope that the Zionist leaders in London will intervene in favor of Arab independence. What we take the Emir to mean by the first of his statements is that the ignorance, intolerance, extravagance and impracticability of the pan-Arab extremists, which led them to declare war on Zionism, and to instigate to murder and outrage, rendered impossible any accommodation with France. All the energies of these gentry were devoted to destruction—to the making of enemies and the alienation of friends; and they utterly failed to see the solid facts through the clouds of their own rhetoric. Assuredly, the Emir Feisal has never sympathized with them; they have been his worst enemies, as well as the worst enemies of their country. Where he is open to criticism is in overestimating their real strength. A statement such as that he has now made would have been of ten-fold the value six months or a year ago. However, it is very hard for those who have not been in the intolerable position in which the Emir was placed to decide fairly where his judgment may have erred. We read in his present declaration and in his appeal to the Zionist leaders a determination to do his utmost to remove artificial difficulties, generated by the pan-Arab extremists and by those alien forces which have used the extremists as their tools, from the path of the Jewish Palestine. The situation for

the time being in Palestine is, as Sir Herbert Samuel declared, very satisfactory, and the age-long Jewish hopes are in perfect harmony with the permanent interests of all sections of the population. The agitator has done his worst, and we believe that even the agitator outside the country has shot his bolt. The Emir Feisal can count on the cordial sympathy of the Jewish nation. Jewish nationalism and Arab nationalism, as the Zionist leaders have always preached and practiced, so far from being antagonistic are complementary. They can and will render much support to one another in the common task of civilization.

There is little indication that the French contemplate the return of Feisal to Damascus. We still think that he is the best instrument for the sincere execution of the mandate. However, that is a matter of opinion, and there can be no question of imposing upon France a method and a man she rejects. The very interesting suggestion has been made that the Emir might be made king of Mesopotamia. It will be remembered that some Mesopotamian notables at Damascus proclaimed Feisal's brother, Abdullah, king of Mesopotamia. Undoubtedly, Feisal would fill the throne better, and we are disposed to believe that he would be very acceptable to the British government, whose relations with him have always been very cordial. It would be idle, however, to close one's eyes to certain difficulties. The French might object to our putting on the throne of Mesopotamia a prince whom they had so summarily ejected from the throne of Syria. More weighty are difficulties inherent in the situation itself. The British government desires to set up in Mesopotamia a ruler and a government which will be acceptable to the Arab population. The Sherifian family is not so well known in Mesopotamia as in Syria. It could hardly be claimed that it is generally recognized, as the

utmost that might be said is that the Emir Feisal could and would claim a larger following than any other probable candidate. That, of course, is not a negligible circumstance. Again, the Sherifian family represents Senussi orthodoxy, where the majority of the Mesopotamian population, or at least of the settled element, are Shi'ahs. The Emir Feisal is superior to sectarian hates, and could be trusted to rule justly and tolerantly and with full regard to the rights of all; but he would not only have to be just and impartial, he would have to make his subjects believe in his justice and impartiality. These are difficulties to be faced, but also to be overcome. If it be true that the Emir Feisal is coming to England on the special invitation of Mr. Lloyd George, there should be little doubt of the will to overcome them."

## WHY ARE NOT THE TERMS OF THE TURKISH PEACE TREATY MADE PUBLIC?

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

London.—In its last issue, which is just out, "Palestine," the organ of the British Palestine Committee, has the following editorial under the head of "The Turkish Treaty":

"The Turkish treaty has at length been signed, little remarked and with little ceremony. The ending of a mighty empire has found the world incurious and little interested, though decided enough. The Powers have hastened to announce, parallel with the treaty, an agreement delimiting their spheres of interest in the fragmentary Turkey that remains. None of us love these agreements, which too often conceal, under the smooth, hypocritical phrases of diplomacy, a resolute purpose to squeeze the life out of a people. We hope that nothing of that kind will have to be pronounced against this latest agreement. We are all of us enemies of Imperial Turkey; we are all of us moved by goodwill toward national Turkey. The lands which are really Ottoman and which have suffered hardly less than they have inflicted suffering by rule over other nations, should have their own emancipation by that same act which emancipates the subject peoples. They deserve our sympathy and our help, and they need them at least as much as do the redeemed countries. It would be a tragedy if the old game of concession hunting and ruthless exploitation were to be continued at the expense of the diminished Turkey. The Anatolian Turk deserves, as he requires, a better justice than that."

The terms of the agreement have not been published nor has the full text of the treaty of peace with Turkey. The delay in publication is difficult to defend. No serious person can claim that a summary is an adequate substitute. The summaries, to give one illustration of their inadequacy, are always weakest on the economic side. Yet these economic provisions are of high importance to the redeemed peoples. What exactly has been decided with regard to the Ottoman debt, or what with regard to concessions? Old Turkey was poisoned by hosts of concessions of very dubious origin and very hostile to the welfare of the communities. Are these to stand, or is there to be release from them only at an extortionate price. The financier always has opportunities of putting his case and getting his interests safeguarded, whereas it is difficult for the public cause to find a defender. Has this happened with the Turkish Treaty? Rumor suggests that it has. There is only one way of settling the matter—by publishing the full text of the treaty. Palestine is peculiarly affected, because not only has she been victimized by the concession hunter at the Sublime Porte, but she is more anxious and more ready than any other of the redeemed lands to get to

work. She must needs, whether the treaty does or does not clog her liberty to rebuild herself."

## ANTI-SEMITES FORCE PROFESSOR EINSTEIN TO LEAVE BERLIN UNIVERSITY—THEY ALSO HAVE NOVEL METHOD FOR FURTHERING THEIR AGITATIONS

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

Vienna—Reports appearing in the Berlin press received here today state that Professor Einstein, the noted Jewish scientist, has decided to leave the Berlin University, with which he has been connected for many years. In the "Berliner Tageblatt," Professor Einstein declares that he is forced to take this step by the insulting attitude and addresses on the part of his colleagues as well as students. The "Tageblatt" in commenting on Einstein's resignation states that his departure from the Berlin University would jeopardize Germany's honor as well as the position of German science. It therefore appeals to the heads of the University to prevail upon Professor Einstein not to take this contemplated step.

German anti-Semites have hit upon a novel method to further their agitations. They have printed in the form of labels or large stamps a number of slanderous charges against the Jews. These labels are gummed and affixed to the outside of all letters and postcards. The attention of the government was drawn to this practice and a dispatch from Berlin informs us that the Post Ministry has issued instructions that mails bearing these labels should not be dispatched.

The German Nationalists are continuing their anti-Jewish demonstration with ever greater zeal. Their demonstrations are directed chiefly against the Eastern Jews and at Breslau the demonstrators attacked a number of Jewish refugees and plundered some Jewish stores.

## DENIKIN'S OFFICERS CARRY ON ANTI-SEMITIC CAMPAIGN

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

Paris—A report has been received from Belgrade stating that thousands of Serbian officers who were serving with General Denikin's forces and who recently returned to their native homes are carrying on a strenuous anti-Semitic campaign. Their chief charge against the Jews is that they are all Bolsheviks.

## RUTTENBERG'S IRRIGATION PLANS FOR PALESTINE ENDORSED

London.—For some time past Pinchus Ruttenberg has been working on plans for the irrigation of Palestine. These plans were recently submitted to the Zionist Organization. When Sir Alfred Mond joined the Economic Council for Palestine he sent a noted English expert to examine the feasibility of Ruttenberg's plans. We now learn that this expert has reported very favorably upon Ruttenberg's detailed proposals.

## JEWISH ORGAN APPEALS FOR CORK MAYOR

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

London.—The "Jewish World," a popular weekly appearing in English, in its issue of yesterday, vigorously demands the release of MacSwiney, the Irish Mayor of Cork.

## PROFESSOR EINSTEIN MAY COME TO AMERICA

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

Vienna—Advices received here from Berlin state that Professor Albert Einstein, who recently resigned from the Berlin University, because of the anti-Semitic attitude of his colleagues, intends to go to America.

# Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

## Reduction in Prices of Ford Products

The War is over and War Prices must go. Effective at once—FORD CARS, TRUCKS, AND TRACTORS will be sold F. O. B. Detroit at the following prices:

Touring, regular, without starter	\$440.00	Sedan, complete with starter and demountable wheels	- - - \$795.00
Runabout, regular, without starter	\$395.00	One ton chassis truck with pneumatic tires	- - - \$545.00
Touring, with starter	- - \$510.00	Half-ton chassis	- - - \$360.00
Runabout, with starter	- - \$465.00	Tractor	- - - \$790.00
Coupe, complete with starter and demountable wheels	- - \$745.00		

The Ford Motor Company makes this reduction in the face of the fact that they have on hand immediate orders for 146,065 cars and tractors.

The Company will suffer a temporary loss while using up the material bought at high prices. They are willing to make the sacrifice in order to bring business back to a going condition as quickly as possible and maintain the momentum of the buying power of the country.

Henry Ford says "The War is Over and it is Time War Prices Were Over. There is no Sense or Wisdom in Trying to Maintain an Artificial Standard of Values. For the Best Interests of All it is Time a Real Practical Effort was Made to Bring the Business of the Country and the life of the Country Down to Regular Pre-War Standards."

We are at your command with regular Ford efficiency in service and eagerness to fill your orders.

**THE VALFORD CO.**  
6117 Broad Street  
Hiland 7660 E. E., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**KUHN-MUTCHLER CO.**  
423 Penn Avenue  
Franklin 563 Wilkesburg, Pa.

**B. F. STOUT**  
Forbes Field  
Schonley 3154 Pittsburgh, Pa.

**DIXON MOTOR CO.**  
100-111 Montgomery Avenue  
Cedar 2891 N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**ARSENAL MOTOR CO.**  
Butler St. at Thirty-Seventh  
Fisk 1592 Pittsburgh, Pa.

**POINT MOTOR CO.**  
36 Penn Avenue  
Court 617 Pittsburgh, Pa.

**BOYER MOTOR CO.**  
Warrington Ave. and Estella St.  
Hill 2000 S. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.



# SOCIETY

## Engagements

### Hepps—Nidoff

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Hepps, of Homestead, Pa., announce the engagement of their daughter, Elizabeth, to Mr. Max L. Nidoff, also of Homestead, Pa., Sunday, September 12th, 1920.

### Shapiro—Schwartzman

Mrs. Sarah Shapiro, of 3207 Kennett Square, Oakland, announces the engagement of her daughter, Edith Ruth, to Mr. Samuel Schwartzman, also of this city. The engagement will terminate in a wedding event of this winter.

**Horvitz—Misrok-Halperin**  
Mr. and Mrs. Baer Horvitz announce the engagement of their daughter, Dr. Pauline L. Horvitz, to Mr. S. Leo Misrok-Halperin.

## WEDDINGS

### Kitay—Koss

Mr. and Mrs. A. Kitay announce the marriage of their daughter, Lillian, to Mr. Hyman Koss, of Paterson, N. J., which took place at their home, 3109 Niagara Street, Oakland, this city on Wednesday, September 1st, 1920.

### Herzog—Levy

Miss Rena Herzog, daughter of Mrs. William Herzog, of 5708 Margaretta Street, has chosen Thursday, October 7th, 1920 as the date for her marriage to Mr. Harry F. Levy, of this city.

### Abrams—Miller

Mrs. Belle Abrams, of Kirkpatrick Street, announces the marriage of her daughter, Ella, to Mr. Isadore Franklin Miller, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Miller, of this city. The ceremony was solemnized Thursday, September 23rd, at the Tree of Life Synagogue. Rabbi M. M. Mazure officiating.

### Mendel—Putziger

Miss Dina Mendel, of 5636 Wilkins Avenue, has chosen Sunday, October

10th, 1920, as the date for her marriage to Mr. Bernard Putziger, of this city.

### Kaufman—Hirsh

Mr. and Mrs. Eli B. Kaufman, of Bartlett Street, announce the marriage of their daughter, Adelaide Ray, to Harold Mitchell Hirsh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Hirsh, of Jackson Street, on September 22nd, 1920.

## BORN

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Wechsler (nee Esther Kaplan), of 2326 Eldridge Street, at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 18th—a daughter.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sale (nee Yetta Siegel), of California, Pa., at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 17th—a daughter.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Julius Kimball (nee Yetta Kushner), of 300 Ophelia Street, at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 18th—a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Roth (nee Bertha Clair), of 1601 Webster Avenue, at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 18th—a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Silverman (nee Sarah Clateman), of 1417 Ruthford Avenue, Beechview, at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 20th—a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Reck (nee Rose Mogelesky), of 1618 Forsythe Street, at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 22nd—a daughter.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Colton (nee Pearl Perlow), of 604 South Dallas Avenue, at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 20th—a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Goldstein (nee Hattie Rosenberg), of 3458

Ferrysville Avenue, at the Wechsler Maternity Hospital, September 22nd—a son.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Max Fine-ran (nee Hannah Cohen), of 2250 Wylie Avenue, on Thursday September 9th, at the Rosalia Maternity Hospital—a son.

## AWARDED PRIZE BY DRAMA LEAGUE OF AMERICA

Elma Ehrlich Levinger, of New York City, for the last year a regular contributor to our paper, has been awarded a prize of \$250.00 by the Drama League of America for the best one-act play dealing with a Biblical subject. The first prize, for which only longer plays were eligible, was not awarded, as the judges unanimously considered Mrs. Levinger's play, "Jephtha's Daughter," the best of the hundred and fifty plays submitted.

## MONTEFIORE AID SOCIETY

The first meeting of the season 1920-1921, of the Montefiore Aid Society, was held at Hotel Chatham on Sunday afternoon, September 19th. Miss Julia Horovitz was unanimously elected president for the coming year. The other officers are: Miss Rose Soupcoff, vice president; Miss Margaret Sandler, treasurer; Miss Anna Gordon, financial secretary; Miss Gussie Sir Van, recording secretary; Miss Anna Spiegle, corresponding secretary; Miss Anna Treelisky, assistant corresponding secretary.

The organization is planning to accomplish much during the year and will assist in the building campaign for funds of the Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. All members are requested to communicate with Mrs. Geo. P. Goldman, 5712 Forbes Street, who is chairman for the organization in this work.

Established over 20 years



PEOPLE of discriminating taste who are interested in fine furniture at very moderate prices will find it well worth their while to go a little out of the beaten path to examine our attractive offerings.

You may buy cheap furniture, or furniture of poor quality, but if you really want a home instead of a furnished house, you must buy good furniture.

We are glad to be an assistant to any home-maker, and we place our 20 year's experience and knowledge at their disposal.

**Goldenson's**  
SOUTH SIDE'S  
LARGEST FURNITURE STORE  
1214-16 15 CARSON ST. PITTSBURGH, PA.

**Your Love Nest**  
Let Spear Feather It!

**Nationally Advertised Home Furnishings**

Liberal Credit

**SPEAR & Co.**  
915 to 921 Penn Ave.

## Glasgow Woolen Mills Co.

509 SMITHFIELD STREET

PITTSBURGH, PA.

## Tailors to Particular Men at Moderate Cost

Now Under the Management of a Man who for Twenty Years has been in the Tailoring Business on Fifth Ave., New York, City.

Bell Telephone 1286 Cedar

## P. A. Freyvogel Company HOUSE & SIGN PAINTING CONTRACTORS

P. A. Telephone 2012-B North

519 MIDDLE STREET, N. S., PITTSBURGH

Painting, Church Decorating, Freezing, Office Lettering, Glass Signs, Outside Signs, Metal Signs

**Special**  
Six hundred and seven hundred dollar Hudson Seal Coats  
**Special for \$525**  
Made to your measure—made of the finest selected Hudson Seal-skins and trimmed with Skunk, Beaver or Squirrel; large collar and cuffs.  
Remodeling and repairing my specialty.

**M. MICHALSON**  
FURRIER  
311 Morewood Bldg.  
Cor. Highland & Penn Ave.  
PHONE HILAND 6511

**'Style Without Extravagance'**



New Suits \$50.00 to \$200.00  
New Dresses \$35.00 to \$79.50  
New Wraps and Coats \$50.00 to \$175.00  
New Skirts Plaid \$15.75 to \$18.98  
Hand Made Blouses \$5.00 to \$6.75

Sample Cloak & Suit Shop  
[Third Floor]  
Sixth & Liberty Pittsburgh Life Bldg.



**Electrolysis**

Superfluous Hair permanently removed without the slightest discomfort or mark. We can remove 200 superfluous hairs in one hour with our Multiple Electric Needle. Warts, moles and minor Facial Blemishes also removed. Special department especially equipped for this work.

**McSimms**  
JENKINS ARCADE  
ESTHETIC BEAUTY CULTURE

**FLOWERS & DECORATIONS**  
For weddings and All Social Affairs Our Specialty  
F. & A. Mads 211 Bell Court 9828  
**DAVE HILL**  
5th Ave Near Wood St. Open Sundays

**Uptown Garage**  
FIFTH AVENUE AND VINE STREET  
Bell Grant 5748 F. & A. Forbes 2091  
Storage-Repairs-Accessories

**BIKUR CHOLIM SOCIETY**  
The Bikur Cholim Society of Pittsburgh acknowledges with thanks the following donations from Brownsville, Pa.:

Hebrew Ladies Aid Society of Brownsville, \$10; Louis Altman, \$1.00; Milton Brown, \$1.00; Joe J. Cohen, \$1.00; Geo. Ehrenpreis, \$1.00; Harold C. Feldman, \$2.00; Ruben Fink, \$1.00; Paul Feurman, \$1.00; Abe Fink, \$1.00; Paul Gerechter, \$1.00; Edw. Gottesman, \$2.00; Frank Goldstein, \$2.00; R. H. Goldstein, \$2.00; Oscar Jubeiver, \$2.00; Nathan Kaufman, \$2.00; Morris Kaufman, \$2.00; J. Klein, \$1.00; H. Kramer, \$1.00; Harry Levy, \$2.00; Morris Levy, \$2.00; Leo Lowenstein, \$1.00; M. J. Loponky, Esq., \$1.00; Abe Miller, \$1.00; A. H. Neuman, \$2.00; Dr. M. Rubin, \$1.00; W. R. Ronay, \$1.00; Ruben Shure, \$1.00; Don Schwartz, \$2.00; B. Wise, \$1.00; B. Wardy, \$1.00.

**HEBREW LADIES' SICK AND RELIEF SOCIETY**

The Hebrew Ladies' Sick and Relief Society announced a benefit concert to be given Thursday evening, October 7th, at Conservatory Hall, Dithridge Street, East End.

Mattie Belle Binkey, soprano; Jean Wessner, cellist, and Fred Lotz, pianist, three well-known local artists, will appear. A splendid program has been arranged and the affair promises to be a success.

**THE MONTEFIORE HOSPITAL NURSES' ASSOCIATION**

The Montefiore Hospital Nurses' Alumnae will hold its Eleventh Annual Dance at the William Penn Hotel on October 13th, 1920. Arrangements are progressing very well and a very pleasant evening is promised all who attend.

Anyone desiring tickets or information regarding dance please apply to Miss Ida Beerman, Secretary, or Miss Margaret Gordon, Chairman, Ticket Committee, Montefiore Hospital.

**PHILOMATHEANS CLUB**

A regular meeting of the Philomatheans Club was held on Sunday evening, September 19th, 1920, at the home of the Misses Lillian and Ida Fassberg, 2816 Center Avenue.

The question for general discussion was "Now that the Women have the Vote, what are they going to do with it?" Although the usual male prejudices were not entirely overlooked the very lively discussion brought directly before the club the real issues confronting women as they advance one step further in their march of progress.

The next meeting of the Club will be held at the home of Miss Anne Nydes, 2433 Wylie Avenue, on Sunday evening, October 3rd, 1920.

**ESTHER SOCIETY**

The Esther Society will hold its monthly card party in Kaufmann's Dining Room, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

**ENOCH RAUH CLUB**

The Enoch Rauh Club held its initial meeting of the Winter at the Hebrew Institute, on Monday night, September 20th, 1920.

Election of officers took place and resulted as follows: President, Morris Wheeler; Vice President, George Levinson; Secretary, Max Goldstock; Treasurer, Wyoming Paris.

Various committees of the club were appointed. The Athletic Committee has secured Forbes School Au-

**"The Truck with a Reputation"**  
**MASTER TRUCKS**

Jacob Roth, President  
S. E. Brumer, Vice President  
Frank Kaplin, Secretary  
Jesse Jacobs, Treasurer  
Eug Goldfarb, Director  
Myer Strang, Director  
J. H. Conroy, General Manager  
UNIVERSAL AUTO SALES CORP.,  
1400 Ross Blvd., Pittsburgh, Pa.  
Highland 1800

ditorium, in which place it will hold its basketball games. The opening game will be played sometime the latter part of November.

**JEWISH HOME FOR BABIES**

The Home thankfully acknowledges the following donations: Mr. Isaac Gant, \$5; Mrs. H. Freed, \$5; Mrs. Green, \$1.50; and Mrs. Nydes, \$1.00; Mr. H. M. Kaufman, \$5; Mrs. F. Jacobson, \$1; Mrs. Kaufman, \$2; Mr. Joe Zakowitz, \$5; Mrs. W. Bachman, \$1; Miss Eleanor Louis Kaplan, \$5; Mrs. Eika Shapiro, \$25; Mrs. Jacobowitz, \$10; Cons. Beth Israel, \$2.50; Mr. Bokosky, \$5; Mrs. Bernatein, \$5; Mrs. Katserman, \$2; Mrs. L. Checkman, \$5; Mr. W. Kikerman, \$15; Mrs. Marcus, \$5; Mrs. Foster, \$15; Mrs. D. Meisner, \$2; Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Frommer, \$10; Mrs. M. Grynberg, \$2; Mrs. L. Miller, \$1; Mr. J. Ruffe, \$10; Mrs. Louis A. Harris, \$10; Mr. Simon, \$5; Mr. J. Chastain, \$1; Mrs. R. Rosenber, \$1; Mrs. H. Green, \$1; Mrs. Skarball, \$1; Mrs. A. Goldsmith, \$5; Mrs. C. Levy, \$10.00 for a treat for the children; Mrs. Ravich, toys; Mrs. Ehrstine, cakes and cookies; Mrs. Frommer, candy; Mrs. Goldstein, 4 baskets of plums; Mr. and Mrs. Kinsbacher, 6 boxes toilet sets, 2 boxes ginger snaps, 12 doz. boxes crackers, 6 boxes corn flakes, 2 bags of cake; Miss Leona Horvitz, 4 boxes of peaches; 2 boxes of jam; Mrs. L. Friedberg, 4 dresses, 12 woolen caps, and 11 bonnets; Feich Bros., rubber sheeting.

**BAR MITZVAHS**

Saul Rotman, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Rotman, of 2151 Center Avenue was Bar Mitzvah at the Hebrew Institute on Saturday morning, September 18th. Following the services, the children of the Institute were entertained. Mr. S. Rosenbloom, President, and Mr. I. A. Abrams, Principal of the Institute, delivered addresses.

Robert Lee Miller, son of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Miller, of Johnstown, Pa., was confirmed at the Beth Zion Temple on New Year's morning. Mr. and Mrs. Miller were at home to their friends in the afternoon from 2:00 to 5:00 o'clock.

**JUNIOR RED MOGEN DAVID**

At the first business meeting of the season, the Junior Branch of the Red Mogen David (formerly N. S. Junior Branch of the Red Mogen David) many business matters were discussed.

A donation of \$10 by all the club girls was made to the General Orphanage for Girls in Palestine, through Rev. Eisenberg, of Jerusalem, at present in Pittsburgh.

The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Esther Patz on October 13th.

**J. A. SOCHNOFF NOW IDENTIFIED WITH CHARLES M. STEIFF CO., INC.**

Mr. J. A. Sochnoff wishes to advise his friends that he has resigned as salesman of the W. F. Frederick Piano Co., and has accepted a position as special representative of Charles M. Steiff Co., Inc., 632 Smithfield Street.

"As the quickest possible expedient in restoring transportation conditions," says J. S. Conroy, General Manager of the Universal Auto Sales Corporation, Local Distributor of Motor Trucks. "The Government is offering support for the Motor Truck Manufacturers, even to the extent of interlocking material in necessary. The Government is interested in expanding transportation facilities and it promises to be willing to go the route to reach this end."

"As a means of curtailing the Government plan of keeping the motor truck facilities of the country moving at top speed to the end that production may be increased, officials from Washington have sent 500 representatives on the round of the leading truck factories to outline the Government's position and outline a spending plan."

"While as it does at a time when the ending end of the industry and the conditions surrounding the selling of automotive equipment are described as slow, news of the Government's attitude will have a salutary effect that should arouse manufacturers and dealers in trucking to enthusiastic effort. There is no denying the fact that motor truck business today is experiencing a slump that is having a bad moral effect in discouraging dealers and which, in turn, has made its influence felt in the manufacturing end. However, the slump is attributable solely to the tangled traffic situation and not in the least due to the tightening of the money market. With the freight traffic situation in its present shape, leaders in all lines of industry have been limited and without the materials for production have no use for additional motor trucks."

"The bank panic was much of a myth. Ample money is available to the responsible dealer to permit him to continue the time payment plan of truck purchase, though the fact remains that the banks have shut down on long-time paper. Ninety-day credit seems to be the basis on which banks would like to accept paper."

"It is with the idea of aiding the efforts of the railway officials in diverting the short-haul business to the motor truck and incidentally to encourage farm production, that the Government has stepped in with the offer of encouragement and even financial aid. The Government officials, with knowledge of the success attending truck transportation during the war and the fact that the motor truck proved the country's salvation when the railroad strike was at its height, have turned to the truck as furnishing the only solution to the present problem of freight congestion."



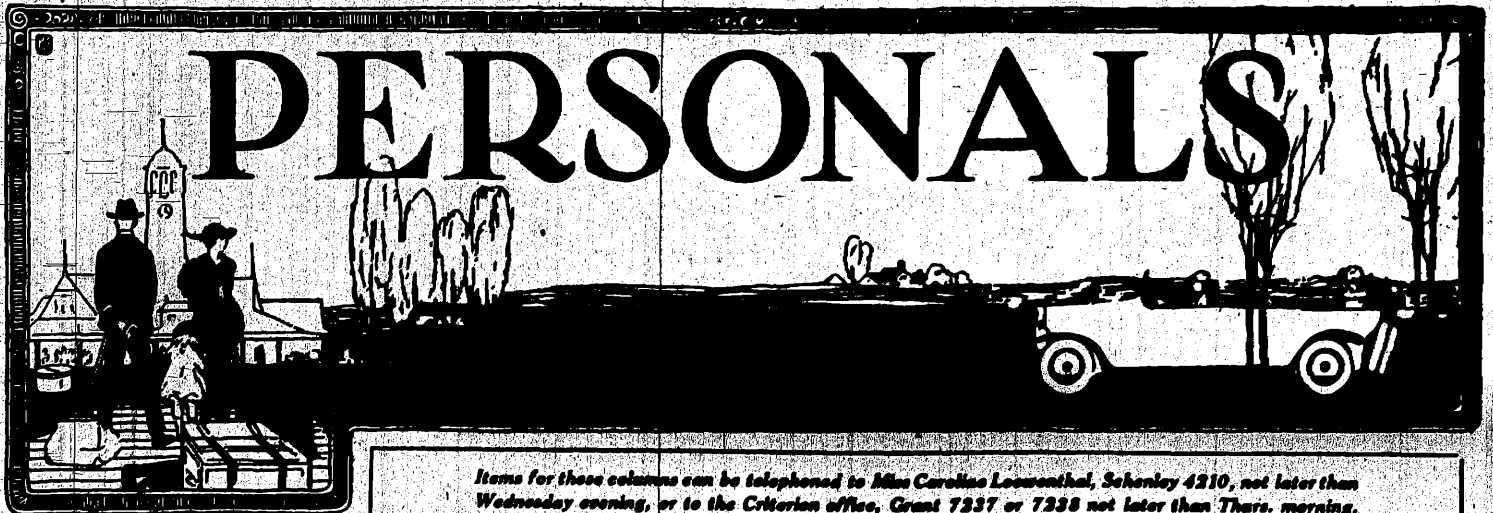
**Make your Vacant Property Pay**

We can show you how to make from 30% to 50% on an investment of any amount. Write, phone or call for particulars. It will pay you to investigate at once!

**Quixet Garage Sales Co.,**  
421 Union Arcade Phone Grant 1685

**Milliners: You don't waste our time when you begin with right Styles, right Lines, right Shapes. All are combined only at**

**Paris Fashion Shoppe**  
Designers and Importers of  
**Millinery -- Waists -- Dresses**  
5723 Penn Avenue  
Corner Euclid



Items for these columns can be telephoned to Miss Caroline Lowenthal, Schenley 4310, not later than Wednesday evening, or to the Criterion office, Grant 7237 or 7238 not later than Thurs. morning.

Miss Emma Linton, of Coltar Square, has returned home from a month's stay in Atlantic City.

Mrs. Aaron Scharff, of Natchez, Miss., who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. J. A. Perley, of Bartlett Street, left this week for a visit to Cleveland, O., before returning home.

Miss Lillian York, of Carnegie, left last week for a visit with her sister, Mrs. H. S. Adler, of Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Harry Morris, of Baum Boulevard, has returned home from a visit to Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Mottzman, of Meadow Street, have returned home from a visit to Washington, D. C.

Miss Lucile Einstein, of Boston, Mass., was the houseguest this week of Miss Laura Adolph, of Beechwood Boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Bachman, of Ivy Street, are visiting in Atlantic City.

Master Edgar Abel, of McKeesport, left this week to enter Staunton Military Academy, at Staunton, Va.

Miss Marian Grossman, of the Snybrook Apartments, has returned home from a visit to Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Max Weinberg, of Beechview, is spending a few weeks in New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. Abe Shapira, who have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Perlman, of Mellon

Street, have returned to their home in Clearfield, Pa.

Mrs. Eva Half, of Chicago, Ill., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Morris Half, of Bartlett Street.

Miss Berdie Feinberg, of Bellaire, Ohio, is visiting relatives in Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Glazier (nee Blanche Goldman), formerly of Scranton, Pa., are now residing at 626 Hastings Street.

Mrs. S. Rosenthal, of Detroit, Mich., who has been spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Grossman, of Church Street, Washington, Pa., has returned home.

Mr. Aaron Charapp, of Camp Avenue, Braddock, Pa., spent ten days in New York City.

Miss Edith Gould, of Breckenridge Street, is the houseguest of Miss Gusta Cohen, of Bellaire, Ohio.

Dr. and Mrs. William Oleon have left for an Eastern trip. Dr. Oleon is attending the post-graduate school in Dentistry at the Columbia University.

Mr. Max R. Goldman, of Hastings Street, left Sunday of last week for Philadelphia, Pa., where he will attend the Jefferson Medical College.

Mrs. Jacob Weizer, who has been visiting in this city, has returned to her home in Bellaire, Ohio.

Mr. Harry A. Klee, of Washington, Pa., has returned to Baltimore, Md., to resume his studies at the Johns Hopkins Medical School, after having spent the Summer as Intern at the State Hospital for Mental and Nervous Diseases, at Danvers, Mass.

Mr. Joseph Siff, of Sherbrook Street, has returned home from a week-end visit with relatives and friends in Akron and Cleveland, Ohio.

Mrs. H. Fibus, of Bluff Street, has returned home after spending a week-end with her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Whiteman, of Youngstown, Ohio.

Mrs. Alice Abrams, of Philadelphia, Pa., is the houseguest of Mr. and Mrs. William Shear, of Wick Street. Many affairs are being planned in honor of Mrs. Abrams during her stay in this city.

A delightfully appointed luncheon at the Hotel Chatham, followed by a theatre party at the Davis, was recently tendered Mrs. M. Flatow, prior to her departure from this city for her future home in New York. A number of other affairs were given in honor of Mrs. Flatow, including a luncheon at Kaufmann's, at which Miss Ida Adelman was hostess, and a dinner party by Miss Sara F. Loeb, at her home in Hemlock Street, North Side.

Miss Bessye Rita Wise, of Miltenberger Street, has returned home from a week-end visit with relatives

and friends in Akron and Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Minnie Sherman, of Beechview, is visiting relatives in Cheyenne, Wyoming, where she will remain for several months.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Guckenheimer, of the Hotel Schenley, entertained with a dinner at the Westmoreland Country Club on Monday evening of this week, in honor of Mrs. Guckenheimer's birthday.

Mrs. Fred Newman and daughter, Nancy, of Chicago, Ill., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Leo Half, of Denniston Avenue.

Dr. K. I. Sanes, of South Atlantic Avenue, returned this week from Atlantic City, where he went to attend a Surgical Conference.

Mrs. H. Ralph Davis, of Beechwood Boulevard, has returned home from a visit to Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter A. May, of Solway Street, has returned home from an Eastern motor trip.

Mrs. Pearl Sakon, of Hays Street, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. X. Miller, of Baltimore, Md.

Miss Loris Friedman, of Graham Street, has returned home from a visit to Atlantic City.

Mr. Richard Rauh, of Bartlett Street, has returned home from a visit to Ventnor, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Kaufmann, of Fifth Avenue, are spending several weeks in Atlantic City.

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Olean, of Center Avenue, are spending a few weeks in New York City.

Messrs. Mitchel and Henry Strelitz, of Warren, Ohio, were in the city this week to attend the funeral of Mr. Sol Cohn, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Josie Wilson, who has been the houseguest of Dr. Luba Robin Goldsmith, of Beacon Street, has returned to her home in New York City.

Miss Leona Horvitz, of Forbes Cottages, will leave on Sunday to resume her studies at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Blum, of South Graham Street, are visiting in Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Dreyfus, of King Avenue, have returned home from a visit to Atlantic City and Philadelphia.

Mr. Fred Amshel, of Beechwood Boulevard, left this week to enter his senior year at the University of Pennsylvania Medical School.

Miss Cecel Bramer, of the William Penn Hotel, returned this week to resume her studies at the Mary Lyons School, Philadelphia, Pa.

Miss Lisa Blum, of South Graham Street, has returned home from an European trip.

Mrs. L. H. Pollock and daughter, Alberta, of Asheville, N. C., are visiting Mrs. Pollock's sister, Mrs. I. Williams, of Baum Boulevard.

### Ladies Tailored Waists

Made to your Measure  
100 Original Styles  
to select from  
4 MADRAS SHIRTS \$15.00

Made to your Measure  
NU-FIT CUSTOM  
SHIRT COMPANY  
301-303 WOOD STREET

### Photographic Portraiture By Appointment STRICKLER STUDIO

New Location  
6016 Penn Ave., E. E. Pittsburgh  
Phone Hilland 6179

TELEPHONE 136-J TRAFFORD  
Works No. 1, Trafford, Works No. 2, Mars, Pa.  
Pa. on P. R. R. on B. & O. R. R.

WYNN & STARR CO.  
Face Brick Hollow Tile  
BRICK SAMPLE ROOM  
1802 Chamber Commerce Bldg., Pittsburgh

## DO YOUR FEET ACHE?

Do corns or ingrown toenails bother you?

See

Dr. Albert Hartstein  
CHIROPODIST

331 Fourth Ave. (Fitzsimmons Building) Pittsburgh, Pa.

Telephone, Bell Court 1163 Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 6:30 P. M.

Phone, Grant 3705

30 Years in Pittsburgh

### CHARLES E. GREEN ORIENTAL RUGS "The Better Kind"

Chenille Carpets—Plain Colors 9 to 30 ft. wide—Seamless

We are showing the better Oriental Rugs, the kind that you do not find only in the specialist show rooms. The name ORIENTAL covers many rugs of the far East, to appreciate you must see, inspection at our show rooms invited. Cleaning, Repairing and storing work done by natives.

7th Ave. at Smithfield St.  
702-704-710 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BLDG.,  
N. MONT. WAYNE, Sales Manager

Mrs. S. H. Adler and son, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. York, of Carnegie, Pa., have returned to their home in Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Edward Hemple, of the William Penn Hotel, left this week for a visit to Atlantic City.

Mrs. Sam Papernick and Miss Dorothy Papernick spent the holidays in Oil City, Pa.

Mrs. J. I. Levy, of Bartlett Street, has returned home from Chicago, Ill., where she visited her daughter, Miss Blanche Levy.

Miss Rose Simon, of Locust Street, has returned home from a visit to Battle Creek, Detroit and Cleveland.

Several prettily appointed affairs are being arranged in honor of Miss Hilda Grabowsky, of South Johannesburg, South Africa, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Ike Simon, of Melvin Street. Miss Grabowsky will sail for home in October.

Mr. Henry A. Linton, of Haddon Heights, N. J., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. Linton, of Coltart Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Blum, of South Graham Street, are spending a few weeks in Atlantic City, N. J.

**HADASSAH CHAPTER OF PITTSBURGH**

At the opening meeting of the season, at the Hotel Chatham, on Sunday afternoon, September 19th, the Pittsburgh Chapter of Hadassah gave not only in numbers but also in ap-

preciation a rousing welcome to Rabbi Benjamin A. Lichter, who has but lately returned to his own home town as spiritual guide and teacher of an East End congregation. The Rabbi, who chose for his topic of the afternoon, "Jewish Woman, Her Work and Position Throughout the Ages," right up to the present moment gave such an enlightening description of his subject that he left his listeners profoundly impressed.

In his opening remarks, the Rabbi speaking of the recent emancipation of women in this country, remarked that in Palestine there had never been the question of suffrage, that that had always been taken for granted by Zionists and that in their first elections over there, women had voted side by side with the men. In fact, he said, that abundant references throughout the Bible and Talmudic literature, showed that the Jewish woman had always been free. And amongst recent references as to the equality of women, and the exalted position of Jewish womanhood, the Rabbi quoted from Ruskin's Poems, from Nahida Remy's "Jewish Woman," and from Halevi's "La Juive," which has not long ago been converted into an opera.

Continuing with the thought that Jewish women have always worked and sacrificed together with the men as did Abraham and Sarah of yore, Rabbi Lichter stressed the work of the early pioneers in Palestine, whose wives actually helped dig the soil with their nails. Later, he dwelt on the work of the Hadassahs in this country who provided the first means for the necessary sanitary work in Palestine, who sent the first doctors and nurses, and who are now aiming to put at the disposal of the Medical Unit, a corps of trained Palestinian nurses for services in the homes, schools and hospitals. "Sam Remo's victory should be shared alike by the women," said the Rabbi, "for they have also helped to establish a homeland, as a haven of refuge and as a center of culture, where the Jewish soul may be revived and Jewish genius may be recovered.

"The world needs that moral force, —the Jewish people in Palestine, and woman's work there as well as here is the redemption of the soul of Israel. The motto of the Hadassah. 'The healing of the daughter of thy people,' must be carried out in a spiritual, as well as in a physical sense.

For this reason Rabbi Lichter pointed out several suggestions, or "directions" as he termed it, which he hoped our women would follow. The first of these was that they should create a truer Jewish atmosphere in their homes by the introduction of Jewish folk songs, of Jewish paintings, and pieces of sculpture, fashioned by Jewish artists. Another way of intensifying the Jewish atmosphere, for the Jewish religion is a domestic religion, was to include more of the ceremonials. "A Judaism bereft of Jewish ceremonials," said Rabbi Lichter, "was only a diluted form of religion. These old ceremonies are in reality, poetry; they give warmth; they make an appeal."

Another one of these directions was woman's work in the Synagogue. As far back as the days of the Wilderness women helped in the building of the "Tabernacle," and they are equally needed there today. One must not forget that it was the Synagogue that encouraged the ideal of Zionism, through prayer.

Still another direction was along the lines of Jewish education, where there is, at present, a dearth of Hebrew teachers. Without teachers, there can be little education, as the Rabbi so aptly quoted from the Scriptures, "Thou hast made me a keeper of vineyards, but mine own have I not kept."

In his concluding remarks, the Rabbi prayed that vision would be given the women to appreciate their opportunities, and that they should continue in their work, going "from strength to strength."

Preceding Rabbi Lichter's eloquent address, those present at the meeting, received a right royal treat in the form of a musical trio, presented by Miss Jean Wesner, cellist; Miss Anna Laufe, pianist, and Miss Lillian Krieger, violinist.

At the business meeting, earlier in the afternoon, reports were delivered by Mrs. R. J. Klineman, as Chairman of Hadassah's committee, on Tag Day for Home for Jewish Babies, \$400.00 collected despite terrific rain; by Mrs. J. A. Rubin on the Dance and Pageant to be staged during Chanukah week at the William Penn Hotel; by Mrs. Julius Cohen, on National Fund Committee, boxes to be placed in every section of the city; by Mrs. S. S. Cohen, as Chairman of Membership, who stated that returns during the Summer had been most satisfactory, approximately 100 additional members; by the President, Mrs. A. H. Vixman, on behalf of the Financial Secretary, who had rendered a statement that several hundred dollars' dues had been turned in during July and August; by the President, on the Membership Campaign soon to be launched in the Zionist District of Pittsburgh, asking for the whole-hearted support of every individual member.

In addition to the previous appointments, the President, Mrs. A. H. Vixman, announced the names of Mrs. M. J. Josephson, as Chairman of the Social Committee for the coming year; also name of Mrs. Louis F. Kohn, as Chairman of Hebrew Conversational Class, which is now in the process of formation. About ten ladies at the meeting signified their intention of joining the class. Other members or friends, and male members of their families, who are interested, will kindly communicate with the Chairman of this committee by phoning Franklin 1244-M. Mr. Agoof, the noted Hebrew instructor in this city, has placed his valuable services at our disposal. This is indeed a rare and splendid opportunity for those who have yearned for a chance to learn the language of their Bible and prayers in the most modern and inspiring form.

**BOOKS FOR A LIBRARY FOR NURSES OF THE MONTEFIORE HOSPITAL**

The Ladies' Hospital Aid Society is most desirous of obtaining by contributions a library for the use of the nurses of the Montefiore Hospital. Toward this end a committee has been formed, of which Dr. Luba

Robin Goldsmith is Chairman and Mrs. Louis Amshel and Mrs. M. Krieger members.

If any of the readers of the Criterion desire to make a contribution of one or more books, they can either be sent in care of Dr. Goldsmith to the Montefiore Hospital, or to the home address of either of the above mentioned committee, as follows: Dr. Luba R. Goldsmith, 5802 Beacon Street; Mrs. L. Amshel, 1665 Beechwood Boulevard; Mrs. M. Krieger, 5545 Black Street.

The Committee will indeed be very grateful for any contributions of good literature, either fiction or otherwise, and are particularly desirous of securing the donation of a set of encyclopedia for this library.

**JEWISH WORKERS IN RUSSIA MEET IN CONFERENCE**

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION (By J. C. B. Service)

Constantinople. — Advice received here from Moscow state that the Union of Jewish workers in Russia is holding a conference in that city for the purpose of framing an impartial Bolshevik platform.



CHARMING FURS add to a woman's general make up. We have all novelties.

**F U R S**

For this winter's wear, come in and make an early selection.



**The Misses Shearer**

Teachers of Piano and Voice

Introducing to Pittsburgh—

Season 1920-1921

Special Children's Work

in Music Study

is used most successfully in the David Mannes School of New York City.

Specially taught and supervised there by Miss Angela Diller

Studios: 5221 Ellsworth Ave., East End, Pittsburgh 31 South Emily St., Crafton, Pa.

"Only the Best"

Just Received 1920

PACK OF W. N. CLARK PEAS

The Finest Grown and Packed

MOELLENBROCK & LYLE

Fancy and Staple Grocers

FORBES AT DALLAS AVENUE

Phone your orders Hazel 1314-15-16

**EXTRAORDINARY PRICES.**

Special reduction in all electrical services NOW.

Prices are getting back to a pre-war basis fast. Come in and make your selections today.



Hiland 2458

Matronly Hats and Remodeling a Specialty

**The Shoppe MILLINERY**

Suite 208-209-210 Werner Bldg. Highland Ave. and Baum Bldg. E. E. Pittsburgh, Pa. E. M. YOUNG, Mgr.

**L. B. WEINBURG**

Formerly with the Largest Manufacturers and Designers in New York

PATTERN DESIGNER of FUR MODELS

Furs made to order, also remodeled and repaired

415 Federal Street, N. S., Take Car No. 22

Phone 1851 Cedar

**Palm Garden Park** IN THE BEAUTIFUL SOUTH HILLS. TEN MINUTE FROM POSTOFFICE. Brookline, Mt. Lebanon & Beechview Cars

... BLACKBURN'S ... POPULAR DANCES Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday Souvenirs Free Tuesday Night

**PELCO (Pittsburgh Electric Laboratories Co.)**

EXPERT REPAIRS

Professional and Household Electric Appliances

HILAND 6643

4226 PENN AVENUE

# PLAYS AND PHOTO-PLAYS

## REGENT THEATER

Thomas H. Ince's special production, "Homespun Folks," which had its premier showing at the Regent Theater, will close its engagement with today's performances.

Few novels written in recent years enjoyed the wide popularity of "The Leopard Woman," the famous literary work from the pen of Stewart Edward White. "The Leopard Woman" has just



LOUISE GLAUM

who will be at the Regent next week in "The Leopard Woman." Pittsburgh will be the first to see this picture, as it has not been shown anywhere in the country

been completed at the Thomas H. Ince Studios and will have its first screening anywhere at the Regent, the Rowland and Clark Theater at Penn and Highland avenues, Eastend, next week.

Miss Louise Glaum has the title role. The story lends itself admirably to screening, while the title role fits Miss Glaum perfectly. "The Leopard Woman" is replete with situations of tremendous dramatic power, and its attention-gripping at all times.

The Gazette, Times and Chronicle Telegraph News Weeklies, along with an excellent comedy will round out the program.

## LIBERTY THEATER

No more popular attraction was ever presented at the Liberty Theater than Francis Hurst's wonderful story, "Humorogue." This engagement will come to a close with today's performance.

Playing the role with all the ability that has established him as the most eminent actor on the screen, William



WILLIAM FARNUM

who is coming to the Liberty Theatre next week in "If I Were King"

Farnum will be seen as Francis Villon in the magnificent picturization of "If I Were King." This truly great production will have its Pittsburgh premier screening at the Liberty, the Rowland and Clark Theater at Penn and Shady avenues, Eastend, next week. It was "If I Were King" that brought

greater prominence to E. K. Sothern on the American stage. This particular play is rich in conflict, intrigue, romance and characterization and William Farnum will mean to the silent drama what E. H. Sothern meant to the spoken drama.

Heading the supporting cast is one Fritz Leiber. The Pittsburgh theater-going populace will remember him for the wonderful support Leiber gave the celebrated Robert Mantell in Shakespearean dramas. He has often been seen here. Mr. Mantell, some time ago affirmed the belief that Leiber would transplant him as an interpreter of Shakespearean roles.

## NIXON THEATER

Direct from a summer run at the Cohan Theater in New York comes William Rock's Revue, which will begin an engagement at the Nixon the week of September 27. Believing that a musical revue should not depend for its success solely on a series of beautiful scenes adorned with attractive girls, Mr. Rock has been especially concerned with the comedy element of the production. For this purpose he has associated himself



William Rock, James J. Corbett, Billy B. Win in Rock's Revue at Nixon Week September 27th

with Billy B. Van and James J. Corbett, who recently closed a long run with "What's in a Name." In addition to them the cast will also include Marion Sunshine; Jue Quon Tai, a real Chinese prima donna; Irene and Bernice Hart; West Avey; Dennis O'Neill; Jay M. Regan; Johnny Dale; Eve Hackett; Hazel Webb; Helen Eby and Ernestine Myers, an Oriental dancer of unusual ability.

The lyrics of Rock's Revue are by Louis Wesley and the score is the work of Leon Rosebrook, a young western musician whose facile inspiration permits him to compose a symphonic suite as easily as a popular song.

## PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA AT SYRIA MOSQUE

The fifth season of concerts announced by the Philadelphia Orchestra Association, May Beegle, manager, is now attracting attention, and the increasing popularity of the Philadelphia Orchestra is evidenced in the heavy advance subscriptions already recorded. The list of guarantors now exceeds any previous season, and the music-loving public of this city is indebted to this group of public-spirited men and women for the opportunity of hearing what is now acknowledged to be the foremost orchestra in this country.

Five Friday evenings and five Saturday matinee concerts will be given at Syria Mosque on the following dates: November 12-13; December 10-11; January 14-15; February 18-19; and April 8-9. The Saturday matinee concerts are attracting special attention from out-of-town residents, and the special rate offered to the teachers and public school pupils for the matinees assures the attendance of a large student body.

The soloist for the opening concert is Alessandro Bonci, the popular Italian tenor. Mischa Levitzki, the young Russian pianist who scored a triumph last

season, will appear as soloist at the February concert. Other soloists will be announced later.

## ELLIS CONCERTS

The attractions for the four Ellis Concerts to be given at Carnegie Music Hall, under the management of May Boegle, will present a list of stellar artists, including former favorites and now stars to be heard here for the first time. The attractions will maintain the same high standard for which this course is known, and the concerts will be given on four Thursday evenings during the season of 1920-21.

The opening on November 4th will present Frieda Hempel, a favorite Metropolitan Opera soprano, who will be assisted by Maxie Laurenti, a young baritone who won distinction at the Metropolitan last season. On November 18th, Serge Rachmaninoff, the great Russian pianist, will give the concert. Julia Claussen, a distinguished mezzo soprano of the Metropolitan Opera, will be heard for the first time here on December 2nd. On January 20th, Fritz Kreisler, the greatest of all violinists, will give a concert.

story by Robert Louis Stevenson, and Harold Lloyd, prince of funmakers, in his latest unusual farce, "Get Out and Get Under," will top the program. Touching the extremes of comedy and drama, they will balance the bill well, and will be supplemented by the Grand News Weekly, the "Topics of the Day" and charming music by the symphony orchestra and pipe organ.

More than any other story that the world of literature has produced, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" presented dra-



JOHN BARRYMORE

in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" at the New Grand, Week of September 27th

matic opportunities of an unusual kind. Mr. Barrymore and his company have realized them fully. Done on the speaking stage by Richard Mansfield, and declared his greatest work. Barrymore is said to scale even greater heights with it. Others in the cast are Brandon Hurst, Charles Lane, J. Malcolm Dunn, Cecil Colvelly, Nita Naldi and George Stevens.

"Get Out and Get Under" is an automobile comedy, in which Lloyd accomplishes even more hilarious stunts than in "High and Dizzy" or "Haunted Spooks." Clean in conception, original in story, lively in execution and thoroughly entertaining throughout, it is expected to have audiences at the Grand almost splitting their sides with laughter next week.

Both symphony orchestra and pipe organ will be all-day features. Performances will be continuous from 10 A. M. until 11 P. M.

## LOEW'S LYCEUM

A picturization of George Broadhurst's famous farce comedy "What Happened to Jones" will be shown next week at Loew's Lyceum with Bryant Washburn, the popular light comedy star of the screen playing Jimmie Jones, the leading role and in which he has unlimited opportunities for fun-making.

"Four Jacks and a Queen," a musical comedy diversion in which Adele Jackson and four young men are the entertainers topline the vaudeville bill. Evans, Lloyd and Grace Whitehouse have a comedy sketch. William Crew and Gwendolyn Pates, formerly of motion pictures will appear personally in a new laughing skill. Marjorie Bonner and Billy Powers will be seen in a breeze from the musical shows. Col. Diamond, the sprightly 32-year old dancer. Col. Diamond and his pretty granddaughter will present a terpsichorean novelty called "Youth and Old Age." News events, scenic and comedy reels will round out the bill.

## SHERIDAN SQUARE THEATER

At the Sheridan Square Theater for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday the headline attraction will be Morson and Le Triska, better known as "The Clown and the Human Doll," a novelty act in all sense of the word. Joe and Ernie Van call their act "Chinese Money." Tom Gordon is billed as "The Somewhat Different Comedian." Glazer and Lawer are another booking. Plugo in an act called "The Morning after the Night Before" and a new chapter of the screen serial "The Third Eye" will complete the bill.

For the last three days of the week the leading billing will be Kuma the "Oriental Wonder Worker." Boudini and Bernhard in a "Classy Musical Or-

## DAVIS THEATER

Eddie Foy, and the seven young Foy's are to be the particular stars in a program of nine Keith vaudeville acts at the Davis Theater twice a day for one week, beginning next Monday matinee, September 27th. They will play a brand new musical extravaganza, entitled "The High Cost of Living."

The second feature of the bill will be Frances Pritchard, who was the dancing star of the Midnight Century Whirl and "The Peasant Girl."

Edith Clifford, the blonde songstress, is coming with a group of new, exclusive ditties. Paul Decker, the legitimate light comedian, who formerly supported May Robson in "The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary," and starred in "The Ruby Ray," will play a comedy in one act by Edwin Burke, entitled "A Son." Senator Francis Murphy, a monologist of amusing personality, in the guise of the Chairman of the Committee, will humorously discuss the political situation. Arthur Millard and Minna Marlin are to give a skit called "The Honeymoon." Kluting's entertainers, consisting of a group of remarkable performing pigeons, rabbits, cats and dogs, promise entertainment for old and young. Some dextrous and comical juggling will be executed by Link and Keller. Motion pictures of the news of the world conclude the bill.

## GRAND THEATER

An extraordinary double feature program will be presented at the Million Dollar Grand all next week starting Monday morning, September 27th. John Barrymore's widely discussed dramatic success, "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," based on the world-famous

# LIBERTY

TODAY ONLY

The Heart-Throb  
that Blends with  
a Laugh

'Humoresque'

The Wonder Picture

ALL NEXT WEEK



WILLIAM FOY  
Presents

WILLIAM  
FARNUM

in Justin Hentley Mc Carthy's  
world famous romance

IF I WERE  
KING

Scenario by E. Lloyd Sheldon  
Directed by J. Gordon Edwards

## East Liberty Cameraphone

ALL WEEK  
Tom Moore

—in—  
"Stop Thief"

Also  
Harold Lloyd in "Get Out and Get Under"

Coming next week  
Mary Miles Minter in "Sweet Lavender"

## OLYMPIC THEATER FIFTH AVENUE, DOWNTOWN

Continuous 8:30 to 11:30  
Symphony Orchestra

NEXT WEEK  
J. PARKER READ, Jr.

Presents  
LOUISE GLUAM in  
"THE LEOPARD WOMAN"

BIN TURPIN in  
"THE CHEERFUL LIAR"

PATHE NEWS

fering" are new here. Wheeler and Heiser in "Tantown Frolics" have an original down south interpretation of the real "spot" in Dixie Land. The Ballot Trio will show an innovation in equilibristics. Bedell is a novelty cyclist on the wire, a really sensational performance. A new chapter of "The Whirlwind" as the screen feature will complete the bill.

### EAST LIBERTY CAMERAPHONE

The feature billed for the East Liberty Cameraphone for the week is that highly amusing and entertaining comedy-drama "Stop Thief" starring Tom Moore, which had such a popular stage run a few years ago. Tom Moore has ample opportunity to display his many talents and the supporting cast leaves nothing to be desired. Hazel Daly, Irene Rich, Kate Lester and Molly Malone handle the feminine roles, while Edward McWade, Raymond Hatton, Harris Gordon, Andrew Robson, Henry Raikston, John Lince and Lefty Flynn keep the star company. The other members of the cast to the remarkable work, making a feature that cannot be surpassed. In addition the newest Harold Lloyd comedy, "Get out and get Under" will be shown.

### ALVIN THEATER

"Scandal" comes to the Shubert Alvin Theater Monday evening, September 27th, for one week only, with the usual Wednesday and Saturday matinee.

Without doubt "Scandal" is the most popular of Cosmo Hamilton's many plays, and according to the present box office receipts this popular play will remain before the public for some time. New scenery and costumes are promised for this Pittsburgh engagement.

Charles Cherry was never more likable than he is in his present role of Pelham Franklin, and June Walker plays the vivacious young aristocrat whose amazing nerve causes all the trouble.

The play is in three acts, and is described as witty and frank. Charles Cherry and June Walker are co-starred in this production by Morris Hesse and new scenery, new wardrobe is also promised. Henry Mowbray, Carl Eckstrom, Harry Ashford, David Crughart, Jessamine Newcome, Anna Wingard, Nellie Beaumont, Judith James, Clemence de Claron and Winnie Sweeney complete the cast.

### OLYMPIC THEATER

A fascinating enchantress of the tropics is Louise Glum in J. Parker Read, Jr., newest motion picture production, "The Leopard Woman," which is to be the feature attraction at the Olympic Theater starting Monday.

John Calbertson, scientist-explorer finds his way to the court of the savage king, M'Tela, blocked by a mysterious and beautiful woman. She, though he does not discover it until almost too late, had been sent by her government to keep him from reaching M'Tela and concluding a friendly alliance before a great emissary of her own country can accomplish it.

An extra added feature the Olympic will also present a new two reel comedy sensation, with the Pathe News and Prizma travelogue completing an exceptional mid-September program.

Special music by the Olympic Symphony Orchestra, E. H. Shakely, director will also be a feature.

### LIEUT. COM. SOUSA AND BAND AT SYRIA MOSQUE

Lieutenant Commander Sousa and his Band will give a matinee and night concert at Syria Mosque next Saturday, October 2nd, when the famous organization now at the peak of its twenty-eighth season of mounting success will be heard with an ensemble of instrumentalists and a staff of soloists which, according to the March King himself, constitute the finest assemblage of united artists that he has directed in one band. His brief fall tour of but twelve weeks will be followed early in the new year by a season under the auspices of the Government of Cuba, after which he will give a season of four weeks in the music-loving City of Mexico.

The program for Pittsburgh will be the same as that given at the New York Hippodrome for his twenty-eighth anniversary performance, and will open with a Rhapsody entitled, "The American Indian," by Orem, which is a collection of themes from the best Indian music. A new suite by Sousa, "Camera Studies," as well as his two new marches, "Comrades of

the Legion" and "Who's Who in Navy Blue" will also be features of interest. The novelty for this season is a humoresque entitled "Swanee." The old Sousa favorites, always insisted upon by his audiences everywhere, will be given as encores.

### BRING NEW MUSIC METHOD TO PITTSBURGH.

With the season close at hand and all things musical beginning to take a more or less definite form, it is of much local interest to know that new studies are to be opened here by the Misses Shearer, who are exponents of the David Mannes School of Music, New York, and who are bringing to Pittsburgh that splendid and progressive method of foundational and advanced music study. Applicable as it is either to voice, piano, or any instrument, it makes a wide and intelligent appeal.

Teachers' College of Columbia University has established the class idea of all foundational music study, and this will be very emphatically a feature of the Misses Shearer's work. They are individually equipped to give every possible advantage in the study of music. Much experience, capable artistry and high ideals mark the work of Miss Alice in piano, Miss Sue in voice, and Miss Grace in children's work. Their advent into the field in Pittsburgh is welcomed by all professionally interested and pronounced success is prophesied for them at their studio 5221 Ellsworth Avenue, East End.

### LOEW'S LYCEUM

Penn & 6th Street  
Com. room to 11 P. M. Entire Week Sept. 27

### BRYANT WASHBURN

In the hilarious photo-comedy

"What Happened to Jones"

5—Superb Vaudeville Acts—5

### NIXON Matinee Today

HENRY W. SAVAGE offers  
MITZI in "Lady Billy"

NEXT WEEK SEATS NOW  
WILLIAM

### ROCK'S REVUE

with James J. Corbett  
Billy E. Van William Rock  
and a Chorus of 50 Broadway Beauties  
Week Oct. 4 "Listen, Lester"

### SHERIDAN SQ. THEATRE 104 and 106 Vaudeville Main Daily 10c 25c HORTON & LA TRISKA

### ORIENTAL WONDER WORKER

### The Harris Continuous Vaudeville

The Best Vaudeville House in the City

### SHUBERT ALVIN SEATS NOW ON SALE

Next Week September 27th

### SCANDAL

### GRAND PHOTOPLAYS

10 a. m. to 11 p. m.

Next Week

JOHN BARRYMORE in  
"DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE"

Harold Lloyd in "Get Out and Get Under"

### DAVIS THEATRE 3 & 8 Vaudeville

Week Beginning Next Monday Matinee—9 Big  
Acts, including Famous Musical Star  
Eddie Foy and the Seven Young Foy's  
in "THE HIGH COST OF LIVING"

### SYRIA MOSQUE SATURDAY MAT. & NIGHT, OCT. 2

### SOUSA AND HIS BAND

LIEUT. COMMANDER JOHN PHILIP SOUSA, Conductor

Direct from the New York Hippodrome 28th Anniversary  
Performance of Sousa and His Band

Same Program Will Be Presented Here

Sat. Mat., 50c, \$1, \$1.50; Sat. Eve., 75c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2 (Plus Tax)

Tickets at Hamilton's

Mer Beegle, Mgr.

Procure Tickets Early. Everybody Goes To Hear Sousa

### REGENT

PENN & HIGHLAND, East Liberty

Today

"Homespun Folks"

PLAYING NEXT WEEK

Initial Presentation Anywhere

### "THE LEOPARD WOMAN"

with

LOUISE GLUAM

and

HOUSE PETERS

Adapted from

Stewart Edward White's  
Novel



## The Decision of the Order Sons of Zion to Sever Itself From the Zionist Organization

In its issue of August 31st, "The Zeit," the new New York daily, has an editorial signed by Dr. Aberson, in which the decision of the Order Sons of Zion to sever itself completely from the Zionist Organization, arrived at at the extraordinary convention which the Order held last Sunday, is discussed:

"The Order Sons of Zion at their convention decided to become an independent Zionist Organization.

"The official leaders of American Zionism will no doubt raise a hue and cry against the Order. No doubt the Order will be accused of betraying the Zionist cause, for at a moment of reconstruction they are creating divisions.

"The truth of the matter is that the official leaders of local Zionism who fail in their understanding of the national problem are themselves responsible for this split.

"To them, to the official leaders, Zionism is merely a question of caring for the East-European Jews and helping them to reach Palestine. They, themselves, do not need Palestine.

"The Jews of the Order, the great masses of Zionists, educated to altogether different conceptions about the movement, have never been able to reconcile themselves to the official conception which they look upon as disgracing the national movement.

"Within the past few years the fight has been accentuated. The ruin and destruction on the other side has brought the leaders of American Zionism to the fore, and as they assumed their position they commenced

to suppress every criticism and every outlook which did not conform with theirs.

"The plain every-day Zionists maintained that secrecy may at times be important, but no home can be built upon it in Palestine. They went further than that, these plain Zionists, who considered the movement as anything but a method of relief for a limited number of people. They said that at this moment Zionism ceases to be a party matter and becomes a thing of the people, a work in which all Jews should be drawn into.

"This was contrary to the outlook of local official Zionists, who sought an opportunity to betray the leaders of the world organization, and to force their own notions upon the entire movement.

"It is this which compels the peaceful brothers of the Order to rebel against the present administration and to permit themselves to take independent steps. Thus, the Order against the ruling of the official administration participated in the Congress movement and made the demand that the Congress should remain a permanent institution.

"For these independent steps the Order was banned and finding itself outside the official pale it continued its rebellion until it has reached a point where it says that the entire redemption work of the Organization is not to its satisfaction since it bears the character of temporary relief rather than the deliberate constructive and far-reaching thing which it should be."

## Efforts of Nathan Straus Lauded

In Taking Over His Milk Plant Representative New Yorkers Pay Him Highest Tribute

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

New York—Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, in accepting yesterday on behalf of the city the Nathan Straus milk stations and laboratory maintained by the philanthropist since 1902, said that while he was in London recently in his investigation of sanitary conditions in Europe his son, 8 years old, was poisoned by impure milk, and he made a personal complaint to Lord Astor, who is an official of the British Ministry of Health.

The Health Commissioner made the announcement at the Nathan Straus laboratory, 348 East Thirty-second Street, in the presence of a gathering of prominent men and women invited to witness the turning over of the Straus plant to the city. Nathan Straus, Jr., presided in the absence of his father, and Commissioner Copeland represented the city at the request of Mayor Hylan, who was unable to be present because of the B. R. T. strike.

Mr. Straus, Jr., told of the establishing of the milk laboratory, eighteen years ago, and the extension of the work of providing pure milk for the children of the city. Five milk stations were opened that year, he said, to combat the high infant mortality, due to the use of impure milk, and he said that from that nucleus the idea spread so that at the present time 120 cities in this country and many cities in Europe now have stations for the dispensation of pure milk for infants.

In taking over the laboratory and milk stations for the city, Dr. Copeland

"In my opinion the great thing Mr. Straus did for this city and for the world was his energy and insistence in impressing upon this and other cities the world over that milk must be pasteurized in order to make it pure.

"Practically all the illnesses of children were due in the past to the dysenteric germ found in milk. Within the last eight weeks my own boy, eight years old, was severely poisoned in London by London milk. And so I became interested in London milk. I went down to the Ministry of Health to complain about the quality of the milk supplied to London, and the chief executive officer, Sir George Nowlan, said: 'Will you make this statement to Lord Astor?' I replied: 'I will make it to the Lord Almighty if you will give me a chance.'"

Soon after, the Health Commissioner said, he received an invitation from Lord Astor to call on him at his home to discuss the matter. Dr. Copeland said that both Lord and Lady Astor were astounded at his revelations and immediately pledged themselves to do everything in their power to bring about an improvement in the quality of the milk in London.

General Nelson A. Miles told the gathering that when he was in the army he fought a visible enemy and that he had seen all sorts of heroic deeds, but that Nathan Straus fought an invisible enemy in as scientific a manner as ever a soldier had done. He referred to a report of the Health Department that at least 250,000 lives had been saved in this city through Mr. Straus's benevolence.

## WHITE RUSSIA PROCLAIMED SOVIET REPUBLIC

SPECIAL TO THE JEWISH CRITERION  
(By J. C. B. Service)

Copenhagen.—White Russia has been proclaimed a Soviet Republic, according to delayed advices received here from Kovno. The proclamation, which is signed by White Russian and Lithuanian Communists and the Bund,

was issued in Minsk on September 7th. The Social Revolutionaries refused to participate in the formation of the new republic, declaring that it affords no real independence. The highest revolutionary Council of the new republic consists of Communists and Bundists and the languages officially recognized are Russian, Whiterussian, Polish and Yiddish.

## DIRECTORY OF JEWISH ACTIVITIES

### J. M. GUSKY HEBREW ORPHANAGE AND HOME

Perryville Ave., North Side. President, A. L. Solomon; secretary, Louis Caplan, 328 Frick Bldg.; superintendent, Arnold Deutalbaum; Bell Phone, 124 Cedar. President Ladies' Auxiliary Society, Mrs. Josiah Cohen.

### MONTEFIORE HOSPITAL

3000 Center Ave., Pittsburgh. President, Henry Jackson; vice-presidents, I. W. Frank, Marks Browarsky; treasurer, M. Kingsbacher; financial and recording secretary, A. C. Speyer; Benj. B. Rhein, superintendent.

### SAAN SHOLEM LODGE I. O. B. B.

Meets the first and third Sunday of each month, in Moose Temple, 628 Penn Avenue. President, H. Goldblom; Vice-President, Sol Weinthal; Secretary, Dr. Joseph N. Katz, 200 Lyceum Building; Treasurer, Sol Strassburger.

### IRENE KAUFMANN SETTLEMENT

1835 Center Ave. Phone, 860 Grant. President, Louis J. Afielder; vice-president, Isaac W. Frank; treasurer, A. J. Sunstein; secretary, Miss Minnie Afielder; honorary president, Mrs. A. Leo Well; head resident, Mr. Sidney A. Teiler.

### PITTSBURGH HOUSE OF SHELTER

(1635 Locust Street).

Meets the second Sunday of the month at the "Home," Bell Phone 2840-J Grant. President, Mrs. A. Bernstein; Vice President, Mrs. J. N. Wolk; Hon. Vice President, William Glick; Treasurer, Mrs. Samuel G. Osgood; Recording and Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. E. N. Finkelhor, Phone Hazel 2355; Joseph Israel, Superintendent.

### HEBREW LADIES' HOSPITAL AID SOCIETY

Meets the first Sunday of each month, at 2 P. M., at the Nurses' Home of the Montefiore Hospital. President, Mrs. H. Finkelpearl, 3594 Beechwood Blvd. Phone Hazel 2912; honorary president, Mrs. E. Davies; recording secretary, Mrs. A. Caplan, 5711 Douglas Ave.; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Meyer Seegman, 2100 Wylie Ave.; financial secretary, Mrs. E. N. Finkelhor; assistant secretary, Mrs. M. B. Krieger; treasurer, Mrs. M. B. Lesher.

### HEBREW FREE LOAN ASSOCIATION

Meets every Sunday morning from 10:00 to 12:00 o'clock in the Irene Kaufmann Settlement. President, M. Jackson; first vice-president, Louis Shoop; second vice-president, Julius H. Cohen; treasurer, Mayer Rosenbloom; secretary, Anna F. Skolsky.

### LADIES' AUXILIARY, JEWISH HOME FOR THE AGED

Meets every second Wednesday in the month, at the Home for the Aged, Breckenridge Avenue. President, Mrs. C. Sunstein, 8308 Beacon Street; Honorary President, Mrs. L. Hirsch; Vice-President, Mrs. A. Wolf, 1210 Federal Street. Bell Phone Cedar 115-J; treasurer, Mrs. M. Streng, 5805 Hobert Street; Treasurer, Mrs. Max Weissberg, 547 Fifth Ave., McKeesport, Pa., P. & A. Phone 22-A.

### JERICHO LODGE NO. 44

Meets second and fourth Sundays at Century Building, Seventh Street (Elevator Service). President, Daniel E. Hart; vice president, Bernard Teplitz; secretary, Harry A. Wolf, 1210 Federal Street. Bell Phone Cedar 115-J; treasurer, David H. Goldman.

### ROUMANIAN LADIES' AID SOCIETY

Meets the second Sunday of each month, at 7:30 P. M. at the Zion Institute, 1851 Center Avenue. President, Mrs. Joseph Burke, 1224 Bedford Avenue; Ex-President, Mrs. Louis Rosenthal; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Louis Bernstein, 1310 Clark Street; Financial Secretary, Mrs. J. Klein, 1826 Center Avenue; Treasurer, Mrs. R. Greenberg; Vice President, Mrs. Supowitz, 1224 Bedford Avenue.

### UNITED HEBREW RELIEF ASSOCIATION

Aaron Cohen, president; Irvin F. Lehman and Mrs. Josiah Cohen, vice-presidents; Robert Lewin, treasurer; A. J. DeRoy, secretary; Charles I. Cooper, superintendent; Rooms 402-403 Washington Trust Co. Building. Bell Phone, 3024 Grant.

### JEWISH HOME FOR THE AGED

Henry Jackson, president; Jos. Kornblum, first vice-president; D. S. Osgood, second vice-president; Rabbi A. M. Ashinsky, honorary president; Marks Browarsky, honorary vice-president; Jacob M. Friedman, treasurer; Manush Cohen, secretary; Mrs. Mary Rosen, matron. Bell Phone 2280 Schenley.

### SISTERHOOD OF RODEPHE SHALOM

Miss Ruth Levy, president; Mrs. Aaron Cohen, vice president; Mrs. E. N. Benedict, second vice president; Mrs. M. Lesser, secretary; Mrs. M. Block, financial secretary; Mrs. A. J. Sunstein, treasurer.

### TREE OF LIFE

Craft Avenue, Pittsburgh. Services: Friday evening at sundown; Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. Rev. Maurice M. Mazure, Rabbi. Residence, 211 S. Dithridge Street. Bell Phone, Schenley 1545. A. Goldstein, sexton. Phone, Schenley 1584-J.

### GREATER PITTSBURGH SECTION COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN

President, Mrs. Enoch Raub; First Vice-President, Mrs. S. S. Hoffheimer; Second Vice-President, Mrs. Morton Herzog; Third Vice-President, Mrs. Raymond Kaufmann; Fourth Vice-President, Mrs. Raphael Jackson; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Aaron Lambie; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Leon G. Bell; Treasurer, Mrs. Edward N. Finkelhor; Financial Secretary, Mrs. Alexander Jacob; Auditor, Mrs. Henry Finkelpearl; Historian, Mrs. Edwin Zugsmith.

Headquarters, 209-210 Fitzsimmons Building, 331 Fourth Avenue.

### ABRAHAM LIPPMAN LODGE NO. 672

Abraham Lippman Lodge No. 672 meets third Wednesday of every month, at 8 P. M., Mansmann's Hall, 5611 Penn Avenue, East End. President, Simon Davis. Phones: Bell, 4388-R Hilland and 2970 Grant; P. & A., 879 Main; vice-president, L. Block, 811 Penn Ave.; secretary, M. Wisenthal, 514 Ivy St. Bell Phone, 4187-J Schenley.

### LADIES' AUXILIARY SOCIETY, TREE OF LIFE CONGREGATION

President, Mrs. L. Amshel, 250 Daragh St.; vice-president, Mrs. L. Gordon, Jr.; recording secretary, Mrs. U. H. Bauman, 806 Craft Avenue; financial secretary, Mrs. A. Lipard, 703 Chislett Street; treasurer, Mrs. D. Makrauer, 6405 Forward Avenue.

### UNITED SYNAGOGUE OF AMERICA, PITTSBURGH BRANCH

President, Simon Davis, 112 Penn Avenue, 1130 Mellon Street. Phones 2970 Grant, 5865 Highland. First Vice President: Wm. Levy, 913 Penn Avenue, 1515 Black Street. Phones 1118 Grant, 5829-J Highland. Second Vice President: Mrs. E. Davis, 318 Alken Avenue, 5975 Highland. Treasurer: M. Escovitz, 324 Fifth Avenue, 3103 Grant. Secretary: Mrs. M. Vixman, 1619 Tilbury Street, 2903-J Hazel.

### LADIES' AUXILIARY, JEWISH HOME FOR THE AGED

Meets every second Wednesday in the month at the Home for the Aged, Breckenridge Avenue. President, Mrs. Henry Jackson; honorary president, Mrs. Browarsky; secretary, Mrs. E. Streng; vice-president, Mrs. Cass Sunstein; honorary vice-president, Mrs. Ashinsky; treasurer, Mrs. Max Weissberg.

### RODEPHE SHALOM

Fifth and Morewood Avenues, Pittsburgh, Pa. Bell Phone, 1740 Schenley. Services: Saturday morning at 10:45 o'clock; Sunday, from the 1st of November to the 1st of May, at 11 o'clock. Rabbi, Samuel H. Goldenson, Ph.D. Rabbi. Phones: Temple Study, Schenley 175; residence, 345 E. Atlantic Avenue, Hilland 4284. Hon. Josiah Cohen, President; B. Calloman, Temple Superintendent; residence, 363 Melwood Street. Bell Phone, Schenley 4428.

### CONGREGATION B'NAI ISRAEL, EAST END

209 Collins Ave., Pittsburgh. The Jewish Center, cor. Rippey and Highland Ave. Phone, Hilland 3870. Services: Daily, morning at 7:30, evening at sunset, in the Jewish Center; Friday evening at sunset, Sabbath morning at 9 o'clock, at Collins Ave. Rabbi E. A. Lichter, minister. Residence, 317 Eighview St., E. E. Bell phone, Hilland 7305. Rev. Adolph Levin, sexton. Residence 1120 N. St. Clair St. Phone, Hilland 7859-J. William Levy, President.

Roy P. Copeland  
Mabel C. Copeland

**COPELAND & COPELAND**  
**CHIROPRACTORS**

RHEUMATISM AND NEURITIS CAN BE CURED BY CHIROPRACTIC

130 S. Negley Avenue, E. E., Pittsburgh  
Phone, Hilland 6311

**Wind Shield Wings**  
**\$19.50**

**Union Auto Supply Co.**  
210-212 Wood Street

**BEST Made Shirts**  
in the World--

**McCandless & Gordon Co.**  
231 Oliver Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**C. Reizenstein Sons**  
*THE BEST OF EVERY THING IN CHINA AND GLASSWARE*

**711 Liberty Avenue**

**SANITARY ICE**  
ORDER FROM THE  
**PITTSBURGH ICE COMPANY**  
S. Negley & P. R. R.  
Tel. Hilland 1006-1006-J.

The Wonderful "Gift Suggestion" Book mailed on request. Store in Fall Attire.

**Wonderly Brothers**  
512 Wood St. and 306-8-10 Oliver Avenue

**For the Sick**  
A Bedside Table is a beautiful and useful present. All finishes and prices.

**Frick Bros. Co.**  
800 Liberty Ave.  
Pittsburgh, Pa.

**SHOWCASES**  
**CASH REGISTERS**  
**SODA FOUNTAINS**  
Prompt Shipment All Supplies

**DUQUESNE SUPPLY & EXTRACT CO.**  
107 Market Street

good shoes are an economy--

**HANAN & SON**  
WOOD ST  
**SHOES**

**HUMANITY HAS LOST MORE THAN 35,000,000 LIVES THROUGH THE GREAT WAR**

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)  
Washington, D. C.—The cost of the European war in real and potential lives was equal to one-third of the present population of the United States, according to a report received by the American Red Cross today from the Society for Studying the Social Consequences of the War, of Copenhagen.

This organization reports the human loss of 35,520,000 persons, following statistical researches made on a scientific basis.

Of the loss, 9,819,000 are listed as "killed in war."

When the war started in 1914, the fighting nations had a total population of 400,000,000. Under normal conditions, it was said, this population would have increased during the war period to 424,210,000. Instead, there was a decrease resulting from the war, so that the total at the end was 390,030,000.

In addition to those who died as the direct result of the war, 5,001,000 additional deaths were due to war epidemics and economic blockades. The fall in the birth rate, due to the mobilization of 56,000,000 men between the ages of 20 and 45, was 20,000,000. The three totals of those killed, of those dying in war epidemics and the fall in birth rate make the grand total of 5,520,000.

The countries included in the investigation were Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Italy, Belgium, Bulgaria, Roumania, Serbia and Russia in Europe.

**FIRST NEWS FROM HUNGARY**

The first message received from the Jews of Hungary since the ending of the war and addressed to the Jews of America, has been brought here by Morris Engelman, who has just arrived back in the United States after a visit to Hungary, in the interests of the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, of which Felix M. Warburg is the chairman.

The message is in reality a plea for sympathy and understanding on the part of the American people and expresses the thanks of the Hungarian Jews for the aid which has been extended to them through the Joint Distribution Committee. It is especially intended as a Holiday Greeting to the American public at the beginning of the Jewish New Year, which occurs today. The message is as follows:

"Greetings to the Jews of America: The religious year is approaching its end. The souls of the believers in our sacred religion are permeated by the spirit of piety. We think with emotion of the beginning of Elul, when the scrolls lay in their fragments at the foot of Mount Sinai. We see before us the tragic fate of our stricken country and the endless chain of sufferings which we, mourners of the crushing of a great and noble nation, have had to en-

dure, on account of our religion and our loyalty.

"The glorious people of America have brought light into the darkness of our lives and have brought succor to us with their understanding, prompted by their great desire to give aid to the unfortunate. We are happy in the thought that our co-religionists and countrymen who have become part of the body of the great people of America, are with heart and soul co-operating in the task of affording relief to our stricken country, and that we, who never until now knew what it meant to beg, are given the opportunity through their help to establish a new and a free life. We express our heartfelt gratitude and send to you at the inception of the new religious year our greetings and best wishes, extended in the name of our religion to all those who are so fortunate as to be the generous sons and daughters of liberty-loving America.

"Budapest, August 19, 1920, Elul 5, 5680."

The message is signed by the following members of the Hungarian Branch of the Joint Distribution Committee: Jeno Polnay, chairman; Sandor Baneth secretary; Adolf Frankl, Dr. Ferenc Mezey, Lajos Hartstein, Dr. Bela Feleky, Abraham Freudiger, Dr. Erno Deutsch, Mamane Stein, Mirza Blau, Dr. Dezso Bana, Marcus Klein, Salomon Szekely, Dr. Idon Kalmán, Armin Beteg, Moses Bisseliches, Dr. Nisson Kahan.

**IN LONDON—HEAD OF JEWISH WELFARE BOARD HAD BEEN AILING FOR MANY MONTHS**

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)

New York—Friends of Colonel Harry Cutler, at his home in Providence yesterday, received cabled notification of his death. The Colonel had been ailing for many months and had recently gone to Europe at great self sacrifice in order to mark the graves of American Jews who had fallen in the great war.

Colonel Cutler, who was 45 years old when born in Russia and came here at an early age. Affiliated with a number of Jewish movements, he particularly distinguished himself as a member of the Jewish Welfare Board which he organized and through which he rendered the country generally and the Jews in particular, splendid service. In recognition of his efforts as a war worker, Secretary of War Baker, some months back, presented him in behalf of the government with a Distinguished Service Medal for "especially meritorious and conspicuous service."

Colonel Cutler attended the Paris Peace Conference as one of the delegates of the American Jewish Congress with the work of which body he was closely identified. A man of high character, he was greatly respected by every one.

**THE ERICKSON CO.**  
Silk Flags and Banners  
Ribbons, Emblems and Metal Badges  
Photograph, Celluloid, Enamel  
Buttons and Rubber Stamps  
228 DIAMOND ST.,  
PITTSBURGH, PA.

**Bongiovanni's Nixon Cafe**  
The Brightest Spot in Pittsburgh  
The Eating Place without a Peer  
Dancing every Night from 9:00 to 12:30

Bongiovanni's Gardens—Wildwood, Pa.  
14 miles from Pittsburg on the Butler Short Line. The greatest Road House on earth.  
Dinners of Quality, Music, Dancing, Entertainment



**Table Services**



**China or English Earthenware**

Beautiful as they appear displayed in wide variety of shape and design in our dinner ware department (second floor). Their usefulness is even more admired when dressing the dining table, their durability realized when put into use and their reasonable prices appreciated where comparisons are made.

**C. Reizenstein Sons**  
711 Liberty Avenue,  
Opposite Wood Street.



**227 Fifth Ave. Pittsburgh's Most Artistic Restaurant**

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Special Lunch from 11:30 A. M. to 2 P. M.  
Special Supper A La Carte and Table d'Hôte Dinners every evening from 8 to 1 o'clock

**Chinese and American Dishes**  
After Theater Parties a Specialty.  
**ORCHESTRA**  
Tables Reserved  
Phone: 6634-6614 Grant.

The Criterion  
Endorses the  
Integrity and  
Reliability of  
These Concerns

# Financial Page

These institu-  
tions want your  
patronage. You  
May Be Sure of  
Honest Dealing.

TO INVEST YOUR MONEY WISELY IS TO TAKE FULL ADVANTAGE OF THE MARKET

By William H. Siviter

Financial Editor of the Jewish Criterion

It may be said, in general terms, that confidence in the future is increasing in the United States. Not a great while ago, there was felt in many quarters, a strong impression that liquidation, or a transition from abnormal conditions, both in the industrial world and in the financial world, could not take place without disastrous results. Not a few commentators expressed fear that there would be a panic. This fear is passing away, with the harvesting of crops which will add vast sums to the wealth of the country, and with gradual readjustment of business to new conditions. The ugly word "panic" should never have been used, but it was used guardedly, and the fear was expressed in private that something of a panicky nature might occur. But the word is not heard now at all, in any quarter deserving of attention, although it is recognized that the process of readjustment has still a long way to go. It is felt, too, that war burdens must be lifted to a large degree from business, and there must be less governmental interference with commercial and financial operations, before the nation can hope to get back to conditions which prevailed five or six years ago. Congressional action will probably be attempted when the lawmakers resume their work at Washington early in December.

#### Views of a New York Expert

In connection with the changes necessary to produce confidence and get things going as they used to go, many expressions of opinion have lately been made by financial and business experts.

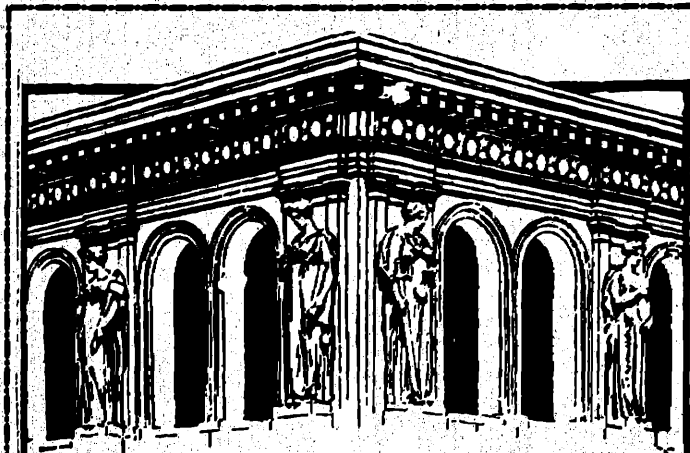
"The burden of continued war-time Federal taxation must be lifted from American business and industry before this country can meet the world

demand for increased production and expansion," according to Morris F. Frey, Tax Consultant of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, discussing needed tax reforms in the current issue of the Trust Companies Magazine. Largely increased production is vital to the solution of present unstable social conditions, Mr. Frey contends, "but business concerns cannot be expected to accept the hazards of extensive expansion, and at the same time pay to the Government a large proportion of their profits in the form of excess profits and income taxes."

Mr. Frey advocates the immediate repeal of the excess profits tax, and favors a general reduction of income taxes, and a change in the present method of assessing profits derived from the sale of capital assets, as well as a remedy for the situation which now subjects interest on deposits of foreign banks in America to taxation.

In part, Mr. Frey says: "Nothing can help solve the present unstable social conditions better than largely increased production, but business concerns cannot be expected to accept the hazards of extensive expansion and at the same time pay to the Government a large proportion of their profits in the form of excess profits and income taxes. Moreover, our high taxes militate against the expansion of our foreign trade, which at this time is so important to the future prosperity of our industries. The high rates for money which are demanded by the investor because of heavy taxation, deter us from opening commercial credits to them or from freely investing in their securities. In fact, our own industries are precluded from financing by bond issues, except at excessive rates, which overcome in a measure the tax of the individual investor, and have recently favored the raising of capital by the issue of preferred stock which is less expensive. The high rate of return on this stock also is proving attractive now to investors who formerly would invest only in high-grade bonds; thus demonstrating that high rates of tax are inclined to cultivate speculative tendencies, rather than encourage caution and thrift. And even with the inducement of high return, capital has been to considerable extent, diverted from investment in industries to investment in securities which are exempt from tax.

"One of the most urgent reforms in our present system of taxation is the repeal of the excess profits tax. This tax in its present form, though probably justifiable as a means of raising revenue for the prosecution of the war, is both unscientific in principle and economically unsound. Although this tax is in the form of a direct tax on profits, it is, in effect, a most unsatisfactory commodity tax. A manufacturer, or merchant, or other business concern subject to the tax is required to estimate in advance, the amount which he is compelled to add to the selling price of the commodity and to pass the same on to the ultimate consumer, in order to protect himself against the heavy imposition. Because of the uncertainty of the determination of tax owing to the intricacies and com-



## The World Looks Through Our Windows

Through the plate glass windows manufactured in Pittsburgh light is shed into homes, stores and factories across the land.

Through the banking service and business advice of this old yet thoroughly modern bank the light of 88 years of experience is shed on problems of business and finance to the mutual benefit of the bank and its friends.

FARMERS  DEPOSIT  
NATIONAL BANK  
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

### EVENTUALLY

When you do eventually realize the value of an audit—you will wonder what delayed. WHY NOT NOW?

**BERNARD TEPLITZ**  
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

AUDITS

Suite 408-9-10 Blackstone Building

SYSTEMS

Call Grant 791

### M. M. LEVY & CO.

Investment Securities

401-404 Keystone Bldg.  
324 Fourth Ave.

Members:

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange  
Pittsburgh Real Estate Board  
Private Exchange 4080 Court

ESTABLISHED 1864

### Loans and Discounts For Essential Business

are always available at this bank which, for half a century, has cooperated with business men in the expansion of industry and trade.

Consultation invited

### City Deposit Bank

Member Federal Reserve System  
JAMES R. MELLON, President  
H. W. LUDEBUHL, Cashier  
PENN & CENTER AVES., E. E.

plexities of the law, a business concern is apt to overestimate, rather than underestimate, its liability. In doing this, it becomes an unintentional profiteer in protecting itself from an undue usurpation of its earnings. If we abolish the excess profits tax, we undoubtedly will have eliminated a potent factor in the existing high cost of living."

**Views of a St. Louis Financier**

Important views were expressed at the recent convention of Kentucky bankers, in an address by R. S. Hawes, president of the American Bankers Association, and vice president of the First National Bank of St. Louis. He said that industry, credit, prices—everything in fact—seems to be trying to get back to a more normal level, and even labor will eventually

undergo some liquidation. Mr. Hawes declared, while prices are admittedly working toward a readjustment that prewar prices were nowhere in sight. He regarded the credit situation as improving. Hawes advocated the repeal of the excess profits tax and the surtax on incomes; recommended a more lenient attitude toward big business and advocated more attention by business men to the encouragement of agriculture. He added:

"Pressure of world banking is perhaps greater than it ever was before; an emergency exists as regards the social life of half of the people of Europe and in this country we are experiencing the readjustment difficulties of striking a balance sheet after a particularly intense period of lavish expenditure. We found a few months ago that we had bought a great many things, not with savings or cash, but with bank credits, that the bank balance at the old rate of expenditure would not stand the pressure. So we have very wisely been taking an invoice of our resources, and without seriously interfering with general business, have reeled a sail or so. Our entire future is bound up with the problems of general financial and commercial recovery.

"There is a downward tendency in prices brought on largely in my estimation by a more conservative attitude on the part of the buying public; prices are lower than recent standards, but our entire system of living has been speeded up so that ante-bellum levels are far distant, if ever attainable. People are now disposed to economize after one of the most limitless eras of extravagance we have ever experienced, and this resistance to unreasonable prices is having an effect. High prices themselves had their own part in this recession by first automatically checking consumption. Some very untoward things have followed. We see many staple products of our standard commercial lines at a standstill, if not worse, as regards markets and prices. Some of these conditions are reflected attitudes of more careful buying combined with a more or less exaggerated feeling in some quarters that old prices were on the road back. Then, extravagant buying by the customer and frenzied marketing by the retailer and wholesaler to supply the demand developed a wide practice of ordering twice as much as needed from about three times the firms usually purchased from. At the first suspicion of less buying, a flood of cancellations of orders descended upon the industries who had based their production programs on orders in hand. This question of order cancellation is one of the most serious problems confronting industry today, and perhaps accounts for the market condition of even staple lines of production."

**IRON AND GLASS  
DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK**  
OF BIRMINGHAM  
1115 CARSON STREET  
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Edward P. Logan... President  
F. William Rudel... Cashier  
4 PER CENT. INTEREST  
Paid on Savings Accounts  
1 PER CENT. INTEREST  
Paid on Checking Accounts



**The Husbands of These Women  
Draw the Same Pay**

THE one is a spender and the gang gets the pay. The other is a man and the wife gets her share and the balance goes into the savings bank!

SOME men throw their money away through mere weakness, some through carelessness and some with the active assistance of the wife.

YET it is the woman who suffers most. If every wife would insist upon a savings account and do her part in making it grow, she would be the one to profit most.

Try it out. 4% interest helps.  
Begin to-day.



**Farmers Deposit  
Savings Bank**

Fifth Avenue and Wood Street  
Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Our Purpose  
Club**  
Offers an easy, convenient way to save for any object—five different classes—small weekly deposits—you can join any time.  
**THE UNION SAVINGS BANK**  
Where Savings Are Safe  
Frick Building Pittsburgh

**MAIN AND COMPANY**  
Certified Public Accountants  
PITTSBURGH  
NEW YORK, Kansas City, Chicago  
Grant 2350

**SHEPPARD & COMPANY**  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS  
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.  
Pittsburgh, Pa.  
Bell Phone Grant 2312  
New York, 480 Fifth Avenue.



**Multi  
graphy** COURT 48

**PUBLIC LETTER SHOP**  
208 WOOD STREET

**Pittsburgh State Bank**  
[Established 1865]  
Careful, painstaking attention to the requirement of all who do business with the Bank.  
4% on all Savings Accounts  
507 Fifth Ave. 506 Grant St.

**CITIZENS  
SAVINGS BANK**  
4% ON SAVINGS  
The Bank to Bank on and Bank in  
423 WOOD ST.  
OR WOODLAND ST.  
PITTSBURGH, PA.

**Safety First** **Louis Greenberger** **Insurance**  
Surety 206-207 Bakewell Building Of Every Kind  
Thereafter PITTSBURGH, PA. Everywhere  
Bell Phone 3470 Court P. & A. 2426 Main

**Fifth and Wood Convenient for You**  
**Our Officers and Directors**  
LAWRENCE E. SANDS President  
FRANK F. BROOKS Vice-President  
CLYDE C. TAYLOR Cashier  
THOS. B. HUDSON Assistant Cashier  
OSCAR WILSON Assistant Cashier  
WM. J. FRANK Manager Foreign Department  
F. W. DAMHARDT Assistant Manager Foreign Department  
J. PAUL FORD Assistant Manager Foreign Department  
**DIRECTORS**  
John A. Beck Frank F. Brooks Wm. L. Curry  
John A. Donaldson J. Rogers Flannery Wm. H. Hoarce  
J. M. Millman, Jr. D. T. Layman, Jr. A. M. Moreland  
F. W. Morgan Wm. A. Renshaw Lawrence E. Sands  
**First National Bank at Pittsburgh**

### Cancellation of Orders

On the subject of cancellation of orders, the New York Sun has this to say, which will be found of interest to holders of various steel stocks: "When the automobile industry was booming and the manufacturers were hard put to find steel to keep their plants going they inquired of the United States Steel Corporation for steel, at the corporation's figure. Orders were taken and deliveries of that class of its product made as rapidly as possible. But the corporation refused to put one order ahead of another or to accept for its goods a higher price than the announced one. On the other hand, the independent corporations fed fat for a while on the bonus that automobile manufacturers were willing to pay for quickly delivered steel. Now that the market has become dull and automobile builders are in no special hurry to buy their raw materials, it is hardly to be expected that they will favor the corporations having the highest price scale. Consequently the United States Steel Corporation has about all the business that it can do in this department and the cancellations of the independents have been very large."

### The Dividend Situation

While most of the dividends of industrial and railway issues recently declared have been at the old rate, some conspicuous exceptions are noted. The Cudahy Packing Co. has omitted its dividend on the common stock, for the first time since the reorganization of the company. The omission of the dividend was due to a determination on the part of directors to keep cash in the working fund during the present period of tight money.

Directors of the National Suit and Cloak Co. omitted their dividend, giving as the reason, "a desire to con-

serve the cash of the company and to build up its working capital."

President S. T. Bedine, of the United Gas Improvement Co., Philadelphia, notifies stockholders that it will be impossible to continue the 8 per cent dividend rate on the com-

mon stock, although the dividend payable October 15th, will be at the old rate. The company is losing money in operating the Philadelphia Gas Works, and is seeking amelioration of present conditions. The stock declined, acting as though a 4 or 5 per cent basis were in prospect.

## SEASONAL SUPERSTITIONS

BY HARRY JACOBS

(Copyright, 1920, by the American Jewish World)

Every season has its moods. Winter brings alertness, activity. Spring ushers in a spirit of exhilaration and joy. Autumn teems with day-dreams and reveries. Then fantasies as delicate as gossamer and as illusive as moon-beams, stream through the mind. Fantastic castles float in gold-tinged blue ha'os, nod and beckon—and are no more. A yellow leaf crunching under foot, a hoary old man bent under a bundle of brushwood, a moaning rustle in a tree-top—and a bewildering sadness steals through the heart.

And it is then that imagination takes the throne of Reason. The Mind is lulled to sleep. And if not held in check by a powerful intelligence, one often becomes the dupe of the most senseless superstitions.

That is partly why superstition has laid such a powerful hold on the races of man. Centuries and centuries have not been able to shake it. Often it has woven such a beautiful web that nothing but sheer heartlessness would dethrone it. And the Jewish people, gifted with a powerful imagination, are among the richest possessors of it. And this is why this season is ushered in among us Jews by blowing of horns, by visiting of graves, by invoking the dead, and by doing a thousand and one

other things which have a foundation neither in religion nor in sense.

The ancient Hebrews had no beliefs in the powers of the dead. The dead to them were dead for good and ever. They took death as a fact; inhuman, heartless, monstrous—but without remedy. In spite of all their love for God they bore Him a sort of grudge for it: If He had really loved man, He should have at least shared with him His immortality.

And as intelligence developed and daily existence became more and more unbearable, something had to be found that would recompense for what life denied. Hence a world beyond this world—a life beyond death.

A glimpse of this world may be caught by visiting a Jewish cemetery in Eastern Europe during the autumn Holy Days. Men, women, children dressed in somber garments, keep streaming into the burial grounds morning after morning, to commune with the dead. As no one is to visit a grave without being accompanied by a pious person, professional companions, usually women, known as soggerkes, accompany the visitors. Upon approaching the grave the soggerke opens with the salutation "Rab Moishe, excuse me for crawling on you!" (Hot kein voruebel nit, Ich kriech af eich.)

And without further ado, flings herself on the grave, puts her ear to the ground, and imparts a request, usually an intercession on High by the deceased for those still living:—a dowry and a chossan for an aging maiden, a babe for a sterile wife, and exemption from military service for a young man, recovery for a bed-ridden rheumatic. Then all the pent-up emotions of the year are poured out in copious streams of tears and groans.

Indeed, the dead are not concerned with other-worldly matters only. He who is brave enough to visit a Jewish cemetery on Yom Kippur night may learn a good many things earthy. The dead are supposed to be carking storytellers and inveterate gossips. They get together before midnight and swap yarns, exchange confidences of the celestial court, tell each other who of the children of the earth will live and who will die, who will be well and who will be ill, who will be prosperous and who will be poor. They also take an active interest in current events. The adventurer eavesdropping on their tete-a-tete may learn whether the prospective mother in his neighborhood will give birth to a boy or to a girl, whether his mother-in-law will die, whether the ensuing year will be dry or wet, what sort of edicts the new district Chinovnik would issue—about markets, weather reports, marriages, births, funerals—everything.

And a man equipped with such a stock of information is usually worth a fortune not only to the Jewish neighborhood where he happens to live, but also to the inhabitants for miles and miles around. The peasants may learn from him when to take in their hay, when to harvest their fields, when to plant their seeds. The only fly in his ointment, so to speak, is the fact that he usually dare not visit the same village more than once in a life-time.

One of the greatest calamities that can possibly befall a community during the Holy Days is that the Shofer or ram's horn should become clogged. When that happens those wofshippers whose piety is more potent than their sense, begin to tremble from head to foot. As the Ba'al Tekio keeps repeating his attempts a sharp weeping and ululation burst from the women's side of the synagogue, as of a million souls in everlasting pain. For to them that is a sign that the Wicked One had crept into the Shofer and had stopped the blowing which was to open the gates of Heaven and admit their prayers and supplications before the throne of the Almighty.

If you happen to be concerned whether you will live or die the next year, you may easily find it out. You need but place your head between a wall and a candle, and if there is no shadow of your head on the wall—you might as well then and there begin saying your last prayers. Another test, given by R. Ammi, is: "Let him during the ten Penitential Days turn a candle in his house where no wind can blow it out. If it does not become extinguished, he will live, otherwise not."

And not only are there special superstitions for this season but the general superstitions which occupy one the year round, are much more intense during the autumn Holy Days. One of the most reliable beliefs current in Eastern Europe is the one that when a person meets a man, woman, child, or animal in an unaccustomed place, he may rest assured that he has before him the spirit of a hidden treasure strayed from its place. All a man has to do is take off his boot and sling it on its head. It will collapse immediately and appear in its true form—a heap of gold or something else equally valuable. Then he may safely gather in the treasure and go home a rich man.

One night immediately following the Day of Atonement a brother of mine and I were walking to a village a few miles away. I must have been six or

## Art and Commerce

Art and Commerce are by no means irreconcilable. On the contrary they are closely interwoven and interdependent.

Without the stimulating influence of Commerce, Art would decline.

The Grogan Company encourages excellence of production by fostering appreciation and providing a market.

We feel, too, that the ownership of beautiful things ought to be advocated because of their wholesome and ennobling influence in the home.

**Grogan Company**

JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS  
WOOD ST. AT 6TH AVE. PITTSBURGH

## THE JEWISH CRITERION

seven and he four years my senior. Not far from the village was a swamp which we had to cross. It was around ten or eleven at night—an hour or two before the crowing of the cock when spirits are at large.

As we approached the swamp we noticed three women coming from the opposite direction. Thoroughly versed in current beliefs and bent upon gathering in easy treasures, my brother quickly pulled off his boot and slung it at the women. This act should have assured them that at least we were not spirits at large, but they must have known the same story, and they

too snatched their shoes off their feet and began slinging them at us. Both camps at the same time raised a howl and ran in opposite directions.

The year round every unmarried daughter in Israel may use a thousand charms and love fiats and supplications to pray herself into a husband. But during the Holy Days all efforts are doubled, tripled, sometimes quadrupled. There are special fasts, signs, omens. Especially is this true of childbirth.

Childbirth is surrounded by a halo of mystery and steeped in superstitions of a thousand tinges, among all

peoples. With the Dark Ages amulets, talismans, and charms became as universal in Europe as among barbarians in the wilds of Africa. The Jews had especially fallen under their spells as a result of the study of the Cabala. Not only charms and amulets became universal but mere, innocent numbers became objects of extraordinary mystery. First the number three became sacred because the universe was made up of three things— heaven, earth, and water. Then four became sacred because there were four cardinal points in the world. Then five became sacred because there were

five books in the Pentateuch. Then all the multiples of three, such as nine, twenty-seven, et cetera, became sacred. Then seven became sacred, since it was made up of three and four, and so on, till you could not touch a number to figure out how many bushels of potatoes you had in your cellar without treading on sacred ground.

But with the rise of intelligence in Europe much of the superstitions about amulets and talismans and numbers disappeared. However the charms surrounding childbirth are still in almost universal use among Jews in Europe. In Rumania the moment the

*Price Is Always Right*

# WILL PRICE

*Men's Furnishings, Clothing, Headwear*



## CLOTHING

*For Men and Young Men  
for Fall and Winter*

## SUITS

Fashioned with skill. The individual requirements of each purchaser are provided for in our comprehensive assortment of models and extensive variety of fabrics.

## OVERCOATS

The sterling worth and character of these coats will insure permanent satisfaction. They include:

*Imported Raincoats from J. R. Hunt*

*Imported Overcoats from Burberry*

*Imported Ulsters from Maxim & Son*

# WILL PRICE

209-211 SIXTH STREET  
PHONE—SMITHFIELD 194

# SHELBY SEAMLESS STEEL TUBING

Nickel

Monel Metal

Brass

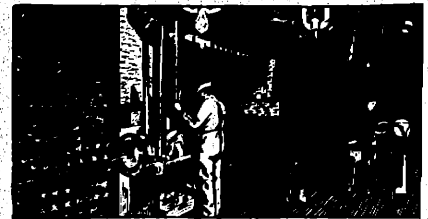
Comprehensive Stock—a competent engineering organization to assist you—prompt shipments from Pittsburgh Stock

## WILLIAMS & CO., Inc.

Bell Phone: Ceder 2980

901-937 Pennsylvania Avenue

PITTSBURGH, PA.



prospective mother suspects the approach of her labors she surrounds herself with chalk marks on the floor and has someone write with charcoal huge circles on the walls. To make sure against harm a few daggers and butcher knives are put under her pillow. In some parts extraordinary formulas and "vorradungen" are enacted. Charms in the form of leaflets with passages from the Psalms with a choice assortment of names from the Bible as well as a number of hocus pocus titles from Medieval demonology, such as Sansannui, and Sannagaluf, arranged symbolically, are hung out on doors and windows of the lying-in-room.

Of course, in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the accessories and the victims are absolutely uninformed as to the reason for the mystic performance. In matters of this nature people ask no question. They do as their mothers did, who did as their mothers did, up to and including Adam and Eve and our simian ancestors nesting in the trees. This unusual survival is explained in the following manner.

With their religious partiality for monogamy, the ancient Hebrew scribes had apparently succeeded in hiding the fact that Adam had had a wife before Eve, named Lilith. Only the wise men of the Talmud and the Cabala had succeeded in unearthing this kink in Adam's family life. (Apparently no man of note can possibly hide his private affairs.) Anyway, Adam had had a wife before Eve, and her name was Lilith. She was unusually beautiful in the bargain. And there is where the trouble started. Her beauty was the cause of their passionate love for each other, and as a result they quarreled incessantly. For it is your passionate lovers who are constantly quarreling and pulling each other's hair. Couples who do not care for each other live perfectly at peace. Besides that lazing around in paradise with nothing to do all day was apparently not very conducive toward peaceful family life. This episode incidentally explains the creation of the vast swarms of devils existing in the world. The upshot of it all was that they must have had a hair-pulling catch or something else of the sort (sorsorial art had not been born yet and men wore their hair long, just as women did), which resulted in Eve's taking the place of Lilith.

It was then and there that Lilith swore to get even. She and her brood of devils immediately took the war path against the daughters of Eve and began to destroy her offspring—and have been at it ever since. This is Lilith's method of procedure:

The Prophet Elijah once met her and her brood on their mission of destruction. He asked her what she was about. She replied that she was going to a woman in labors and murmured: "I will rob her of her new-born child.

I will drink its blood and suck its marrow and devour its flesh."

The Prophet replied: "May you become stiff and stark as a stone!"

But since she had not obeyed the Prophet, charms were invented to keep her out from the lying-in chamber. In addition to charms, innocent little children are brought into the room every evening to chant Psalms. For just as a certain well-known party among Christians is supposed to dread holy water, so do Lilith and her brood dread Psalms.

Psalms always had—but I must tell something else first. Amulets and charms as a whole were once extraordinarily popular with both Jews and non-Jews. There was a brisk trade going on in these articles among all nationalities, and men and women (including myself when a child) made a fairly decent income at it. Now alas! a man must work for a living or transfer his activities to the board of trade. There were amulets for all sicknesses, all ailments, many, many sorts of bad luck (all properly codified and indexed); and many fine minds and much hard cash devoted to them. Joel ben Isaac Heilprin or Ba'al-Shem-Tob was "a believer and practitioner in demonology." Naphtali ben Isaac Hakohen, because of his belief in the powers of a certain amulet, led to the destruction of almost the entire Jewish quarter of Frankfort."

Now to the Psalms. In the Psalms you will find a charm for every ache—if you only know how to use it, and how to diagnose your special case. It is the strongest single competitor of all the charms and talismans in the world. There are passages in it that will cure toothache, a sour stomach, childlessness, kidney troubles, snake-bites, lumbago, catarrh, earache, sprained ankles, and whatnot. It will insure against storms at sea, against the temptations of seductive females, against the running away of slaves, and will cure a couple dozen of assorted fevers. It will secure against stupidity, old maidenhood, against fire, famine, and the sword. There is a passage to insure against vicious dogs; though very likely a stout stick would answer the purpose just as well. There is a paragraph to cure tiredness of one's wife, and here too it may be suggested that to get another would do equally well.

But Jews have no monopoly on the charms found in the Psalms or the Bible in general. Once I found myself in a hotel in the South alone with a Bible containing a long and elaborated list of passages to be read for particular purposes. If I made a sale at a good profit I was to read one passage. If another salesman had been ahead of me in town and carried off all the trade I was to read another. If in my absence my wife had run off with the boarder I was to read still another, etc., etc. So much for Christians. In China there are shops connected with

the priests' dwellings where you may come up to the counter, tell your troubles, produce your coppers, and get an amulet guaranteed to do a certain thing in a certain time, or you get your money back—NIT. In northern Africa during pestilential visitations huge processions are formed by the Jews and the Mohammedans, who march through the streets wildly gesticulating their arms and shouting: "Allah! Bismillah! Jehovah! La-lala!" In the United States every farmer knows that horse chestnuts carried in the pocket is a sure cure for

rheumatics. In southern Italy and throughout Latin Europe and Latin America, fortunes are spent on charms and amulets. Maria Santissima della Catena (the most sacred Mary of the Chains) in Italy will keep a man out of every trouble imaginable. A southern Italian of extraordinary viciousness—he had had half a dozen wives, broods of children all over creation, had killed a number of men—was asked how he had managed to escape hanging. He yanked out this amulet from his bosom and flourished it in the air:

1881

1920

LECHNER AND SCHOENBERGER CO.

Pittsburgh's Old Reliable Music House

## KRANICH & BACH

Ultra-Quality PIANOS and PLAYER PIANOS

# REPUTATION

REPUTATION is a matter of years of repetition of achievement. The firm of Kranich & Bach has an enviable reputation because the world has known Kranich & Bach to stand for the best in pianos for more than half a century.



Stateness of line, gracefulness of body, dignity of bearing, all are part and parcel of the grand piano—its presence in a home marks the ultimate of culture, of artistic ideals.

Sold by Us Exclusively  
Terms to Suit. Old Instruments Taken in Exchange

All Records and  
Music Halls

Victor, Edison and Columbia  
Phonographs

631 — LIBERTY AVENUE — 631  
Between 6th and 7th Street

**HELD OVER ANOTHER WEEK!**  
 BY POPULAR DEMAND ON THE PART OF THE PUBLIC

# HUMORESQUE

A PHOTOPLAY *Featuring*  
**Alma Rubens**

**T**HE sordid clatter of the New York Ghetto. A little lad there, hugging an old violin. A mother, her soul aflame, watching, giving, dreaming, as the hard years pass. A radiant girl, waiting.

At last, fame! Wealth! The applause of countless, crowding thousands for "the master of them all." One night, a gala free concert to his own of the great East Side.

"Humoresque!" they cried. And he played it in farewell—played it with breaking heart,—then smiling, flung his career and his wondrous art away

Some called him "Fool!" Not all. You'll know why when you see the end.

**BLACKSTONE**  
 THEATRE — *Fifth Avenue*

All Next Week,  
 Starting Monday,  
 September 27th.

**T**HE song in a mother's heart made visible, the dream of a mother's life come true. A melody of love and tears and laughter, played silently on the screen.

*Rocoretos Famous Orchestra*  
 Accompanied by  
 F. Rosenblum, Organist on  
 the wonderful Hilgen-  
 Lane Organ  
 Mrs. Agnes Vogel Roberts,  
 Solist

*A Paramount Aircraft Picture*



**HELPFUL HINTS TO OUR READERS**

These Firms Deserve Your Patronage

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**  
**CROWTHER & COMPANY**

First National Bank Building, Court 2600

**P. Ludebuehl & Son** —SHOES—  
—SHOES—

Penn and Frankstown Avenues, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**Liberty Engraving Co.**  
Engraving and Illustrations, Open Day and Night  
Post Bldg., Phone Grant, 1884.

**Scobie & Parker Co.**  
Agricultural Implements and Poultry Supplies  
587 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**SLENTZ** Manufacturing Company, Machine and Locksmiths, Bell Phone Court 2679,  
208 Third Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**S. EDWIN STEDEFORD** 251-226  
Photographer, Fifth Ave

**BLANK'S TRANSFER & STORAGE CO.**  
Fireproof Warehouse, separate rooms for storing furniture, Office and warehouse, 6344 Penn Ave. Bell Phone, 466, 467 Hilland; P. & A. 169 East.

**H. A. BECKER** Music House—General  
Music House—Most complete stock of small Musical Instruments & Supplies in U. S.; Gramophones & Records; Fine Repairs; No. 801 E. Ohio St., Cor. of Mid-  
dle, Pittsburgh, Pa. Both Phones.

**ANCHOR SAVINGS BANK**  
Semi-Hold & Diamond Streets  
Savings and Checking Accounts

**OAKLAND SAVINGS & TRUST CO.**  
General Banking Safe Deposit Boxes

**BERTHA COAL CO.**  
Chamber of Commerce Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**John F. Provan Co.** Fine Sanitary Plumbing  
Formerly the Ray Plumbing Company. Visit our storerooms for selections of modern plumbing fixtures. Moller Building, Penn and Nagley Aves., 5606 Penn Ave. Phone, Hilland 1918.

**McMurray's Drug Store**  
J. I. Mendelson, Prop.  
The Store where Care and Quality in filling Prescriptions is Guaranteed  
Cor. Penn and Frankstown Aves.

**FINE FOOTWEAR**  
**LOU BEIGEL**  
EAST LIBERTY

**DICK SHAW**  
For [ UNION ] SUITS  
520 WOOD STREET

**Reymers**  
—CIGARS—  
We receive, monthly, direct importations of the HIGHEST GRADES OF HAVANA CIGARS. Our stock being large and of the finest selection, we are in position to supply ALL your Cigar Wants.  
OLIVER AVE. & WOOD STREET  
BRICK BUILDING  
CARNEGIE BUILDING  
COMMONWEALTH BUILDING  
FRICK ANNEX  
FARMERS BANK  
5200 HATTONWAY BAW.P

"Me canna de drowne, na go to de jaila, na go to da hella!"

At this season another superstition widely practiced among Jews in Eastern Europe deserves mention. A piece of Afikomen is considered a panacea against many things, among which are theft and so diering. Young men carry around a piece of Afikomen in the little pocket of their Arba Kanfoth. And because the Arba Kanfoth happens to be a ritual garment their wearers insist that they must wear it even while being examined by the physician, when they are supposed to undress completely. The real drollness of the situation comes in when the non-Jewish recruits adapt the method. They too put in a piece of Afikomen in their garments and insist upon wearing it at examination.

Now I am ready to close—but not before I have imparted a secret of extraordinary value to those whose cellars are beginning to show the drought of a year and half. It is this: To conserve for a long time your wines, whiskey, brandy, or liquor in general, take a rope with which a man has hanged himself or with which he has been hanged, peel off a piece, make a bight, put the thing inside the bottle, but leave the hole of the bight outside, shake well, blow on it, and put it away back in your cellar. The stuff is sure to last a long time.

**FOUNDER OF JEWISH LEGION SAYS PALESTINE NEEDS PERMANENT JEWISH FORCE. JEWISH NATIONAL HERO GIVEN WARM WELCOME IN LONDON**

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)  
London—British press representatives and cameramen, together with Zionist heads and a large crowd of admirers, met Vladimir Jabotinsky on his arrival to this city yesterday from Palestine, and gave him a hearty welcome.

Jabotinsky, who founded the Jewish Legion which helped General Allenby in the liberation of Palestine, was recently given a heavy sentence for having organized a Jewish self-defense during the Jerusalem riots. He was released when Sir Herbert Samuel, on arrival in Palestine to take up his duties as High Commissioner, declared a general amnesty. He has now come to this country to get his case revised.

In an exclusive interview given to the Jewish Correspondence Bureau, Jabotinsky declared that it was essential that a permanent Jewish legion recruited from Palestine Jews should be established. Speaking of his case and the Jerusalem riots, Jabotinsky said that despite the unfairness of his trial and the heavy sentence, he retained the utmost faith in British justice. He expressed his gratitude to American Jews and the press for the concern shown for himself and imprisoned comrades and the splendid support given them in their fight against the late Palestine administration.

Of the general Zionist situation and the appointment of Sir Herbert

Samuel, Jabotinsky, who is one of the best informed men on Near East problems, spoke very hopefully. The San Remo decision and the appointment of Sir Herbert Samuel, he said, have deeply impressed the Arabs and has brought about a normal situation. He is convinced that Samuel's administration will be successful and says that the new British High Commissioner is already popular with the Arabs because of his firm and just attitude. He is also creating an excellent administration. The internal possibilities of Palestine, Jabotinsky states, are enormous, but everything depends on the energy shown by the Zionist Organization and the quality of its leaders. Urgent measures are necessary to create great enterprises in Palestine so as to enable a large immigration. Otherwise, Jabotinsky emphasizes, the Zionist goal will be deferred.

Jabotinsky is one of the most remarkable characters in the Jewish National movement. He is an accomplished linguist, a brilliant writer and a most convincing speaker. But more than anything else he is a fighter, and during the war, when he was the British government's representative on the Zionist Commission, he fought the present Zionist leaders so energetically that they began to fear him and finally, it is said, took steps to have him removed. Politically Jabotinsky is noted for his far-sightedness, and long before the Balfour Declaration was made, he was trying to enlist the aid of all Jews for the Allied cause. For a number of years prior to the outbreak of the great war, Jabotinsky spent most of his time in Constantinople and came to be recognized as an authority on the Near East.

Jabotinsky arrived in this country with the first passport issued by the new Palestine Administration in English, Hebrew and Arabic. At the head of the passport the Hebrew reads: "Memleched Eretz Yisroel."

**NATHAN STRAUS, JR. TO RUN FOR STATE SENATOR**

(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)  
New York—Nathan Straus, Jr., the only son of the noted Jewish philanthropist, today announced that he had accepted the Democratic nomination for State Senator from his own district, the Fifteenth Senatorial District in this city. Mr. Straus has for many years been engaged in newspaper work and has also aided his father in the latter's campaign for the use of sterilized milk. During the war Mr. Straus rendered service with the United States Navy.

**ANTI-SEMITIC LEAFLETS CIRCULATED IN KOVNO**  
(Jewish Correspondence Bureau)  
Kovno—Anti-Semitic leaflets have recently made their appearance in this city as well as in the provinces. The leaflets bear the imprint of a bank-note, with various anti-Semitic inscriptions.

**GRESTEL'S LELANDE HOTEL**

MASSACHUSETTS AVE. and BEACH ATLANTIC CITY  
FAMED FOR GOOD FOOD AND HOME COOKING  
OPEN ALL YEAR HUNGARIAN AND AMERICAN KITCHEN  
Strictly up-to-date. Installation of STEAM HEAT, spacious SUN PARLOR and extensive improvements, has made the LELANDE an ideal place for patronage. Special low FALL and WINTER rates upon application.

**Shapiro's**  
TELEPHONE ATLANTIC CITY 93  
**HOTEL BRITAIN**  
(Formerly The New Market)  
SOUTH VERMONT & ORIENTAL AVES.  
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.  
Near Boardwalk All Modern Improvements Open All Year Specially Kept Fireproof

Bell 9751 Grant P. & A. 3622 Pitt  
"Our good record is endorsed by others"  
**Keystone Automobile Co.**  
Max Kaufman, Prop.  
2036-38 CENTRE AVENUE  
The Only Place for Service  
**AUTOMOBILE CONSTRUCTION**  
We also carry a large stock of Automobile Accessories, Tires and Inner Tubes. We can SAVE you 35% through our experience and system.

**MAX SHAPIRO**  
304 WALLACE BLDG.  
Phone, Hilland 6837

**CHAS. J. A. GIES**  
Optician and Optometrist  
6870-71-72 JENKINS ARCADE BLDG.  
Bell Phone Grant 6423, Pittsburgh

**Lighting Fixtures**  
of Quality—Largest Selection  
**GAS AND ELECTRIC SUPPLIES**  
**INCANDESCENT SUPPLY COMPANY**  
688 LIBERTY AVE

**MEN'S HATS**  
All styles—Best Handmade values in the world  
**PAULSON BROS. CO.**  
518 Wood Street

**KRANICH & BACH PIANOS**  
SOLD BY  
**LECHNER AND SCHOENBERGER**  
631 Liberty Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**DR. M. RASNICK**  
Dentist and Extracting Specialist  
1625-27 Center Ave., Grant 1021-J

**MacDonald's**  
535 Liberty Ave.  
DAIRY LUNCHEONS FINE CANDIES

**ROYAL PALACE HOTEL and COTTAGES**  
On the Beach  
Atlantic City - New Jersey  
Convenient to all Amusements  
Concerts Afternoons and Evenings  
Capacity 600 Diet Kitchen  
C. L. Hamstein, Pres.  
Lyman J. Watrous, Sec. & Mgr.  
Open All Year

**HOTEL LOCKHART**  
All Modern Conveniences  
Unexcelled Table—Terms Reasonable  
ST. JAMES PLACE AND BEACH  
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.  
Open All Year Wirtshafter & Schenck



# ANNIVERSARY SALE

*Womens' and Misses' High-class*

# NEW FALL SUITS



Made to Retail at  
 \$50, \$60, \$65, \$70  
 and even \$75—All  
 at one price

## \$36<sup>12</sup>

Not one but SEVERAL big manufacturers sacrificed their profits so that we might have these 1500 or more fine Fall Suits at a price to enable us to give our customers a REAL ANNIVERSARY PRESENT—and every woman who buys one of these Suits for \$36.12 will remember this occasion for a whole year to come.

<i>Silvertones</i>	<i>Tricotines</i>
<i>Tinseltones</i>	<i>Ylama</i>
<i>Broadcloth</i>	<i>Tweeds</i>
	<i>Oxfords</i>



Every suit in this sale is a silk-lined model—linings either in plain colors or fancy patterns. The Fur trimmed styles chiefly affect sealine collars and borders. The tailored suits are simple, yet stunning—and reflect the smartest Fashions for Fall wear—Ripsey coats and straightline coat styles both displayed at \$36.12. Nothing like them can be bought anywhere else in town at so low a price.

